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FORTY-FOURTH CATALOGUE OF VEGETABLE & FLOWER SEEDS
FREE FOR ALL.
MARBLEHEAD, MASSACHUSETTS
BOOKS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.

FERTILIZERS: Where the Materials come from, where to get them in the Cheapest Form, how to Compound Formulas, Etc., By James J. H. Gregory, Marblehead, Mass.

For more than twenty-five years we have made use of what are known among farmers as "fertilizers," as distinguished from the manure of the barnyard, using in recent years, mostly in the drill, from thirty to eighty tons annually. Of late we have combed several of these ourselves, purchasing the materials and various articles at what we could find the best articles cheapest. We have repeated the experiments made by the agricultural societies, before whom we have lectured on the subject of fertilizers, to publish our lectures. To oblige our many friends who have made this request, and as a help to many of our customers who are seeking help along this dark and difficult road, we have done so. In our little work there will be found many valuable tables, with many suggestions, and much information on the purchase of materials, the combining of them, and the use of the fertilizers made from them. We believe it will give a good return to any of our customers for their outlay. The treatise makes a book of 110 pages; price, per mail, 60 cents.

Single copies of either of the four following treatises sent by mail for 30 cents, or the price of $1.50. Seed dealers and booksellers supplied at the usual discount.


This work, which we issued in 1865, has been warmly recommended by some of the best authorities in the country, and has gone through fifteen editions. It treats on Onions raised from seed, Potato Onions, Onion Sets, Top Onions, Shallots, and Rarereipes, the Onion Maggot, Rust, the merits of the different varieties of Onions, instructions in seed raising, and how to tell good seeds,—beginning with the selecting of the ground, and carrying the reader along step by step, through the preparing of the soil, manuring, ploughing, planting, hoeing, weeding, gathering the crop, storing and marketing it, with a hundred minute details embracing every department of the subject. Illustrated with thirteen engravings of Onions, Sowing Machines and Weeding Machines.

SQUASHES, AND HOW TO GROW THEM. By J. J. H. Gregory, Marblehead, Mass.

This treatise is of about the same size and style as our treatise on "Onion Raising," and contains several illustrations, including a section of our squash house, with full directions for erecting one. In plan and thoroughness it is similar to our Onion treatise; every minute and thorough. Beginning with the selection of soil, it treats of the best way of preparing it; the best manures and the way to apply them; planting the seed, protecting the vines from bugs and maggot; the cultivation, gathering, and marketing of the crop; giving hundreds of minute details embracing every department of the subject.

We have written this and our other treatise on the theory that what the public want is minuteness and thoroughness of detail. The present edition is up to date.

CABBAGES, AND CAULIFLOWERS—HOW TO RAISE THEM. By J. J. H. Gregory, Marblehead, Mass.

This treatise gives all the minute instructions so valuable to the beginner. It begins with the selecting of the ground, and carries the reader along step by step, through the preparing of the soil, manuring, ploughing, planting, hoeing, weeding, gathering the crop, storing and marketing it, with a hundred minute details embracing every department of the subject. To prepare ourselves the more thoroughly to write on this work, we experimented on our own farm with various native varieties of cabbage for four years, raising not far from seventy kinds. The gist of our experience will be found in this treatise. It is illustrated by several fine engravings. We have added a paragraph on the green worm that is causing so much trouble in some localities. The present edition has additions and improvements.


The increased attention given to the raising of roots for stock, particularly the Carrot and Mangold-wurtzel, has led us to write this treatise. We have endeavored to follow the manner presented in our other works, and give that minuteness of detail in every step of progress, from the seed to the matured crop, that is generally desired by the public. While this work is more particularly intended for persons of limited experience, yet it gathers up so much of experience and observation, covering so much ground in the growing and handling of these two standard crops, that we should be disappointed if not every grower did not find within its compass some facts of more value to him than the cost of the book.

We offer the following list of works, all by authors of high standing, to farmers, and British Provinces, on receipt of price.

Alfalfa, by F. D. Coburn. Its growth, uses and feeding value...$0.50
Asparagus Culture. Its culture for home use and for market...$0.50
American Sugar Industry. (New) A practical manual on the production of sugar from beets and cane...$0.50
Broom Corn and Brooms. (Cloth.)...$0.50
Craberry Culture. By Prof. J. White...$0.30
Dyer's Vegetables Under Glass. A practical treatise upon a timely subject...$0.25
American Fruit Culturist. Thomas. (New) This contains cultural directions for all fruit adapted to the United States. With forty-eight hundred engravings...$2.50
Fences, Gates and Bridges. (New) How to build them. Over 100 engraving...$1.00
Fruit, harvesting, storing and marketing...$1.00
Forage Crops other than Grasses. (New) How to cultivate, manage and use them...$1.00
Fuller's Grape Culturist...$1.00
Fuller's Nut Culturist. (New) A first-class work...$1.00
Fuller's Small Fruit Culturist. A complete treatise...$1.00
Fuller's Strawberry Culturist...$1.00
Hemp, (New) With a history of the hemp plant...$1.00
Harris on the Pig. By Joseph Harris...$1.00
Harris' Talks on Mushrooms...$1.00
Henderson's Gardening for pleasure...$1.00
Henderson's Gardening for Profit...$1.00
Home Pork Making by A. W. Fulton. As its title indicates, a practical work...$1.00
Land Draining...$1.00
Mushrooms...$1.00
Oolcker's Truck Farming for the South. (New)...$1.00
Our Farm of Four Acres. (Paper) $0.25
Peach Culture. Fulton...$1.00
Pictorial Greenhouse Management. (New) A practical manual giving directions for the general management of glass- structures...$0.75
Plant Breeding (new) by Prof. L. H. Bailey. This will enable gardeners and horticulturalists to experiment intelligently for superior...$0.50
Plums and Plum Culture. (New) A complete manual for fruit growers...$1.25
Pomegranate Culture. By W. W. Johnson...$1.00
Potato Culture...$0.50
Quincy's Pear Culture for Profit...$1.00
Quarby's New Bee Keeping...$2.00
Raven's Cabbage and Cauliflower Culture. (New) A complete treatise...$1.00
Salad Culture...$1.00
Salsify Culture...$1.00
Sorbines, Ensilage and Silage. A practical treatise. By Manley Miles...$1.00
Spanish Cabbage...$1.00
Sweet Potato Culture...$1.00
The Art of Fenishing Fruits and Vegetables. A Complete Guide...$1.00
The New Egg Farm (New Edition)...$1.00
The New Orange Culture. Grimes...$1.00
The Spraying of Plants (new) by Prof. Lobb...$0.50
Toasting...$1.00
Tobacco Culture...$1.00
The Forcing Book (new) by Prof. L. H. Bailey. A manual of the cultivation of Vegetables in glass houses...$1.00
Webb's Cape Cod Cranberries. By a Cape Codian...$0.25
THE SENIOR PARTNER HAS A WORD TO SAY.

Free Seeds.—With average orders for years we have practised dropping in an extra package of some nice variety, very likely a novelty, which we would be pleased to have our customers test and report on. We offer the following:

Testing Seed.—Before sending out, nearly two thousand tests of the vitality of both vegetable and flower seeds are made every season, and thousands of dollars are spent, all of which is more or less good, but not up to the standard for honest seed.

Orders promptly filled as soon as received, or will be promptly acknowledged by postal card, should there, for any reason, be a delay of a day or so in their filling.

All roots, bulbs, etc., intended for seed purposes, are selected with the utmost care.

The Three Warrants.—All seeds sent out from our establishment are always sold under our three warrants viz., 1st That our seed shall be as it purports to be: so far as we hold ourselves ready to refill the order in full if it be shown that the seed is not of the kind ordered, or to substitute seed of the same or superior kind, and as effective in any respect. 2nd That there is what is given by selling poor seed after having made this warrant. 3rd That all money sent for seeds over one dollar shall reach us if sent by Post-Office Order on Marblehead, Express Money Order, Registered Letter, Draft, or Cashier's Check. Sums of one dollar and under may be sent at our risk. That the seed ordered shall reach every one. That no delay in transit or sending in the packages, reaching you, always repeat your first order.

We Thank Our Friends for very acceptable presents we are constantly receiving from you of vegetable seed that are new or choice in their localities.

AS TO DISCOUNTS.

Some of our customers may be surprised to find the cash discounts on large purchases omitted in the present catalogue. After thinking the matter over a long while, it has appeared to be wise to follow the course now generally pursued by nearly all the leading seedsmen of the United States, and drop these special discounts. Among other reasons, from the fact that they are confusing to more or less of our customers, while they add extra work to our over-burdened clerks amid the hurry and drive that always accompany the seed season. As a substitute, we have dropped, more or less, the prices of many of the varieties catalogued (corn, beans, cucumbers and melons, this season, excepted) for the general benefit of all; and our prices can now be more fairly compared with those of the reliable class of our fellow seedsmen.

We are still ready to sell to large market gardeners at market gardener's rates.

We invite comparison between our prices and those of any first-class seedman, with the exception of some varieties of onion seed which are New England grown, of which for years we have made a specialty.

In packages and caskets, vegetable seeds, customers selling 50 cents may direct seeds, the value of $1.25

| 4.00 | 4.50 |
| 3.00 | 3.75 |
| 2.00 | 2.50 |

The extra seeds to be taken in Vegetable Seeds in packages and caskets. These discounts do not apply to Collections of Vegetable Seeds (see page 51) or to quantities above one ounce. For similar discounts on Flower seeds see foot of page 63.

For special rates on Onion Seeds in quantity see page... 23

Collections of Vegetable Seeds see page... 51

Flower Seeds see page... 63.

We challenge competition (with first-class seedsmen) in placing large orders.

Terms to dealers, clubs, grocers and large market gardeners given on application.

JAMES J. H. GREGORY & SON, MARBLEHEAD, MASS.

(connected by telephone.)
JAMES J. H. GREGORY & SON'S NOVELTIES IN VEGETABLE SEEDS FOR 1904.

For nearly forty years our experimental grounds have been one of the most interesting portions of our farm. Here everything obtained in this country or imported by us is first tested to determine whether it is desirable as well as new; we follow their development, note book in hand, several times during the growing season. If the variety tested is better in any respect to that which we already have, or is a decided and interesting novelty, it is in due time catalogued. We find but a fraction of what is grown in our experimental grounds worthy of cataloguing, and what we do present to our customers can be relied on to be worthy of cultivation as far as personal experience under the conditions we can control can determine.

GOLDEN CARMINE PODDED HORTICULTURAL POLE BEAN.

This new bean will win the appreciation of gardeners from its beauty, the bright red crimson color of the ground; then consider its yield and it is a successful, and very productive, and extra-large, and in what pole sable combination for market have tried it are exceedingly pleased with both its quality and brilliant appearance. Per quart, postpaid, 90 cents; per package, 15 cents.

WATERMELON, FERRY'S ICEBERG.

"In general shape, size and appearance, this is similar to the well-known Kolb's Gem, but distinctly darker, and the skin where the melon rests on the ground is rich yellow instead of white as in that variety. It has a very firm, hard rind and is quite as good a shipper as the Kolb's Gem, but the flesh is much deeper colored, extends nearer to the rind, is much more tender and sweet. We think this variety is much the best dark colored shipping melon yet produced, and that as soon as known it will take the place of those now used for this purpose." We quote Mr. Perry's description of his new melon, which appears to be a decided improvement over some of our present standard sorts. Per pound, postpaid, $1.00; per 1-4 pound, 30 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 10 cents.

New Hardy Winter Onion.---The Vangirard.

If this new white onion does as well generally as it has done on our own ground, as far north as central Massachusetts, it will sound the death knell of onion sets, for who will be likely to be at the great expense of buying and the costly labor of planting out onion sets that they can obtain better results by planting the seed of a variety in midsummer or early fall which is so hardy that it will live over winter in the open ground without any protection, and will start as early as frost leaves and produce early bunch onions a fortnight earlier than they can be raised from sets? Think of the great difference in cost between buying 10 bushels of sets at the cost of 50 dollars and the expense of handling one by one and setting out, which involves several days of quick, back-breaking work, while on the other hand there is only the cost of four pounds of onion seed! The expense for manure and the preparing of the ground the same in either case. The Vangirard makes very few seeds shoots. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.58; per 1-4 pound, 75 cents; per ounce, 25 cents; per package, 10 cents.

DIRECTIONS FOR CULTIVATION.

If to remain as sowed plant as early as September 7; if it is intended to transplant then as early as July 7, and transplant about six weeks later. If to remain as planted thin to two inches apart. Be sure in either case to manure as liberally as for transplanted sets. Price, per pound, post-paid, $2.58; per 1-4 pound, 75 cents; per ounce, 25 cents; per package, 10 cents.

THE BEST OF ALL HEDGE PLANTS.

The Arbor Vitae is the hardest and best of all shrubs for hedges. We have made arrangements with a nurseryman who makes a specialty of these to supply our customers with plants sent directly from the nursery, express or mail, prepaid, at the following exceedingly low figures:

- 25 Trees, 8 to 12 inches ........................................... $ .75
- 50 " " " " ..................................................... 1.00
- 100 Trees, 8 to 12 inches ....................................... $1.50
- 150 " " " " ..................................................... 2.00
LIVINGSTONE'S DWARF STONE TOMATO.

Another splendid new variety from Livingston. This is what he says of it: "The same sort of tomato as Dwarf Champion, but the vine is of stronger growth, and the fruit is double the size. It is equally early, equally prolific, and averaging double the size will bear double the crop. The shape of the fruit is perfect. It is very solid, ripens very evenly and is of excellent quality. The vines admit of planting half as near again as the common sort." Price, per 1-4 pound, $2.00; per ounce, 60 cents; per package, 15 cents.

EARLY GIANT ARGENTEUIL ASPARAGUS.

This very handsome variety, obtained by selection from seedlings of the Giant Dutch Purple Asparagus, forms the greater part of those fine bundles which are so much admired in the Paris markets in the spring. The shoots are notably thicker than those of the parent plant, the head is slightly pointed, and the scales with which it is covered are very close set, overlapping each other. It has become very popular among market gardeners who have made trial of it on a large scale. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.00; per 1-4 pound, 30 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

BRONZE POP CORN.

Those who make a business of raising pop corn by the acre in New England, have uniformly, as far as our observations have extended and inquiries reached, settled on the bronze variety as by all odds the best for popping purposes and the most profitable to raise. These are reliable and very easy to ripen. We offer pure seed, selected a reliable grower. Price per quart, postpaid, 55 cents; per package, 10 cents.

JAPANESE FERN BALL. (New.)

For the Window, Drawing Room, or Suspended from Chandelier, over Dining Table, or for Fern Dishes.

The Fordhook Famous Cucumber.

Though we have not as yet had a test of this new plant for public favor on our experimental grounds, the recommendations of those who have made trial of it are so emphatic we must make a place for it among our worthy specialties. The introducer speaks of it in this wise: "Vines produce an enormous crop, being of unusually vigorous growth. Perfectly smooth and very dark green, the handsome fruits measure twice to eighteen inches long; they are always straight—never turned yellow, and are extra solid. The beautiful white flesh is firm, crisp and of most delicious flavor. The flesh seems to be all there is of the cucumber, as the seed space is extremely small. Is sure to supersede soon all other types of the popular Long Green Cucumber. Try it! Gardeners everywhere will want this most handsome of all table cucumbers, both because they will bring an extra price on market, and are of the white spine type (long remaining deep green), and because the vigorous vines are so very productive."

Mr. T. H. Smallwood, of Emden, Ill., raised 1261 from seven hills. Miss Lizzie C. Packer, of Brooklyn, Pa., raised sixty-seven bushels from ten hills, ranging from nine to twenty-one inches in length. M. S. Marsden states: "The thirty years I have been in the business this is by far the most productive and finest cucumber I have ever grown. I easily got double the usual price for them." Mr. Ritter, of Medina, Ohio, states: "The vines are unusually vigorous, and produce a remarkable crop of most beautiful and best long cucumbers." Joshua F. Crowell, of West Yarmouth, Mass., states: "The fruits are more uniform, smoother, larger, firmer and crisper and command a better price than any other variety." Price, per 1-4 pound, postpaid, $1.50; per ounce, 50 cents; per package, 15 cents.

Watermelon, Monte Cristo or Kleckley's Sweets

We introduce the new melon as a splendid sort for home use or near markets, as the flesh is so tender it won't bear even a light jar without bursting open. The melon ball is long and productive; fruit of medium size, oval; color, dark mottled green in two shades, forming indistinct stripes; flesh very bright, rich red and exceedingly sweet. Per pound, postpaid, $1.00; per 1-4 pound, 30 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 10 cents.

Plant yet Introduced.

two, and place the top and bottom in dishes, flat side down, and keep dampened. They will grow rapidly and will be an ornament to any room.

Directions.—Place ball in water for several hours and then suspend in any desired position; repeat every two days until growth has started, after which water occasionally as required, being careful that it does not become dry. The greater the growth the more water will be required to keep the ferns in a flourishing condition. To use in fern dish cut ball in halves, placing flat side down, thus getting two dishes of beautiful ferns. The Ball should be dried up at any time and be set away and started again by watering as before. The Ball will start from 1 to 4 weeks in starting, according to degree of heat and moisture. Do not expose to direct rays of sun. Ready in December. Price, postpaid, 75 cents; per express, 60 cents.
The Delicious Squash.

If any one asks why we to our new squash (it is the duced) our answer would be tive most frequently used by press opinions of its quality. of the work of years in careful ing. The Faxon was our start- ety we ever knew enters into least desirable of which were the large Brazilian blue varieties engaged in weeding selecting by the test of cock- class bearing a green color, Hubbard. From the result selecting each season for ed specimens and the very result is a squash that by who have tasted it, in quality fine varieties have from time to time introduced (these include the Hubbard, Marblehead, Butman, Chestnut, Warren, Victor and Golden Bronze) not even excepting the Hubbard itself as it was a quarter of a century ago when it first. In form the Delicious ranges between the two examples given above. Its color is almost uniformly of a green shade, with occasionally a blue specimen, it being just about as pure in this respect as was the original Hubbard. If any yellow squash appears it will almost always be found to have come from seed in the manure. In our own crop of the present season of between three and four thousand squashes there were but a dozen yellow ones, and most of them could be traced directly to seed in the manure. In size it also closely follows the original Hubbard, which weighed between five and ten pounds. In thickness of flesh it surpasses every other variety; the color is a dark orange. For table use no squash compares with it in its remarkable combination of fineness and compactness of grain, dryness, sweetness and exceeding richness of flavor. It is a fall and winter squash, being excellent at all seasons, though at this time excellent, does not acquire its best quality until late in fall and early winter. When half grown it will be found to surpass in quality most varieties when fully ripe. "The best specimens will be found equal to other squashes that have had the addition of sugar, eggs and milk and been made up into a squash pie! Not the testimonials given relative to this.

"I ate of the Hubbard away back when it was first introduced, but the Delicious is far finer and more delicious than the Hubbard ever was."—MRS. E. B. K. GRIFFITH, Malden.

"I never before ate so fine a squash."—PROF. S. T. MAYNARD, Agricultural College, Amherst, Mass.

"It is remarkably dry, sweet and delicious."—PROF. JOSEPH B. LINE-SEY, Agricultural College, Amherst.

"I never tasted anything like this in the squash line, and I have eaten some good squashes."—L. B. FARWELL, Clinton, Mass.

"The best squash by all odds that I have eaten for many a day."—MR. ROBERT MANNING, Secretary Massachusetts Horticultural Society.

"It proved to be the sweetest and driest squash we have ever tasted."—MRS. R. N. G. HALL, one of the editors of the New England Farmer.

"Your new winter squash makes the best table dish of any variety of this vegetable that I ever tasted."—HERBERT MYRICK, editor of American Agriculturist.

"Certainly the best squash I ever tasted."—MISS HARRIET G. COURTS, Salem.

We consider the people of Marblehead the best judges for the reason that they are the first to test all the varieties that are out. For these reasons we give their judgment on the Delicious.

"It is delicious; finer grained and richer flavored than the old Hubbard was at its best."—MR. JOHN CHAPMAN.

"It is what I call delicious."—MR. SAMUEL K. PROCTOR.

"If I had not known to the contrary, should think it had been sweetened, and it is as dry as a baked chestnut."—MR. REUBEN NICHOLS.

"Finer grained than the old Hubbard, and remarkably sweet."—MR. WM. H. CASWELL.

"Decidedly the best squash I have eaten this season; the grain so fine and the quality so good."—MR. FRANK E. CONLEY.

"Finer flavored and every way better than the old Hubbard ever was."—MR. B. FRANK MARTIN, Postmaster.

"Richer than the Hubbard when it was in its prime."—MR. STEPHEN C. E. TREFRY.

"The best squash I ever ate; one to be helped twice to."—MISS H. P. PRITCHARD.

"This squash is better than the Hubbard ever was."—MISS ELIZA H. RAMSDELL.

"Delicious! I never tasted so fine a squash."—MISS L. COFFIN.

Better than the Hubbard."—MR. FRANK BROUGHTON, Sec. Y. M. C. A.

"The old Hubbard was a most excellent squash, but this surpasses it."—MRS. TINDELEY.

Price per pound, postpaid, $3.08; per 1/4 pound, $1.00; per ounce, 40 cents; per package, 10 cents.

Squashes grown at every point. About every variety its composition, among the several kinds of yellow and acetic. We have been for these out, at the same time ing the richest among the and we crossed on the ring cross we have been seed stock the thickest meat- best for quality. The final universal agreement of those surpasses every one of the Our advises is to the following:

"I have tasted your new squash and must say that it is superior to the Hubbard in every respect, finer grained, finer flavored, and in my judgment at the best squash. I have ever had the pleasure of tasting."—MR. LINCOLN DARLING, editor Massachusetts Ploughman.

"We think in some respects it surpasses the Hubbard when it is its best estate, especially in fineness of grain and delicacy of flavor."—LUTHER TUCKER & SON, editor of Country Gentleman.

"Says MRS. E. BUSHAW, of Middleton.—It tastes just like a nice squash pie!"—WRITE MR. PORTER, the largest provision dealer in the city of Salem.

"With such a squash as this I don't see the need of squash pies."

"It is a great squash, never ate so good a one; it is almost a squash pie of itself."—A. A. GUSTAFSON, South Newalem."

"It was the most delicious squash I ever ate."—JOSEPH B. TRIPP, South Middleboro.

"Delicious! the best squash I ever ate."—EDWARD CASWELL, Providence, R. I.

"I never in my life ate so good a squash."—MRS. W. C. COFFIN, Lynn.

Says MRS. W. C. COFFIN, "A delicious one, of the highest quality of squash of any community in the United States we have ever introduced, and that for years' before they were sent into the city.

"We never in all our lives tasted a better squash."—CAPT. GEORGE WILSON.

"In sweetness, dryness of flavor, I consider it something really remarkable."—REV. FRANK SANDBORNE.

"The best squash I ever ate as late as April, not excepting the Hubbard, which I raised by the acre when first introduced. If I had not been brought to table in skin I should certainly insist on it that it had been sweetened."—MR. FRANCIS C. CURTIS, one of our most prominent market gar- deners.

"The best squash I ever ate; tastes like a baked chestnut."—MRS. LAURA COFFIN.

"That's what I call a squash!"—MR. EDWARD D. TUTT, Board of Schoolmen.

"I don't like squash, but I can't help liking this."—MISS CAROLY VICKERY.

"Why, it is the best squash I ever ate; better than a baked chestnut."—MISS M. E. NICHOLS.

"Never put my tooth into such a squash before."—MR. NAT. SNOW.

"We have above mentioned that we, as a rule, ext a squash equal to the old Hubbard, but must acknowledge that your new squash to my taste is not only equal to but superior to it."—MR. THOMAS SWASEY.

SNOW-FLAK BEAN.

We are happy to be able to inform the many customers, whose remittances we were obliged to return last season because of the exhaustion of our supply, that we have an extra large stock to offer this season, and trust to be able to fill all orders for this extra early and remarkably prolific white field bean. Please see page 32 for cut and description and page 38 for full prices.
The Commonwealth Strawberry.

Last July, when the strawberry season was about over, Mr. William H. Munroe, of Beverly, Mass., invited us to call and see a new strawberry that he had originated, which he had called the "Commonwealth." Though so late, we found the crop was just in its prime. We found a sight worth going many miles to see. The berries were enormous in size (14 of them filled a quart box) while the crop was a sight to behold. The berries were generally symmetrical in form, of a rich, dark color, and solid to their centre, and their quality was good. The plant, though not so rank as the Marshall, is a strong grower, hardy, showing no sign of rust, while the new plants set at just about the right distance to crop well.  It is a strong, stamineate variety.  Mr. Munroe has been originating new seedlings for many years, but this is the only one he has been fully satisfied with. In competition with the Marshall and other standard kinds it has twice taken the first prize at the exhibitions of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society.  If there are any two men in the United States who ought to know a good strawberry when they see it, they are Mr. Benj. Smith, who originated the well-known Beverly, and Mr. George Pratt, original introducer of the famous Sample.  Mr. Smith writes of the Commonwealth: "For the past two years I have watched Mr. Munroe's new seedling, and for size, productivity, quality and luteness, I consider it a wonder."  Mr. Pratt writes: "The Commonwealth, in my opinion, is the best thing in the strawberry line ever put upon the market. It is as productive and large as the Sample, and certainly a week later in ripening. Flesh very firm."

We might add to these recommendations, but we think these two, from men of such experience and calibre, are enough to satisfy any old strawberry grower of the great merits of the Commonwealth. Price, per dozen, $1.00; per 100, postpaid, $6.00; 100, per express, $5.70.

LESTER LOVETT STRAWBERRY.

Here we appear to have a first-class late berry. Its introducer, Mr. Lovett, states that it is ten days later than Sandy or any other variety in cultivation. The plant is simply mammoth, with stem over a foot long, the leaves measuring nine to twelve inches across. Entirely free from rust, with perfect blossoms. An enormous cropper, the fruit exceedingly firm, rich, sweet, with a delightful aroma. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 40 cents; per 100, postpaid, $1.25; 100, per express, $1.00.

EXCELSIOR STRAWBERRY.

One of the most extensive dealers in the United States says of the new strawberry: "I paid the first year in the neighborhood of $100 per thousand for my plants, and had I known half as much as I do now I would have bought all the plants there were even at a higher price. It is the earliest berry I have ever grown, three or four days earlier than Mitchell's Early. From a field of eleven acres, that had no special care or manuring beyond 1000 pounds Mape vine fertilizer, I picked last season 56,902 quarts. For next season I shall plant eighty acres of this variety alone." I think we must all agree that this strawberry man must really mean what he says when he praises the Excelsior. It has Wilson Allaby in its blood but "is twice as vigorous and healthy, twice as productive and equally as firm," which means it will stand transportation to a distant market. As it makes many vines the plants should be set about half as far again as usual apart. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 40 cents; per 100, $1.25; 100 per express, $1.00.

20th CENTURY DAHLIA.

This is very generally acknowledged to be the greatest advance made of late years in the single Dahlia class. Wherever exhibited, it matters not how many other choice varieties were on the exhibition tables, the 20th Century always had a crowd about it, and became the centre of all eyes. Of the thousands of varieties growing on the extensive Dahlia plantation of Mr. Peck, the 20th Century Dahlia, he states that this Dahlia was selected by every visitor as the most beautiful and striking variety. It has won the silver medal of the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society and first award at the 1914 Dahlias Society. At the great Dahlias Society Horticultural Society the past season, its rich beauty made it the centre of attention. The plant is a strong grower with a branching habit, growing about 5 feet high. It is a very early bloomer, and continues a mass of bloom until killed down by frost. The flowers are very large, 4 to 12 to 1 inches in diameter, sometimes reaching 7 inches, of perfect form and exquisite finish. The color is intense rosy crimson, with white tips and white disc around the yellow centre. A superbly beautiful and striking flower. As the season advances, the dark-colored zone becomes smaller and the color contrast exquisitely lovely, and can be compared with no other flower than the beautiful orchid. The color of 20th Century does not fade or change like other flowers, but it is a case where each succeeding flower opens lighter and lighter as the season advances. The deep colored zone gradually becomes lighter until September, when it is a beautiful pure pink. Toward October this zone becomes delicate pink, and in October the flowers are pure white, delicately suffused blush pink, as shown in the photograph of a field view taken last October. One of the greatest merits of this flower is the fact, as described above, that every week we really have a new flower. The past season the cut flowers of the 20th Century sold in the open market at a higher price than the finest rose. Baskets, vases and other decorations created the greatest sensation as displayed in the leading florists' stores of Philadelphia and New York. Price, postpaid, 40 cents each; per dozen, $3.30.

ITALIAN SWEET PEPPER.

The Italian colonies living in New England have had among them for years a favorite sweet variety of pepper raised from seed brought with them from their native country. We have found one of them last spring a few seeds of the variety and from them raised a small quantity which we can offer by the package only. This pepper is one of the sweet class, of large size, prolific and shaped much like Ruby King but not quite so oblong and larger in diameter. Per package 15 cts.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

Darius Wecles, Cutthunk, Mass., writes: "From two hills of your Warted Hubbard Squash I raised 10 squashes that weighed 25 lbs. My friends found them fine in quality."  O. S. Robson, Halls Corners, N. Y., writes: "Transplanting plants of your All Seasons Cabbage the last week in June, we began cutting heads from then the first week in September. The crop, which were about all good heads, were taken up in time to sow winter rye, which did well."  Mrs. Rahama Metz, Chambersburg, Pa., writes: "We cannot get beets to take the place of your beets. They are always the earliest, largest and tenderest of all!"  N. E. Slayton, Mandan, N. D., writes: "Your White Egg, Turnips and Budding Rutabagas are both simply first class in every respect."  C. S. Lloyd, Stanley, N. V., writes: "The Dwarf Marrow of Parsnips from you planted twenty rods and then came up too thick."  A. A. Donney, Woodburn, Pa., writes: "Your Bond's Early Tomato is first class among the first early ones."  L. L. Goodell, Brattleboro, Vt., writes: "I have taken four prizes at our Fair here on your Hubbard Squash, which were fine."  Mrs. Price, Orleans, Mass., writes: "From 102 square rods I sold $21.54 worth of Beets, Carrots and Parsnips and had 6 bushels of Beets and 6 hundred of Carrots left!"  George B. Howland, East Bridgewater, Mass., writes: "Your Marblehead Early Marrowfat Peas were completely covered with pods. They were a sight to behold."
The Perfection Currant.

(SEE CUT ON LAST PAGE OF COVER.)

Awarded the Barry Medal, the fifty dollar gold medal of the Western New York Horticultural Society, July, 1901, after three years trial. The first fruit to receive this grand prize for ten years. Also received Highest Award given any new fruit at the Pan-American Exposition.

Color, bright red. Size larger than Fay, with larger bunches having long stems making them easy to pick. A great cropper, being superior to Fay or any other large sort. Quality less acid and better than any large currant in cultivation. A good grower, with foliage remarkably large and healthy. At New York Agricultural College it was tested for three years in competition with other currants and on its general merits came out ahead of all introduced varieties.

"In flavor and quality I consider it distinctly better than Fay or Cherry. In fact I do not know of any other large currant in cultivation that is equal in this respect. It ripens about with Fay and Cherry. Taking all things into consideration I do not hesitate to pronounce it as the best variety for any home use or market."—S. A. Beach, N. Y. Ag. College.

"The leaves of the Perfection have a generally larger and finer appearance and strike me as being very attractive."—L. H. Bailey, Prof. at Cornell.

"We think you have selected a good name for the currant, as it is about as near the right as we can see,"—W. & T. Spray, Theta. Co.

"We should regard this as a very great acquisition."—Smith & Powell.

"I have watched your new currant for a long time with interest, and it appears to me to be an introduction of much value."—Messrs. Elwanger & Barry.

"Its large size, its fine clusters, and its general appearance, permits us to truthfully say it is worthy of dissemination."—E. Smith & Son.

"It certainly is of fine quality, and a fine bunch and berry."—Stors & Harrington Co.

Price, postpaid, $1.00 each; six for $5.00.

QUANTITY OF SEED FOR AN ACRE.

Seedsman vary much in their directions for the quantity of seed to be planted to the acre. In the following list we give the quantities of the common sorts where first-class seed is used. Of course the poorer the seed the larger the quantity required:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seed Name</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dwarf Beans</td>
<td>0.5 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas</td>
<td>1-2 bu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrots</td>
<td>3-4 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cabbage</td>
<td>8 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
<td>7 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radish</td>
<td>150 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lettuce</td>
<td>150 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spinach</td>
<td>200 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnip</td>
<td>200 lbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rye</td>
<td>150 lbs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Amidst great diversity of opinion concerning the quantity of the usual mixture for seeding for hay, we would recommend 1-3 bush. (15 lbs.) of Timothy, 9 lbs. of clean Red Top, and 5 lbs. of Red Clover per acre.

COLD FRAME AND HOT-BED.

Early tomato plants in a small way may be raised in flower pots or boxes in a warm kitchen window; so also may peas and peppers. When raising them in the house, the pot or box containing the seed should be placed quite near the stove for a few days, and the soil kept well moistened until the plants begin to break ground, when they may be removed to a warm window. It is best, if practicable, to have hot one plant in each pot, that they may grow short and stocky. If the seed are not planted earlier than the latter of April for out-of-door cultivation, a cold frame will frame answer. Select the locality for the cold frame in the fall, choosing a warm location on a southern slope, protected by a fence or building on the north or northwestern side. Set the frames in the ground two or three feet apart, to a foot from parallel to each other, one about a foot in height and the other towards the south about four inches shorter; this will give the sashes room enough to raise and lower them, and, besides, prevent the sashes from being too near the ground, which in case of the ground being wet, and the sashes not open, will prevent the cold heat from being absorbed by the earth.

The advantage of the cold frame is, that the heat can be regulated, and the plants can be grown according to the directions given in this book.

The cold frame is especially valuable for the growing of vegetables and flowers, and for setting out the young plants of the larger flowers and vegetables.

NEW ECLIPSE WEEDER.

We here offer an invention (on the market for the first time this season) which cannot fail to commend itself to every market gardener. It is so light and simple that a boy can use it; blades which can be set at any distance apart, and the handle-bar adjusted to height of operator. This machine straddles the row, thereby doing away with one-half the weeding, and will pass clearly even plants up to twenty inches in height.

We give below the testimonial of a very successful practical market gardener, who had one of the Weeder on trial last season, now using two others.


GENTLEMEN:—I have used, and have had my help use, your Eclipse Weeder, and will say that it is the best tool I have ever seen or used for the purpose of cultivating close row crops, and will do the work complete from start to finish, which can be said of no other tool, saving myself a great saver of time and money.

Yours respectfully,

(Signed) GEORGE B. COURTIS.
NOVELTIES IN PLANTS FOR 1904.

Groff's New Hybrid Gladioli.

[Cut on 4th cover page.]

SEWinners of sixteen first awards at Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, N. Y., 1901...

Mr. Arthur Cowee, who makes a specialty of Groff's New Hybrid Gladioli, is undoubtedly the world's great Gladioli grower. The present season he had 75 acres devoted to them, from which he gathered 10,000 bushels of bulbs. These wonderful Gladioli were one of the chief attractions of the Pan-American Fair at Buffalo. Those who saw the exhibit, small in number though it was, at the annual exhibition of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society at Boston, need not to have a word said in their praise, for it was a revelation of a beauty never before thought possible. People were thrilled with surprise at the splendor of the sight. We believe the public will be greatly the gainer by our cataloguing some of these magnificent hybrids in our list of the present season.

Groff's Gold and Silver Trophy strain, that won the first award at the great Buffalo Exposition. Single bulbs, 15 cents; per dozen, $1.20; per 100, $8.00.

Groff's Popular strain, which won at the New York Exhibition of American Flow-

Stokesia Cyanea.

A charming and beautiful native hardy plant. The plant grows from 18 to 24 inches high, bearing freely from early in July until late in October its handsome lavender-blue cymaturea-like blossoms, which measure 4 to 5 inches across. It is of the easiest culture, succeeding in any open, sunny position, and not only is it desirable as a single plant in the hardy border, but it can also be used with fine effect in masses or beds of any size.

Price, 15 cents each; $1.50 per dozen.

Giant Pansy Indigo King.

The brightest blue Pansy that has yet been offered. The flowers are of good size and of a vivid true indigo blue color, without any spots or markings, somewhat deeper in the centre, running to a lighter shade in the outer part of the petals.

Price, per package, 15 cents.

Nasturtium Lobbianum Cinabar Red.

A beautiful and distinct color.

Price, per package, 15 cents.

Silene Asterias Grandiflora.

A beautiful and free-flowering, hardy perennial, forming low bushes of light green lanceolate foliage and throwing up in great profusion upright flower stalks 2 to 2 1/2 feet in height, each stalk carrying a large globular head of crimson scarlet flowers. Blooms early in the spring, making it of great value for cut flowers. Price, per package, 15 cents.

Silene Pendula Double "Bijou."

Flowers extra double of a delightful shade of brilliant salmon rose. Like all annual Silenes this new variety can be specially recommended for autumn sowing, as it will then produce a most effective show in the spring garden.

Price, per package, 15 cents.
Asparagus Plumosus Robustus.
A very remarkable variety of the now universally grown ornamental Asparagus. The fronds, which sometimes attain a length of nine or ten feet, are very finely feathered and of the darkest green color. Being of vigorous, robust and uncommonly rapid growth, this new variety yields more sprays for cutting than any other and has the further advantage of being very easily and extensively propagated. Price, per package, 20 cents.

Chrysanthemum "Golden Wheel." (A.)
In this new, pretty annual Chrysanthemum the flowers assume a peculiar form, the quill-shaped ray floret standing out around the disk like the spokes of a wheel. Flowers golden yellow with purple centres.
Price, per package, 15 cents.

Columbine. Long Spurred Double Flowering Hybrids. (P.)
New double flowering hybrids of the beautiful California Columbine with long-spurred flowers. The colors range from white and yellow to light and dark blue. These beautiful perennials, with their fine foliage and abundance of long-stemmed graceful flowers rising above it, should be more generally cultivated.
Price, per package, 20 cents.

Eccremocarpus Scaber Aureus. (A.)
A favorite annual climber which, because of its rapid growth and profusion of bloom, does excellent service in covering walls, trellises, etc. A specimen with its garland-like foliage, often running to a height of sixteen feet and covered with a wealth of yellow blossoms, is indeed a beautiful sight.
Price, per package, 15 cents.

Linaria flavoceana "Pearl." (A.)
A charming vigorous annual, with long-spurred, snapdragon-like flowerets growing in bunches. The plants are completely covered with blossoms almost hiding the foliage, and, as they grow very evenly to about twelve inches in height, are fine for beds and borders. Cut flowers keep fresh in water for weeks.
Price, per package, 15 cents.

New Dwarf Large-flowering Schizanthus. (A.)
New Poor Man's Orchid.
The plants grow about twelve inches in height, forming pyramidal-shaped bushes literally covered with beautiful large flowers. The flowers are exquisitely marked, and range in all shades from white to pink and blue, beautifully spotted with red, yellow, brown or purple, thus producing a most charming effect.
Price, per package, 15 cents.

Flowering Bride Atropurpurea "Othello."
Very fine double purple black flowers, some measuring three inches across.
Price, per package, 15 cents.
VEGETABLE NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES OF PREVIOUS YEARS.

For Prices in full per Bushel and Pound and fractions thereof see pages 38-51 inclusive.

ASPARAGUS.
For Asparagus Roots see Page 51.

PALMETTO ASPARAGUS.
This variety has the reputation of being subject to blight than other varieties.

"Until we found this new Palmetto asparagus," writes a prominent seedsmen, "Conover's Colossal' had always been the leading sort, and justly so, until we state that the Palmetto is not only much earlier, but it is also a better yielder, and it is more even and regular in its growth, than Conovers, it will be seen, we think, that it must eventually supplant the old favorite."

Price, per pound, postpaid, 68 cents; per 1-4 pound, 23 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

MOORE'S CROSS BRED.
For twenty years Mr. Moore took first prize on asparagus at the shows of the Massachusetts Horticultural, which proves either that Mr. Moore used extra manure and extra cultivation or that he had, what he claimed, an extra variety of asparagus. Price, per pound, postpaid, 75 cents; per 1-4 pound, 23 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE.
A variety of asparagus which is sure to be in great demand in many localities, because it furnishes white shoots which stay white as long for use without earthing up or any other artificial blanching. It can be depended on to give eighty to ninety per cent. white plants from seed. The green shoots can be discarded when setting the permanent bed. Fine for the market gardener or for canning. Price, per pound, postpaid, 68 cents; per 1-4 pound, 23 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

DWARF, SNAP OR BUSH BEANS.
(For full prices per bushel and peck see pages 38 and 39.)

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN-POD VALENTINE.
This new variety should not be compared with Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod, from which it is entirely distinct, resembling more closely the Valentine, the pods averaging one-third larger than those of the later variety. As early as six weeks, a little smaller than Stringless Green Pod, which it otherwise resembles, with the advantage of being a better cropper. The plants are of strong growth, very productive, pods five inches long, light green, slightly curved, very meaty, being broadly rounded, saddle-backed and absolutely stringless.

Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; postpaid, 50 cents; per package, 60 cents.

BOUNTFUL GREEN BUSH.
Let us see what our note book says as to how it deported itself among the fifty-two varieties we carefully tested last season. It reads as follows: "Very early, entirely free from strings, a fine cropper, pod flatter than Stringless Green Pod, a desirable variety." Our field notes are always very brief; we could throw in a good many strong adjectives that would but honestly present the good qualities of this fine new variety.

A. G. Tillinghast, La Coder, Wash., writes: "Last year we found the Bountiful Beans to be the earliest, most prolific and the most tender of any kind in our trial grounds."

Price, per quart, per express, 30 cents; postpaid, 45 cents; per package, 10 cents.

ROUND POD KIDNEY WAX BEANS.
(Novelties of 1903.)
This is an improved type of the well-known Wardwell's Kidney Wax. It is as early as that variety, a luxuriant grower with pods long, straight and entirely stringless. A great cropper. One of the strongest points is that the pods remain tender even when nearly mature. Price per quart, per express, 40 cents; postpaid, 55 cents; per package, 10 cents.

WARREN BUSH.
After having carefully tested the Warren side by side with scores of varieties, we unhesitatingly pronounce it to be the best of all bush beans we are acquainted with, for table use. The Warren crops medium well, and has a large, green, pulpy stringless pod. When cooked, it has the rich quality that herefore has been believed to be confined to the best of the pole beans. Price, per quart, per express, 30 cents; postpaid, 45 cents; per package, 10 cents.

STRINGLESS GREEN PODDED.
We now have the pleasure of cataloguing a green podded dwarf bean, which is absolutely stringless even when the pods are old enough to contain large beans. It has also the recommendation of being one of the very earliest of beans. Pods plump and straight. S. D. Reid, Piddleock, Ga. writes:--"The Stringless Green Podded Beans surpass any bean that I ever grew in size and quality." A first-class cropper. Price, per quart, per express, 30 cents; postpaid, 45 cents; per package, 10 cents.

LOW'S CHAMPION BUSH.
This new Green Podded bush bean is well adapted to the table, garden, and market. Being entirely stringless, it is extremely tender, and of exquisite flavor as a string-bean. The pods are large and long in shape, containing from five to eight beans each. Says the originator, "On less than one-eighth of an acre it yielded seven and one-half bushels of clean, hand-picked seed-beans." We have a good supply of these this year. Price per quart, per express, 30 cents; postpaid, 45 cents; per package, 10 cents.

DREER'S BUSH LIMA.
This is a much larger bean and of decidedly better quality than the Henderson Bush Lima. The beans are thick and grow closer together in the pods. Plant in rows two and one half feet apart, and have the plants a foot apart in the rows. We find Dreer's to be decidedly the earliest of the two varieties of large Bush Lima. Price, per quart, per express, 40 cents; postpaid, 55 cents; per package, 10 cents.
BEANS.—Continued.

Oran W. Burke, East Kingston, N.H., writes: "My Mammoth Carmine Podded Pole Hort. Beans sold with their bright pods were a very pretty sight. They are fine."

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA BEANS.

This is a true bush form of the luscious large Lima bean, coming absolutely true from seed. The bushes grow eighteen to twenty inches high, are stout and always erect, yet branch so vigorously that each plant develops into a magnificent circular bush, from two to three feet in diameter, filled with large pods. Later than Drier's. Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; postpaid, 50 cents; per package, 10 cents.

MARBLEHEAD EARLY HORTICULTURAL.

What could our customers say to a variety of Dwarf Horticultural that will all the fine traits of that excellent variety, large beans, and large, mostly crimson-striped pods, excellent either for shelling or stringing, there could be added the capital trait of being in the very front rank for earliness? The Marblehead Early Horticultural is one of the earliest beans grown. Price, per quart, per express, 30 cents; postpaid, 45 cents; per package, 10 cents.

IMPROVED GODDARD DWARF HORTICULTURAL.

Pods of this dwarf variety are large, long, flat, usually curved with long, curved ridges; green when young, but as the beans become fit for use are splashed and striped with crimson. Beans very large, splashed with red and of fine quality. Dry beans marked like Dwarf Horticultural and of the same color, but longer and much larger, making them more desirable for market use. Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; postpaid, 50 cents; per package, 10 cents.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX POLE.

(Novelty of 1903.)

The enormous-productiveness of the old Kentucky Wonder pole bean is well known. We now introduce a variety having all its superb qualities, except that it is of a beautiful transparent yellow color.

It is a rampant grower, one plant filling a pole with a mass of vines densely loaded with luscious beans, almost a solid mass of pods from bottom to top.

The pods are so fleshy that they are frequently greater in width than breadth. They are solidly meaty, entirely stringless and when cooked deliciously rich and buttery.

Price, per quart, per express, 40 cents; postpaid, 55 cents; per package, 10 cents.

MAMMOTH CARMINE PODDED HORTICULTURAL.

One of our clerks, who visited a large plantation of this new bean in 1893, told us that it was the handsomest sight in beans he ever saw. Thousands of poles were literally covered from top to bottom with its extra large, crimson-colored pods; "painting the landscape red" with their brilliant coloring. Not only are the pods larger and richer in color, but the pods are much larger than those of the common kind. Its cropping qualities vary with different soils. Price per quart, per express, 55 cents; postpaid, 70 cents; per package, 10 cents.

KING OF THE GARDEN LIMA POLE.

The King of the Garden is a vigorous grower, requiring but two vines to each pole. When not too closely planted they set their beans early at the bottom of the pole, producing a continuous bloom and fruitage to the end of the season.

Price, per quart, per express, 30 cents; postpaid, 45 cents; per package, 10 cents.

GOLDEN CHAMPION POLE.

This is the earliest of all the wax pole varieties, has pods as long as the longest, eight inches, which are of a peculiarly rich waxly white color, more so than that excellent variety, the Golden Butter. Price, per quart, per express, 40 cents; postpaid, 55 cents; per package, 10 cents.

GOLDEN CLUSTER POLE.

The pods enormously large and long, exceeding in size any pole bean cultivated; they are of a fine waxly white, and snap capitaly. Price, per quart, per express, 55 cents; postpaid, 50 cents; per package, 10 cents.

Harlan E. Campbell, Derby, N.H., Writes: "Your Marblehead Early Horticultural Beans and Keeney's Market Corn are both very first-class strains."

JAMES I. H. GREGORY & SONS RETAIL CATALOGUE.

Keeney's RUSTLESS GOLDEN WAX.

All wax beans are more or less subject to rust, which spoils them for market use. Mr. Keeney, the great bean grower, believes he has at last secured a bush variety, a sport from the Golden Wax, that excels all others in its comparative freedom from rust. The pods are entirely stringless. Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; postpaid, 50 cents; per package, 10 cents.

EARLY CARMINE PODDED DWARF HORTICULTURAL.

There is no bean raised that is earlier than this. While just as early as our Marblehead Dwarf Horticultural, it surpasses it in the red color of its pods, most of which are bright red, making it desirable as a market bean. While the common Bush Horticultural is a late bush bean, the Marblehead and the Carmine stand in the front rank of the bean market. Price, per quart, per express, 40 cents; postpaid, 55 cents; per package, 10 cents.

DIVERS KIDNEY WAX DWARF BEANS.

The Davis Kidney Wax is a new and distinct kidney variety. The engraving, as shown, is a genuine production from life. The plant is vigorous, of compact, upright growth. The pods are extra long, straight oval, clear, waxy white color and handsome, often growing to a length of seven to eight inches, and when young are quite stringless and of fine flavor. A little stringy as they grow old, but fine eating at every stage of growth.

One of the main points of superiority over other sorts is its extreme hardness and shipping qualities. This new Bean will be likely to become a popular, standard wax sort. Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; postpaid, 50 cents; per package, 10 cents.

KEENEE'S PENCIL POD WAX.

Keeney's Pencil Pod Black Wax grows a taller, stronger, and more vigorous bush than the Improved Prolific Black Wax, which is one of its parents. Very early ripening, and destined to become very popular. Price, per quart, per express, 40 cents; postpaid, 55 cents; per package, 10 cents.

FULLER BLACK WAX.

The Fuller Black Wax differs from the ordinary Black Wax in the following points. The pod is a little larger, a little longer, a little darker yellow, a little thicker, solid and meaty and at the same time absolutely stringless. Very prolific—the vines medium in size. Price, per quart, per express, 40 cents; postpaid, 55 cents; per package, 10 cents.

CHALLENGE DWARF BLACK WAX.

One of the earliest wax beans in cultivation. As vigorous and prolific as Prolific German Wax Black Seeded; pods as large and of as good color, ripening remarkably uniformly and well together. Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; postpaid, 50 cents; per package, 10 cents.

KEENEE'S RUSTLESS GOLDEN WAX.

keeney's rustless golden wax, earliest sorts. Price, per quart, per express, 40 cents; postpaid, 55 cents; per package, 10 cents.
DETROIT DARK RED BEET.

We find this to be as early as Crosby's Egyptian, with flesh as dark as the Edwards, with a more intense red. Tops small, upright-growing, so that the roots may be nearer together; roots globular or ovate; color of skin dark blood red; very crisp, tender, and sweet, and remaining so for a long time. An early beet of the finest quality for either home or market use. Price, per pound, postpaid, 65 cents; per t¹/₄ pound, 20 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

FAUST'S EARLY CRIMSON.

We are pleased with the rich crimson color of this beet and were surprised to find that it was one season the earliest in our experimental plot, which included such varieties as Egyptian and Eclipse. We think this is the sweetest of all beets, and a first-class for every one, and of especial value to market gardeners. It is sometimes catalogued as the Mitchell's beet. Price, per pound, postpaid 58 cents; per t¹/₄ pound, 18 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

CRIMSON GLOBE.

For an early crop, especially on light soils, the value of this handsome beet will be recognized by every grower. It is a desirable crop in every garden, both for its admirable shape and its high qualities as a vegetable. Its form, which is as round as a Snowball Turnip, and the richer color of the flesh, distinguish this variety from the Egyptian Turnip-rooted Beet. Price, per pound, postpaid, 68 cents; per t¹/₄ pound, 20 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

THE LENTZ.

This strain of early turnip beet has a great reputation in the Philadelphia market, it being a favorite with the prominent market gardeners. On testing it in our experimental grounds, we note that it is early, of a fine symmetrical form, and that it has a remarkably small short top. The flesh is very prettily ringed in color, and its quality is tender and sweet. This beet, as an early kind, will prove popular with market gardeners. Per pound, postpaid, 48 cents; per t¹/₄ pound, 18 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

DIRIGO.

A critical comparison between the Dirigo and Crosby's Egyptian raised side by side is what our customers want, as these two beets are competitors for the early market. The difference between them as they grew on our experimental grounds was: 1st, that the Dirigo was the finest made up beet of the two; 2nd, that it had a smaller top; and 3d, that it was rather earlier than the Crosby. It was the most attractive beet among eleven varieties. Price, per pound, postpaid 58 cents; per t¹/₄ pound, 18 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

GIANT YELLOW INTERMEDIATE MANGOLD.

This variety grows more than half above the ground, and is of a russet-yellow color. It has a thick neck, large leaves with green stems, and a very smooth and fine skin. Flesh white, firm and sweet, much liked by cattle. An excellent root, producing enormous crops, and an excellent keeper. We find in them a little irregularity in shape. Price, per pound, postpaid, 33 cents; per t¹/₄ pound, 15 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

ECLIPSE BEET.

This valuable beet, of which we were the original introducers, has become a standard variety. George B. Courtis, of Marblehead, a prominent market gardener writes us: "In an experience of fifteen years, I find the Eclipse surpasses all in color, smallness of top and smoothness; and, moreover, it is a splendid cropper." We might fill pages with recommendations; but the 0 and 1 will answer, as it sets forth its strong points. Price, per pound, postpaid, 58 cents; per t¹/₄ pound, 18 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

EDMANDS' BLOOD TURNIP.

This is a standard strain of a late turnip beet, with flesh of an extra dark color, which makes it very popular with market gardeners. Our customers will find it an excellent variety for general crop where a dark-colored beet is wanted. Price, per pound, postpaid, 58 cents; per t¹/₄ pound, 18 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

ARLINGTON FAVORITE.

In the matter of new vegetables we can safely follow where the Arlington (Mass.) market gardeners lead. We find this new beet of theirs to be a fine early sort, dark red in color, having a small tuft of leaves for foliage, of good form and fine flavor. An excellent variety either for the market gardener or for the home garden. Price, per pound, postpaid, 58 cents; per t¹/₄ pound, 18 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN.

A dark-fleshed, small-necked, early variety of beet.

As early as the original Egyptian, by careful selection it has been made thicker and is less inclined to push up a woody neck as it advances in growth.

George B. Courtis, one of our best resident market gardeners, expresses but the general sentiment when he says: "After trials of many varieties, I pronounce the Crosby's Egyptian the best for the early market." Price, per pound, postpaid, 58 cents; per t¹/₄ pound, 18 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.
I never had such nice Cabbage as the Houser. The heads are very large and as hard as a rock. They do not crack as much as most large-headed Cabbages do, writes PHILIP DUBNOX, Herkimer, N.Y.

CABBAGES.

SEE PAGE 36.

Mrs. H. C. Ostrander, East Aurora, N.Y., writes: "We find your Earliest Cabbage to be the finest hard heading, first early cabbage that we have yet seen.

CABBAGE, "GLORY OF ENKHUIZEN." (Novelty of 1903.)

Of all the early white Cabbage there is none equal to this novelty. It has a great advantage in comparison with other early sorts in that it grows large heads, which are very compact, of a nice yellow green color, and of fine foliage. This will no doubt have a good reception amongst market gardeners, as well as those who grow vegetables for their own use. Price, per ounce, 45 cents; per package, 15 cents.

ALL-SEASONS. (Headquarter's Stock.)

Sometimes called "Vandergaw."

This fine variety, which we were the first to catalogue, has through clear, sheen merit, introduced itself into every leading catalogue in the United States. It is called "All-Seasons" because it is just as good for late market or to keep over winter as it is for the early market. Our stock is from specially selected heads.

Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.33; per 1-4 pound, 65 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

EARLY SPRING.

This variety is earlier than the Early Summer but not quite as early as our stock of Early Wakefield. It is about one-fifth smaller than Early Summer, makes a nice fine, hard, flatish, thick head, having a shade of green peculiar to itself. It is short stumped. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.50; per 1-4 pound, 75 cents; per ounce, 25 cents; per package, 5 cents.

TWISS' EARLY DRUMHEAD.

This variety has these two advantages over the Warren, viz: it heads a week or ten days earlier, and besides makes a rounder, more globe-shaped head. A splendid market sort. Price, per pound, postpaid, $3.33; per 1-4 pound, $1.00; per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 10 cents.

EARLY DEEP HEAD.

Everyone of our customers who has raised them must have found our Early Deep Head a magnificent cabbage. The Deep Head makes a larger and deeper head than the original Fottler; hence is better to keep over winter, "peeling" well in the spring. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.00; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 25 cents; per package, 5 cents.

ERFURT ROUND SUGAR.

This new Drumhead was one of the best of all the early varieties among the sixty-four different kinds of cabbage raised on our experimental grounds in 1896. Every specimen headed and all the heads were as like each other as are peas in the same pod, and all remarkably hard. The heads are of fair market size for early, and stand right out, making them very easy to cut. Medium thick. Price, per pound, postpaid, $3.33; per 1-4 pound, $1.00; per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 5 cents.

THE HOUSER CABBAGE.

The striking engraving, made from a photograph, gives a good idea of the remarkably round and hard heading new cabbage. It bears the name of its originator. It is the result of 20 years' careful selection. The heads are large, weighing, on an average, 10 to 12 pounds. For late marketing it should be planted two weeks earlier than any other sort.

The Claims for This Distinct New Cabbage Are:

First, Lateness. It is the latest of all large Cabbages, being at least two weeks later than any other strain of the Late Flat Dutch type.

Second, Solidity. The Houser Cabbage cannot be excelled in this respect by even the Danish Ball-Head. Very compact, each leaf well overlapping the head.

Third, Size. It is fully as large as any of the common varieties, the heads averaging from 10 to 12 pounds. Many specimens have been grown to weigh 18 to 20 pounds.

Fourth, Shape. The heads are round and deep through, and should any of the heads crack, it is at the stem end, which does not destroy its use for market. The heart extends only 2 to 2-1/2 inches into head. See illustration.

Fifth, Quality. The main feature of a good Cabbage is tenderness. In this respect Houser surpasses most others. It is free from that coarse rib always found in late cabbages.

Sixth, Yield. By reason of its compact habit of growth and its freedom from loose leaves, fully 500 more heads can be set out to the acre, than of many other good-sized varieties. Fully 95 per cent. of these plants in an ordinary season will make good merchantable heads.

Alice Carpenter, Cameron, Mo., writes: "The Houser Cabbage from your seeds is the best cabbage that I ever grew."

Silas M. Griswold, Bantam, Conn., writes: "From the package of your Houser Cabbage seeds I raised some of the finest heads that I ever grew, and I recommend them to all growers as first-class in every respect."

Mrs. J. Jollensworth, Carson, Nevada, writes: "I have grown cabbage for a great many years, but never had any equal to your Houser."

Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.08; per 1-4 pound, $1.25; per ounce, 45 cents; per package, 15 cents.

DANISH WINTER BALL HEAD.

The Danish and Hollander cabbage, under various names, have become exceedingly popular in our late winter and spring markets for the good reason that the imported varieties have been bringing from 50 cents to a dollar more per barrel than the best of our native sorts. This is because of the remarkable hardness of the heads. All are very reliable for heading if planted early on strong, well-manured land. In the latitude of central Massachusetts, they should be planted the first week in June. Price, per pound, postpaid, $3.33; per 1-4 pound, $1.00; per ounce, 35 cents; per package, 10 cents.
CABBAGES—Continued.

The standard early cabbage in the markets of New York and Boston. Our seed stock will be found to be very choice. We have tested many varieties side by side with our own, but have never found one superior to our present strain. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.33; per 1-4 pound, 65 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

GEORGE'S HARD HEADING.

(or Luxembourg.)

This is the king of all cabbage for late spring selling. It differs from all other sorts in coming out as green as when it was buried, making it very attractive.

A. W. Dodge, Commission Merchant, Boston, Mass., writes: "You may say that I may think of growing the Hard Heading that they are the finest cabbage ever put in Boston market at this time, May 11, 1898." Mr. M. Edgcomb, from Mapleton, Mich., "I have just (April 19) taken out a load of your Hard-Heading almost as green as when buried."

For late fall, or for winter marketing, and pre-eminently for spring and late spring sales, when cabbages usually bring their highest price, this is the cabbage. Those who raise it will have the markets of late spring entirely to themselves. To get the very hard heads heavy heads plant ten days earlier, and manure more liberally than for the common Drumheads. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.08; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

THE EARLIEST.

An improved strain of Early Wakefield, and ranked as the earliest and hardest heading of all the early cabbages. Several days earlier than Early Jersey Wakefield. This gives the market gardener complete control of the early market, where the greatest profit in cabbage raising is usually found. Price, per pound postpaid, $2.58; per 1-4 pound, 75 cents; per ounce, 25 cents; per package, 5 cents.

HENDERSON'S SUCCESSION.

This is a valuable variety. It has been thoroughly well bred, and has uniformly short stumps, about all of them supporting well-shaped, firm, solid heads, as like each other as twins. Mature about ten days later than Early Summer. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.48; per 1-4 pound, 75 cents; per ounce, 50 cents; per package, 5 cents.

IMPROVED AMERICAN SAVOY.

The Improved American Savoy is one of our old standbys. It grows to a good size, is as reliable for heading as the Warren or Premium Flat Dutch, and has as short a stump as either of these varieties. We heartily recommend it to all those market gardeners who grow Savoys by the acre for the general market. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.00; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

THE SOLID EMPEROR CABBAGE.

Our farmers find that we can raise at home as good specimens of the Danish and Hollander cabbage as the imported, provided that the seed planted is not more than one remove from the foreign-grown. All the various strains of these foreign late cabbages are characterized by stumps longer than those of our native sorts. All are very reliable for heading if planted on strong, well-manured land. In the latitude of central Massachusetts, they should be planted the first week in June. We have made a careful test on our experimental grounds of all the various strains of these Danish or Hollander cabbages, and find no one variety equal to the Solid Emperor. Our seed is from the very best Danish stock and raised from selected heads. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.83; per 1-4 pound, 80 cents; per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 10 cents.

THE WARREN.

(Sometimes called "Warren Stone Mason.")

This first-class cabbage is an improvement on the old Mason cabbage of thirty years ago. It makes a deep, round, medium sized and very hard head, the outer leaves wrapping it over handsomely. In reliability for heading no cabbage surpasses it. It comes in as early as some strains of Pottler and a little earlier than others. The heads being very thick through and near round make it an excellent sort to carry through the winter. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.83; per 1-4 pound, 80 cents; per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 5 cents.

MARBLEHEAD MAMMOTH.

This is the largest variety of the cabbage family in the world. Our patrons generally succeed in growing the Mammoth from our seed to the weight of thirty and forty pounds and in some instances over ninety pounds! It is the best of all varieties to raise for cow cabbage and winter feed for poultry. The selected heads from which we raised this seed averaged forty pounds each. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.48; per 1-4 pound, 70 cents; per ounce, 25 cents; per package, 10 cents.

DANISH SUMMER BALL HEAD.

Thus far all that we have had of this variety have been very late sorts, very good kinds to keep over for the spring market but in the Summer Ball Head we have a decidedly new departure in a hard heading second early kind. The heads are medium sized, in this respect and in their hardness closely resembling the old Cannon Ball which we catalogued years ago. Price, per pound, postpaid, $3.58; per 1-4 pound, $1.10; per ounce, 35 cents; per package, 10 cents.

W. H. McConnell, Yorkville, S.C., writes: "The Houser Cabbage last season had an enormous crop of large heads. The Enrwsa Tomato is the earliest that I ever had. It bore an enormous crop of fine smooth fruit."
CAULIFLOWER.

See Page 29.

THORNBURN'S GILT EDGE CAULIFLOWER. (See Cut.)
One of the finest strains of the Snowball variety. It is later and larger than common Snowball, and can be left longer in the field without decaying. Price, per ounce, $2.20; per package, 25 cents.

LONG ISLAND BEAUTY.
In a late trial every specimen of the Long Island Beauty made fine heads, and the heads averaged larger than any other sort. It is among the earliest. We would advise all our market-garden customers, who are raisers of cauliflower, to give this a trial, not forgetting that cauliflowers will sometimes vary for reasons thus far untraceable. Price, per ounce, $2.40; per package, 25c.

EARLY SNOWBALL.
This ranks extremely high among the early varieties; for earliness, reliability for heading, size of head, and rich, white, curdy appearance, it is deservedly very popular. Price, per ounce, $2.40; per package, 25c.

EARLY PADILLA.
We have planted the early Padilla with that excellent variety, the Snowball, and the Padilla 'headed earlier,' and made as many and as good heads as the Snowball. Give this American cauliflower a trial. Price, per ounce, $2.00; per package, 25 cents.

CARROTS.

DANVERS CARROT.
In the town of Danvers, Mass., the raising of carrots on an extensive scale has for years been quite a business, the farmers finding a large market in the neighboring cities of Salem, Lynn, and Boston. After years of experimenting they settled upon a variety which originated among them (as did the Danvers onion), known in their locality as the "Danvers Carrot." It is in form about midway between the Long Orange and Short Horn class, growing on light soils generally with a stump root. Under high cultivation (see our treatise on Carrots and Mangolds) forty tons are raised to the acre, and, at times even larger crops. This carrot is of a rich, dark orange in color, very smooth and handsome, and from its length is easier to dig than the Long Orange. It is a first-class carrot for any soil. The seed we offer is from most carefully selected stock. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.18; per 1-4 pound, 35 cents; per ounce, 12 cents; per package, 5 cents.

P. L. Pasco, Ripon, Wis., writes: "I have grown Danvers carrots from your seeds at the rate of sixteen hundred bushels to the acre."

CHANTENAY.
Of a rich, dark orange color. In earliness it ranks intermediate between the Danvers and the Short Horn. Of the style of the Danvers, hardly as large, but finer and more symmetrical. Our customers will find the Chantenay a decided acquisition for those markets which call for carrots of a finer type than the Danvers. Don't plant it for stock feeding, as it will not yield equal to the Danvers. Price, per pound, postpaid, 98 cents; per 1-4 pound, 30 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

LONG RED CORELESS.
This variety is almost cylindrical in shape, blunt at the lower extremity, and has extremely red, very sweet, and fine flavored flesh. It is especially an early, small-leaved, kitchen-garden variety. More profitable for market than as a carrot for stock. Price, per pound, postpaid, 78 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

CHANTENAY—THIS IS THE FINEST TYPE.

IMPROVED SHORT WHITE.
This new and distinct variety, Mr. Ferry thinks, is destined to take first rank as a field carrot, owing to its enormous productivity and the ease with which it can be harvested. Roots half long, very heavy at the shoulder, smooth; color light green above ground, white below; flesh rich, white, solid, crisp and of excellent flavor. As a heavy cropping, easily harvested, white carrot, it is probably the best of its class. A real acquisition. Price, per pound, postpaid, 58 cents; per 1-4 pound, 18 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE.
We have had this strain of the Orange grown for us for many years by the same party, and think that we are justified in saying that there is no better. It grows long, but not too long for a long Orange. Price, per pound, postpaid, 93 cents; per 1-4 pound, 30 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.
**GIANT PASCAL CELERY.**

This self blanching variety of celery comes to us from France. It is a tall sort, growing large, thick, and solid stalks. Dark green in color, it has a golden heart, and a rich, nutty flavor. Unlike some of the self-blanching varieties, this is a fine keeper, being found in the markets of Paris from the end of December to the beginning of March. Well worthy the attention of every enterprising market gardener. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.08; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**PARIS GOLDEN YELLOW LARGE SOLID.**

This surpasses in about all the characteristics sought after in an early celery—vigor of growth, large size, readiness in blanching, it being to a large degree self-blanching, and in possessing the rich nutty flavor of the best varieties. After having tested the stock with which we are to supply our customers the coming season we can truly say that it is first-class in every respect. Its true sphere is that of a fall and early winter celery. This has become the acknowledged early variety grown for the very discriminating people of Boston by the market gardeners who supply them. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.40; per 1-4 pound, $1.40; per ounce, 45 cents; per package, 10 cents.

**NEW WINTER QUEEN.**

"This," says the introducer, "is without doubt the most valuable variety of celery for winter and spring use ever introduced, even excelling the celebrated Perle Le Grand and Perfection Heartwell as a late winter keeper. It is also much stouter, thicker and heavier, with double the amount of heart of any known celery. The plant blanches to a beautiful cream white, with ribs perfectly solid, crisp and of delicious nutty flavor. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.00; per 1-4 pound, 85 cents; per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**WHITE PLUME CELERY.**

The peculiarity of this is, that by closing the stalks, either by tying them up with matting or by simply drawing the soil up against the plant and pressing it together with the hands and again drawing up the soil with the hoe or plough, so as to keep the soil that has been squeezed against the celery in its place, the work of blanching is completed. This is suited for a spring celery, as its tenderness and crispness of structure cause it to rot quicker than the old green kinds. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.98; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**EVANS' TRIUMPH.**

The stalks of this new variety do not grow as large as those of the Giant Pascal or Kalamazoo, but are larger than those of Boston Market or White Plume. It has a compact habit of growth, and is a fine keeper. While it is crisp, brittle, and tender, it has a stronger celery taste than any other variety. We recommend it as a first-class late keeping sort. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.00; per 1-4 pound, 65 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

George P. Winn, Arlington, Mass., writes: "The Evans' Triumph celery is a very choice and blanched nicely. After blanching it came out clear, white and solid." Charles Hill, Arlington, Mass., writes: "The Evans' Triumph celery you sent me was very nice. I shall plant more of it next spring."

**NEW ROSE-RIBBED OR GOLDEN ROSE.**

A fine sport from the Golden self-blanching. It adds to all the unsurpassed characteristics of that popular sort a delicate rose tinting of the ribs as the season advances. This makes a rich contrast in color which makes it very beautiful on the dinner table. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.00; per 1-4 pound, 90 cents; per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**BOSTON MARKET.**

(Novelty of 1903. Original Strain.) This variety, which was the standard of excellence in the markets of Boston, Mass., for so many years, is still unequaled in quality when at its best. Our seed of this was grown from the finest strain of plants by one of the best gardeners of Arlington, Mass. Price, per 1-4 pound, $1.40; per ounce, 45 cents; per package, 10 cents.

**LONGFELLOW'S FIELD CORN.**

This fine field corn is the result of careful selection in the Longfellow family (relatives of the distinguished poet) for over fifty years. The ears are remarkable long, some of them fifteen inches, and oftentimes two good specimens grow on one stalk. The cob is quite small and the kernels large. It is the largest variety of yellow field corn that we have ever found it safe to plant in the latitude of Massachusetts, where it is quite extensively grown. Jonathan Skilton, Northboro, Mass., reports one hundred and fifteen bushels shelled corn from an acre. This is the variety that took the first premium among the flint corns at the great exhibition at Chicago a few years ago. Price, per bushel, per express, $2.25; per peck, 65 cents; per quart, postpaid, 40 cents; per package, 10 cents.
For Prices per Bushel, see page 42.

### SOME CHOICE VARIETIES OF CORN.

#### EARLY ESSEX SWEET CORN.
(Novelty of 1903.)
This is quite a popular variety with many of the market gardeners of eastern Massachusetts. It is about as early as the Quincy Market but makes a decidedly larger ear and they are twelve rowed. The kernels are remarkably long, like those of Stowell's Evergreen. As the stalks of this variety are large, it will pay those needing fodder for their cows in August, to plant it for a supply, first selling the green corn, then cutting up the stalks for fodder. Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; per quart, postpaid, 47 cents; per package, 10 cents.

#### WHITE CORY.
Some have objected to the Cory because the kernels of some of the ears have a reddish cast. Here is a new strain which is not open to this objection, for by planting only white-cobbled ears of the Cory, after several years of care, a distinct variety has been produced, nearly entirely free from the objectionable red cob and kernels. It is equally as early as the original Cory and averages sweeter. Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; per quart, postpaid, 47 cents; per package, 10 cents.

#### MAMMOTH WHITE CORY.
This has all the earliness of the original Cory, with the great advantage of being decidedly larger in both ear and kernel; it is king of the market, for no other variety can compete with it as an extra early, and thus the market gardener who raises it monopolizes the cream of the early trade. Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; per quart, postpaid, 47 cents; per package, 10 cents.

#### PERRY’S HYBRID.
On our experimental grounds this has proved to be very early and a remarkably large-erased sort for one so early. We would suggest to our farmer friends that either this or the Boston Market, if planted at the same time, would follow, for marketing, just after the Cory. Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; per quart, postpaid, 47 cents; per package, 10 cents.

#### POTTER’S EXCELSIOR.
We don’t think there is a sweeter, richer-flavored corn for the table than this midsummer variety. In its season this is the favorite corn in the restaurants of the large cities. Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; per quart, postpaid, 47 cents; per package, 10 cents.

#### QUINCY MARKET CORN.
We want every one of our patrons to be sure to plant sufficient of this excellent early corn to test its merits, and if they do not find it of decidedly superior quality to the average of early varieties we will very cheerfully refund their money. Market gardeners who have raised it have no trouble in selling it, for it becomes the favorite table corn after their customers have once tried it. It holds the same rank among the early varieties for sweetness as Potter’s Excelsior does among the later sorts. It comes in just after the Cory and just before the Crosby, but is larger than either. Twelve rowed. Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; per quart, postpaid, 47 cents; per package, 10 cents.

#### KENDEL’S EARLY GIANT.
This is decidedly the largest of all the second earlies, the ears measuring eight to ten inches long, and having 10 to 18 rows on each ear, the majority having 12 rows. Kernels white, sweet and tender. It comes into use just after Cory, with ears twice as large. Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; per quart, postpaid, 47 cents; per package, 10 cents.

#### LIVINGSTON’S EVERGREEN.
We find that this white cob variety comes in about a fortnight earlier than Stowell’s and though it is not quite as large, it yields large, handsome, ten or twelve-rowed ears. Capital variety to follow Moore’s Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; per quart, postpaid, 47 cents; per package, 10 cents.

#### MARBLEHEAD MAMMOTH.
Green ears have been exhibited weighing between two and three pounds. It is the earliest, sweetest, and largest of all the Mammoth sweet varieties. Probably no other sweet corn will yield as much fodder, and for this reason it is extensively planted, to be fed green or dry. Price, per quart, per express, 35 cents; per quart, postpaid, 47 cents; per package, 10 cents.

#### NELSON’S YELLOW FIELD.
A superior variety of yellow field corn, originated by Mr. Nelson by crossing the famous old King Philip on the Early Canada, followed by eight years of careful selecting of stock seed. It is earlier than Longfellow, large kernelled, and very prolific. It is exceedingly popular with farmers who have raised it, and millers say it makes the best meal of any corn they grind. Price, per quart, per express, 25 cents; per quart, postpaid, 40 cents; per package, 10 cents.

#### SIBLEY’S PRIDE OF THE NORTH FIELD.
This is one of the very few dent corns which will mature in 90 days and can be ripened as far north as Southern Maine, Vermont and New Hampshire. A characteristic of the dent varieties is that the cobs are very small so that they are sure to measure well after shelling. Price, per quart, per express, 20 cents; per quart, postpaid, 35 cents; per package, 10 cents.

#### MEXICAN JUNE FIELD.
A giant among corn, growing from sixteen to eighteen feet in height. A grand variety for grain in the South, for the silo corn which with a little care and attention can be aot a desideratum, and a grand curiosity for every section. Here on our experimental grounds, it reached the height of sixteen and one-half feet. Planted before June 1, it will mature in the South. Price, per quart, per express, 30 cents; per quart, postpaid, 45 cents; per package, 10 cents.
EXTRA SELECTED WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER.

We offer to our customers a new strain of the White Spine which they will find superior, in its fine size and symmetrical shape, to many strains, while in purity it is remarkable, being perfectly pure—not a single one off color appearing in a crop covering nearly an acre of ground. We confidently recommend this strain for hot-house culture.

Per pound, postpaid, $2.38; per 1-4 pound, 75 cents; per ounce, 25 cents; per package, 5 cents.

LEMON.

This is a new and entirely distinct type of the cucumber family, one of the unique curiosities which seedsmen now and then discuss.

The fruits are nearly round, with the yellow and green markings and smooth skin of the Lemon, while the flesh is exceedingly tender and crisp, with a sweet flavor surpassing all other cucumbers. They have none of the bitter or acrid taste so generally found in cucumbers. For slicing they excel, and are well adapted for serving whole, upon the table. For pickling, ripe or green, one of the best and the most attractive, on account of their quaint form. They can also be used same as small melons for mangos. They can be served green, but are at the best just as they are turning yellow. Price, per package, 15 cents.

NICHOL'S MEDIUM GREEN.

Excellent sort for pickles, and also good for early forcing. Color, dark green; flesh crisp; very prolific, and always straight, smooth and handsome.

Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.83; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

THE EMERALD.

It is an improvement on that excellent variety, the White Spine, in size, quality, and appearance, for it is green in color even when ripe. It is very prolific, while its smooth, spineless skin attracts the attention and admiration of all. It retains its deep green color longer than the common varieties raised under glass. Price, per 1-4 pound, 50 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

BENNETT'S WHITE SPINE. (New.)

This is considered the best cucumber brought into the New York market. We find it to be a fine strain of very stock, retaining its glossy green color quite late. It will be found to be a little later than the "Improved White Spine" we catalogue. Per lb., postpaid, $2.33; per 1-4 lb., 70 cts., per oz., 25 cts.; per pkg., 5 cts.

LIVINGSTON'S EVERGREEN CUCUMBER.

The New Evergreen is very hardy and evergreen, withstanding drought and bearing until frost. A very strong grower, extra early, and of best flavor, bearing firm, crisp fruits, either for pickling or slicing.

A celebrated vine seed grower says: "I believe I never saw cucumbers lie thicker on the ground than the Evergreens did. When the frost killed the vines it really looked as though the whole surface of the ground was covered."

Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.06; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

JOY'S EARLY CYCLONE.

If the market of any of our patrons calls for an improvement on Improved White Spine in earliness, so much that it is ready to accept it at the cost of a reduction in size, they will find it combined in this "Early Cyclone" of Mr. Joy. Price, per 1-4 pound, $1.00; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 10 cents.

THE CUMBERLAND.

(Novelty of 1903.)

"This variety is of the hardy, white spine type, is a rapid, strong, and vigorous grower and very prolific in fruit.

"The pickles differ from all other hardy sorts in being thickly set with fine spines; the form is exceptionally straight and symmetrical, thus being as choice as a slicing variety as it is for pickles."

As a table variety, in crispness and flavor, our better-half concluded she had never found its equal. Price, per pound, per express, $2.59; per pound, postpaid, $2.28; per 1-4 pound, 75 cents; per ounce, 25 cents; per package, 10 cents.

PARISIAN PICKLING.

A new French cucumber. It is markedly distinct from all other varieties, the fruit being strikingly long and cylindrical, and densely covered with fine prickles. The flesh is both hard, crisp and tender, what we all greatly desire in our pickles. Rather a shy cropper. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.83; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

GIANT GERMAN.

The white color is peculiarly clear and strong. For all who desire to raise the most attractive variety possible for exhibition purposes, we know of no sort which can give greater satisfaction than the Giant German. Like all the other mammoth varieties with which we are acquainted it will sometimes sport. Price, per package, 15 cents.
FINE LETTUCES.

DENVER MARKET LETTUCE.

This on our grounds proves to be what the introducer claims, "an early variety of head lettuce, either for forcing or open ground. It forms large solid heads, of a good, light green color, and is very slow to go to seed. The leaves are beautifully marked and blistered (like the Savoy cabbages), very crisp and tender and of excellent flavor. By these blistered leaves it distinguishes itself from any other kind of lettuce now grown. The shape of the head resembles somewhat the 'Hanson, but is more oblong.'"

Price, per pound postpaid, $1.23; per 1-4 pound, 40 cents; per ounce, 12 cents; per package, 3 cents.

HITTINGER'S FORCING.

The very best for forcing for winter and early spring use. Our stock was supplied by one of the leading firms of market gardeners in Arlington, Mass. The junior member of our firm says that in a large section of a greenhouse in Arlington where he saw it growing there was not one head that was "off" in shape or color. Price, per 1-4 pound, postpaid, $1.00; per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 10 cents.

THE HANSON.

The Most Popular Lettuce Catalogued.

The cut below shows the inside of this very popular lettuce. Its heads grow to a remarkable size, and are sweet, tender, crisp, even to the outer leaves; this variety is free from any bitter taste found in some sorts. It is not recommended for forcing; but for outdoor cultivation it is rarely equalled, if grown on ground well manured and well cultivated. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.25; per 1-4 pound, 40 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

If you want a first-class, all round family lettuce, try this. Its habit of growth is such that while it branches out (growing under good cultivation, to ten or twelve inches in diameter), it also grows thick and high, thus making a large plant with plenty of heart. Medium green in color, with a fine brown tinge. Of excellent quality, and does not quickly run to seed. We recommend it as being among the best of summer lettuces. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.25; per 1-4 pound, 40 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

NEW HOT HOUSE.

This variety is especially adapted to greenhouse and hot-bed culture. A sure header, making larger heads than White Tennis Ball, and is not liable to rot. Price, per pound, postpaid, $3.08; per 1-4 pound, $1.06; per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 10 cents.

MARBELHEAD MAMMOTH CABBAGE.

This makes the largest head of all the lettuce we have ever raised, measuring eight inches in diameter across the solid head, or as large as a good Drumhead cabbage. Moreover, the heads are as distinctly defined, and nearly as closely wrapped together, as are found in the average Drumhead cabbage. Leaves are lightish green in color. It belongs among the second early. In quality tender, crisp, and free from bitterness.

Mr. Meggatt, the well-known seed grower, writes us; "Planted in my trial grounds, it proved a splendid summer cabbage lettuce, very large, a hard header, good quality, and very slow runner up to seed. I think it is equal to any cabbage lettuce I ever saw, and very much better than the most of them."

Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.58; per 1-4 pound, 45 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

In writing, please give your name, post-office, county and state.
Fine MuskMelons.

**ROCKY FORD MUSKMELON.**

This new variety is of the Netted Gem class; it grows to about the same size as that fine melon, but is rather coarser netted. Green fleshed and of good quality. The Colorado-grown crop which stands at the head of all the muskmelons grown in the country for fineness of flavor, has had a great run in our Eastern markets for the past two years, to the detriment of our home-grown sorts. We have found the difference between it and Netted Gem so slight that we hesitate to recommend it to those of our customers who are raising that variety. Still, it might be wise to try it on a small scale to determine whether it is an earlier strain. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.00; per 1-4 pound, 30 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**GOLDEN NETTED GEM.**

A valuable acquisition. On our experimental grounds, side by side with several other sorts, we found it ripened as early as the earliest of the whole crop considered, decidedly the earliest of any of them. Green fleshed, nearly round in form, flavor delicious, very heavy for its size, which is below the average, making it a better variety for family use than for market, yet a tremendous cropper, yielding as many as twenty to a single hill. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.00; per 1-4 pound, 30 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**NEW NORFOLK BUTTON.**

This is the earliest muskmelon to reach the markets of northern cities such as Philadelphia, New York or Boston. Being the earliest it has full control of the market and sells. It will be found to be earlier than the earliest strain of the Jenny Lind and of uniformly better quality. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.48; per 1-4 pound, 40 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**DELMONICO.**

This has a taking name, that of the famous New York caterer, who may be supposed to know what a good melon is. The flesh is of an orange-pink color, of the same fine quality as the Emerald Gem. Mr. McCoy, of Waterloo, Neb., probably the largest melon grower in the world, writes us that Delmonico was the only muskmelon of uniform good quality with him in 1889. Price, per pound, postpaid, 88 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**THE MILLER CREAM.**

This melon, which we were the first to name and catalogue, has deservedly become exceedingly popular, probably more so than any other muskmelon now before the public. It is a cross between those two delicious melons, Sill's Hybrid and Casaba, growing rather larger and maturing a little later than the former. The flesh is of a rich salmon color, very sweet and melting in quality, and so very thick that the melon is almost solid, the seed cavity being remarkably small. The rind is thin, slightly sutured. The vine is a strong grower, and fairly productive. Price, per pound, postpaid: $1.58; per 1-4 pound, 50 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**EMERALD GEM MUSKMELON.**

Of the Christiana type, small in size, very early, and in form flat-round. The flesh is of a deep orange color, and very thick, the seed cavity being exceptionally small. They are very sweet and the flavor delicious, the melon being always good. Very uniform in appearance. Price, per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 10 cents.

**HACKENSACK.**

Considered in New York the most popular variety of muskmelon for market. It attains a large size, is round in shape, flattened at the ends; of a most delicious flavor, and wonderfully productive. Price, per pound postpaid, $1.38; per 1-4 pound, 35 cents; per ounce, 12 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**CHAMPION MARKET.**

This new claimant for public favor is said to be quite distinct from other varieties. They weigh from four to five pounds each. The flesh is light green in color, of a rich, sweet flavor. It is deeply ribbed and heavily netted. It is about three times the size of the Netted Gem. It has been sold in the markets of New York for $1.50 per barrel higher than the average of melons. It is said to be very productive. It is an excellent shipper and promises to make a first-class market variety. Price, per pound, postpaid, 83 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**BANANA.**

This melon surpasses all others in its delicious fragrance. Externally it is of a creamy white, or delicate straw color. The flesh (the melon being nearly solid) is of a rich salmon. The quality is first-rate when the melons are thoroughly ripe. It grows from eighteen inches to two feet in length and is very prolific. When ripe its shape reminds one of a large, over-grown banana, and it smells like one, having a remarkably powerful and delicious fragrance; one melon will scent the house. Price, per pound, postpaid, 83 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

Seeds ordered at mail prices, will be sent postpaid by us.

When seeds are ordered to be sent per express or railroad the cost of the transportation will be at the expense of purchaser.
**MONTREAL NUTMEG.**

This has been raised to weigh over thirty pounds. Exceptionally uniform in shape; netted; flesh green, quality superb. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.08; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

A. H. Wade, Richmond, Me., writes: “I have always found your seeds true to name and first-class in every respect.”

**SEMINOLE WATERMELON.**

This new melon originated in Florida, the land of melons as well as flowers. It sports from gray to green in color, but all are of the same size, shape, flavor, etc. It is said to possess four distinguishing qualities; it is extra early, extra large, enormously productive, and of most delicious flavor. Price, per pound, postpaid, 78 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**COLE’S EARLY.**

Cole’s Early is one of the finest every-day melons ever offered, for the amateur and for the home market. Being somewhat brittle, it will not do for shipping purposes. It is very early, and will mature in every State; very hardy, vigorous, and a sure cropper. Sweet and delicate, flesh a deep red color; the rind is thin and the quality of the flesh is sustained clear to the rind. The melons are of medium size, nearly round in shape, rind green, striped with lighter shades. Price, per pound, postpaid, 83 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**CHOICE WATERMELONS.**

**FLORIDA FAVORITE WATERMELON.**

Mr. Girardeau, of Florida, who originated this new variety, thus describes it: “In shape, it is oblong; in coloring, green and white stripes blended; flesh, light crimson, crisp, and deliciously sweet, ripening ten days earlier than Rattlesnake, Kolb’s Gem, and Iron-Clad, all having been planted at the same time.” Seeds rather small and of a creamy white color. Price, per pound, postpaid, 78 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**IRON-CLAD.**

A large melon, chiefly resembling the Gypsy. Flesh of a rich red; flavor sugary and delicious, keeping its quality to quite near the skin. Called Iron-clad because they stand rough usage so well. Price, per pound, postpaid, 78 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

**THE GRAGG.**

Distinct variety, in both inside and outside appearance. Color, dark green with alternate stripes of lighter green, with a tracery of dark veins. The flesh is of a delicate salmon tint, which makes it exceedingly handsome. Flesh, sweet, juicy, with a rich flavor. Large, oblong, just about the right size for marketing. Price, per pound, postpaid, 78 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.
THE MONSTER WATERMELON.—"THE TRIUMPH."

The above is the better name for a new variety of watermelon, which Mr. Girardeau introduced under the name of "Triumph." The accompanying illustration shows two in the process of weighing: one, 135, and the other 148 3-4 pounds. Well might he add, "such monsters were never thought of before."

Mr. Girardeau's statements relative to the enormous weight of his melon are supported in letters from the governor of Georgia, the editor of the Atlanta Journal, and other men of repute.

He adds: "The Triumph is not only a monster in size (a single specimen of the largest filling a flour barrel), but it is very prolific, early, and of delicious flavor. Moreover, it is a capital shipper, carrying as well long distances as Koll's Gem or any other variety. Price, per pound, postpaid, 78 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

THE DUKE JONES.

Many new watermelons have been introduced of late, but there will always be room for an improved variety, and this the Duke Jones must be, according to the testimony of those who have handled it on a large scale. It is a nearly round variety, of enormous size, of surpassing quality, and excellent shipper. J. R. Wilder, of Anthony, Florida, writes: "In our judgment, the Duke Jones is destined to supersede all varieties as a shipper as well as a local market melon. It has every desirable quality. Price, per pound, postpaid, 78 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

DIXIE.

A Southern variety, which is said to surpass the famous Koll's Gem as a shipper, and to be unsurpassed in quality and productivity. One grower reckoned $200 per acre; another got $30 to $50 per hundred, a third declares it the best in his thirty years of experience: a fourth counted a dozen ripe to a hill, and a fifth took first premium at the Illinois fair. Price, per pound, postpaid, 78 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

SWEET HEART WATERMELON.

A large handsome, heavy melon, a good shipper, long keeper of bright color and best quality.

Vine vigorous and productive, ripening its fruit early. Fruit large, oval, very heavy, uniformly mottled light and dark green. Rind thin, but firm. Flesh bright red, firm, solid, but very tender, melting, and sweet. Fruit remains in condition for use longer than most sorts. Seeds gray." Price, per pound, postpaid, 88 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

FERRY'S PEERLESS.

This melon is of medium size, thin rind, mottled green, flesh bright scarlet, solid to centre, very sweet. An excellent sort for garden cultivation. Per package, 5 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per pound, postpaid, 78 cents.

GREEN AND GOLD.

This melon grows to weigh from twenty to forty pounds, and ranks among the very earliest. Its rich golden color will make it most desirable as an ornament for the table, it arranged in contrast with the common sorts. It is, unquestionably, an acquisition. Price, per pound, postpaid, 78 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

DARK ICING.

One of the best of melons, possessing a delicious flavor. There are two varieties—a light and a dark skinned—differing in color only. Price, per pound, postpaid, 78 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

KOLB'S GEM.

This is largely grown in the South for shipping to Northern markets, and has proved to be one of the best shipping melons known as it has a very tough skin and will stand transportation better than most kinds. Flesh of a bright red color; it ranks high for flavor. Nearly round in shape, striped with light green and grows to weigh from twenty-five to fifty pounds. Price, per pound, postpaid, 78 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.
SUPERIOR ONION SEEDS

For Full Directions for raising Onions, see our Treatise on Onion Growing. - - Sent to any Address for 30 Cents.

As a Rule, Red Onions are Superior to the Yellow Varieties for Table Quality.

PEDIGREE-ONION SEED.

We still continue to raise our Pedigree strain of onion seed of the various kinds, by which we mean seed grown from most carefully selected, hand-picked onions. We send the men over the beds after the onions are pulled, raked in windrows, and dry enough to house, on their hands and knees, to select out the driest, and therefore the earliest, the thickest, hardest, and best-shaped onions; all to be of good market size. We have a right to claim that seed raised from such onions is decidedly superior to the great mass of seed to be found in the market.

We would invite any onion planter to visit our seed farms, at Howe's Station, Mass., and examine our seed onions.

There is onion seed and onion seed, but the Danvers Onion seed that we offer is grown from carefully selected stock in the very Danvers where that onion originated or the towns bordering it, and if that supply is exhausted then from New England grown stock which is the very best raised in the United States. A few dollars an acre invested in seed of extra quality is many times made up in the crop raised from them.

An observing, intelligent farmer claimed that earliness, reliability for bottoming, smallness of neck, can be as thoroughly inbred in an onion as capacity to transmit her good qualities can be inbred in a cow or any class of animals. What is possible to attain to in this matter our customers find in our onion seed, as shown in the extracts from letters given below:

J. R. Peckham & Son, Norwich, Conn., writes: "From less than one quarter of an acre planted last year to your onion seeds we harvested 20 boughels, besides 100 bunches sold before harvest."

Henry Shaw, Waterville, N.S., writes: "Your Early Cracker Onion gives general satisfaction. They are liked the best in our local market."

Robert M. Willis, Marietta, Minn., writes: "Your Pedigree Onion seeds are something wonderful. They grow fine, even sized bulbs."

M. W. Chapman, Stark's, Me., writes: "From onions grown from your Early Round Yellow Danvers Onion seeds, I took the first premium at our Sandy River Fair."

John Lyons, Penfield, N.Y., writes: "The Early Round Yellow Danvers Onion seeds 1 got from you last year did first rate. On 5-1/4 acres of land grew 5,400 boughels."

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE.

About as white and handsome as a newly made snowball; sells at a higher price than other sorts. Too late to grow safely north of Massachusetts. A tremendous cropper; we have raised these at the rate of 1,300 bushels per acre. To get a very fine white onion, pull just as they begin to go down and dry in an airy and shady place. The white class of onions are not as good keepers as the red and yellow sorts. Price, per pound, postpaid, $3.08; per 1-4 pound, $1.00; per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 5 cents.

SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE.

Also known as Late Danvers Globe. In this we have a variety precisely like the Southport White and Red in shape, differing from them in color only. It may be defined as a late Globe Danvers, a larger cropper than the early Round Yellow Danvers. It has matured as well as far north as Central Massachusetts. The Southport Globes always command the highest prices in the New York market. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.08; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

EARLY ROUND YELLOW DANVERS ONION.

Photo, of our Early Round Yellow Danvers Onion, Taken in the Field.

We have by careful selection increased the roundness of our Danvers Round Yellow until it now is a fine, large, thick onion. The Danvers onion does best on a gravelly loam, making harder and brighter colored bulbs than on heavy, dark or mucky soil, while it keeps better. If to be raised on muck, the land should first receive two hundred loads per acre of gritty soil. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.33; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

LARGE FLAT WHITE ITALIAN.

Our customers will find it to be an extra large, extra early, white onion, that bottoms down well and is nearly entirely free from scallions. Its sphere is as a full onion. For this purpose it is decidedly an acquisition. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.08; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

SOUTHPORT LATE RED GLOBE.

Very popular in the markets of New York; it measures better and sells at a higher price than Red Wethersfield. It is late and we do not recommend it for north of Central Massachusetts. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.25; per 1-4 pound, 63 cents; per ounce, 25 cents; per package, 5 cents.

WHITE DUTCH EARLY ROUND HARD PICKLING.

The White Dutch is the best of a pickling onion, small, round, hard, and white, surpassing every other variety for this purpose. It is the only one used in the immense pickle factories of England and France.

For pickles you need to plant thickly, at the rate of 30 pounds or more per acre, to produce the small pickling size. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.75; per 1-4 pound, 53 cents; per package, 5 cents.
THE EARLY YELLOW CRACKER ONION.

It is the earliest of all our yellow sorts and is an excellent kind to raise where the seasons are short. It is the best of all the yellow onions in quality, but needs to be harvested as soon as it dies down, and handled as carefully as an apple. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.75; per 1-4 pound, 53 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

PRIZE TAKER.

This is one of the best of the huge foreign varieties. When started early under glass, and transplanted into open ground, they bottom fairly well, are nearly free from stiff necks, and when offered for sale always attract marked attention. They are not good keepers. The variety is without doubt the largest onion grown, samples under special culture sometimes weighing five pounds. We offer this season American-grown seed. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.58; per 1-4 pound, 50 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

EARLY RED GLOBE DANVERS.

This variety, though it has had the name "Globe" given it, is a thick, flat, rather than round onion. In our trial grounds we have found one of the varieties of Red Globe equal, in bottoming, earliness, and cropping qualities, to our Early Red Globe Danvers. This onion is not as well known as it ought to be; it ripens two weeks earlier than Red Wethersfield. Scallions are almost unknown when grown from carefully selected seed stock, it being as reliable for bottoming well as Winsted cabbages to make a head. Price, per pound, postpaid, $2.00; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS. (Western grown.)

We again catalogue the same grade of Danvers Onion Seed sold by seedsmen in general. This will vegetate first-rate and produce such Danvers onions as are actually found in the market. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.33; per 1-4 pound, 40 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD.

This is the famous old standby, which perhaps is more extensively raised than any other sort. It is hardy, later than Danvers, and has not been bred to make as handsome an onion. The Reds are sweeter onions to eat than the yellow sorts, but do not look so inviting when cooked. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.58; per 1-4 pound, 50 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

PRICES OF ONION SEED.

See note at foot for prices for quantities. See also page 46.

We offer onion seed this year at the following rates:—Per lb.
Early Round Yellow Danvers (our New England strain) $2.25
Early Red Globe Danvers (our New England strain) 1.92
Early Yellow Cracker (our New England strain) 1.07
Early Flat Red (our New England strain) .87
Southport White Globe (our New England strain) .75
Southport Yellow Globe (our New England strain) .50
Southport Late Red Globe (our New England strain) .25
Wethersfield Large Red (our New England strain) .10

In case 10 to 25 pounds of any of the above are taken, the price will be 25 cents less per pound.

These quotations are per express or freight at purchaser's expense. If ordered by mail, remit 8 cents to above rates per pound for postage.

EGYPTIAN OR PERENNIAL TREE ONIONS.

When once set out, without the slightest winter protection, these will come up year after year, as soon as frost breaks ground, and grow so rapidly that they are ready for market or family use two or three weeks before any other onions. The bulbs are not round, but irregular, just like those called "rare ripes," which we get by setting out old onions in the spring. They are larger the second year. For family use it is unsurpassed for sweetness and tenderness. The young sets grow on top of the stalks, like tree onions. These should be planted in the fall. They will be sent out in August or September, as soon as ripened. Price, per quart, postpaid, 37 cents; per express, 25 cents; per package, 10 cents; per peck, per express, 75 cents; per bushel, per express, $2.50.

THE MORSE LETTUCE.

Mr. Morse is the largest grower of lettuce seed the world over. From his large experience he has selected and propagated this new variety as specially worthy the attention of market gardeners. It is a sort between the black and white seeded Simpson lettuces, being larger than either and lighter in color than white seeded. It is not as light and fluffy as black seeded, but is a more thrifty and vigorous variety. Good for growing either under glass or out of doors. Excellent for either spring or summer use. Price, per 1-4 pound, 30 cents; per ounce, 12 cents; per package, 5 cents.

MARKET GARDENERS PRIVATE-STOCK LETTUCE.

A strain of black-seeded tennis ball selected with special care for hot bed and cold frame culture. It makes large, solid heads, which stand a long time before sending up seed shoots. Price, per 1-4 pound, 80 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

IMPROVED LARGE-LEAVED WATER-CRESS.

A decided improvement on the old well-known and highly esteemed Water-cress. It has considerably larger leaves, is more productive and better in quality, being very tender, and of a very pleasant flavor. Much better suited for garnishing dishes than the old sort. There is no doubt but that it will by and by supersede entirely the old form, to which it is superior in all respects. Price per package, 15 cents.
**THOMAS LAXTON PEA.**

This is a rare new pea sent out by Mr. Laxton of England who was the originator of the now famous Gradus pea, which in its combination of size of pod, earliness and quality has produced such a sensation among the market gardeners of the United States. This fine pea was made by crossing Gradus or a seedling of the earliest of all types. It very closely resembles the Gradus in size of pod and peas, the pod is of a dark color. Mr. Laxton considers it earlier than Gradus; in our trial grounds we could see no difference in this respect.

Price, per peck, per express, $2.75; per quart, per express, 50 cents; per quart, postpaid, 65 cents; per package, 10 cents.

**ADMIRAL DEWEY.**

A chance seedling found among a lot of peas received from England. Its originator, who is a pea grower of the largest experience, declares it to be “without exception, the largest podded pea of which we have any knowledge,” and when to this is added heavy cropping and richest quality, it can readily be seen that it stands at the head of its class. Height, 3 1/2 feet; foliage, vine and pod a rich dark green. Remarkably healthy and vigorous, producing abundance of pods of largest size, sometimes six inches in length, well filled with peas of largest size, tender, and of first-class flavor. Undoubtedly the best of all the class of long vine, large podded, wrinkled peas.” In our experimental grounds this was the best of all the fine varieties in cropping. Price, per peck, per express, $2.00; per quart, postpaid, 55 cents; per package, 10 cents.

**HORSFORD’S MARKET-GARDEN PEA.**

Of this remarkable pea, in our note-book on our experimental garden, in which we test all new things, comparing them with standard sorts, we find the following entry: “A tremendous cropper, excelling, with a single exception, every one of the forty-five varieties on trial; pods as long as Advancer, and as well filled. It grows nearly as tall as Advancer, but is a better cropper.” At the Ohio experimental station, tested with twenty-eight of the leading varieties, they had about the same results. Twenty-five plants of each kind were carefully harvested, and the pods and peas counted, and the total product of each weighed. The result was, that the shelled peas of the Market-Garden weighed nearly twice as much as the heaviest cropper of either of the other varieties.

Grown by ourselves, on a large scale, it yielded not far from fifty bushels of dry seed peas to the acre. The seed should be planted from three to five inches apart in the drill. Price, per peck, per express, $1.50; per quart, postpaid, 40 cents; per package, 10 cents.

**GREGORY’S SURPRISE.**

Our experimental tests appear to demonstrate that this pea is before the public bearing four different names, viz.: early Giant, Extra Early Long Pod, Prosperity, and Gradus. The very fact that it has been so much named is significant of the value of the new pea. It is undoubtedly the earliest of all the large podded wrinkled peas yet introduced, being as early as those of the Alaska class, but a few days later than the Surprise. We must say that we do not find it to be a heavy cropper, but the large size of the pod, the quality of the pea, with its extreme earliness, make up a trio of good reasons for its introduction as a decided acquisition into the family garden.

Price, per peck, per express, $2.75; per quart, per express, 50 cents; per quart, postpaid, 65 cents; per package, 10 cents.

**TELEPHONE.**

A tall wrinkled narrow of the best quality, a strong grower, and very productive. The pods are of the largest size, and contain from six to seven large peas. The rich dark green color of the pods make the peas sell well in the market; hence it has become very popular with farmers and gardeners. Price, per peck, per express, $1.75; per quart, postpaid, 45 cents; per package, 10 cents.
THE HEROINE PEA.

This is one of the large-podded, large-earred peas, though the vines grow but 2 ft. high, medium early, green, wrinkled, the pods are of large size, well filled, long, and pointed, containing from six to nine large peas. Quality the very best. Mr. Charles E. Pecker, one of our best market gardeners, writes: "I find the type of the Heroine pea to be thoroughly fixed. It is a fine pea for the most critical market gardener." Price, per peck, per express, $1.60; per quart, postpaid, 45 cents; per package, 10 cents.

MAY QUEEN.

This closely resembles A, but it is more short (grows 2 1-2 ft. high) and a little earlier. Either are capital sort. Price, per peck, postpaid, 70 cents; per package, 10 cents.

DWARF CHAMPION.

First class as a variety to follow the Advanced; very healthy and vigorous. This was another favorite with the market gardeners of Long Island, where it is sown August 1, as a second crop, being less liable to mildew than other sorts. Pods and peas large, quality very sweet and rich. Price, per peck, per express, $1.75; per quart, postpaid, 50 cents; per package, 10 cents.

ECLIPSE.

One of the very earliest of the new wrinkled peas, being about as early as any of the earliest hard kinds. Makes stout vines, grows good-sized pods, and lots of them, being a splendid crop. Price, per peck, postpaid, 45 cents; per package, 10 cents.

NEW LIFE.

The object sought by the originator of the New Life was to find a new variety which should possess all the good characteristics of the Stragamet without its defect of bearing more or less of small pods. In this we think he more than succeeded, for there are no small pods and, in addition, they are dark green in color, making the New Life a decided acquisition. It comes in just after the Heroine and is a capital sort to follow that fine variety. Price, per peck, per express, $1.75; per quart, postpaid, 50 cents; per package, 10 cents.

CARTER'S DAISY OR DWARF TELEPHONE.

Height, 18 inches; habit, dwarf and stocky; healthy, vigorous, and very uniform in height; very productive, plants bearing from five to seven pods. Pods frequently five inches long, broad, and well filled. Peas large and of delicious flavor. From five to seven days earlier than the Stragamet. In the varieties we have all the excellent qualities of the Telephone without its tall vines. Price, per peck, postpaid, 50 cents; per package, 10 cents.

HANCOCK.

Many of our field-seedsmen send out an extra early crop, bearing their own name. Were we to "follow suit," we should select the Hancock as our extra early. Price, per peck, per express, $1.25; per quart, postpaid, 50 cents; per package, 10 cents.
To get our largest crops of potatoes with the largest and smoothest tubers, plant on inverted clover sod and apply about 1000 pounds of potato fertilizer, half in drill and half broadcast.

**THE DELAWARE POTATO.**

*A Valuable Potato.*

It is seldom we find such a combination of size, yield, and quality in any potato. A professor in one of our agricultural colleges recently told us that he dug a carpet-bag full from a single hill, and a day or two after a farmer stopped me to say that it was the finest eating potato that he knew of. The average form is shown in the engraving. It is medium early; in size it is large, being above the average; the skin and flesh are white; in yield it is a remarkable cropper, while in quality it is first-rate, being dry and mealy. It is one of the few varieties that do well on all kinds of soil. Every farmer who has tested the Delaware has become enthusiastic in its praise.

F. A. Gray, Philbrook, Montana, writes: "From the 5 pounds of Delaware potatoes, from you last year, I grew 210 pounds, some weighing 7 lbs. in.

H. M. Turner, Wentworth, N. H., writes: "From the 1 pound of your Delaware potatoes, from you, I grew 90 pounds of fine tubers. Your seeds have always been as represented." 

R. D. Page, Compton, N. H., writes: "In 1895, on one acre, I grew 400 bushels of nice Delaware potatoes from stock purchased of you."

J. R. Jester, Brown's Canon, Col., writes: "From three pounds of your Delaware potatoes I got four hundred and seventy-five pounds of very large and smooth potatoes."

**EARLY ROBERTS.**

Many of you have raised the New Queen, and we know that all who have, have found it to be among the very best; now the Roberts is a sport from this famous sort, and while fully equal to it in yield and quality, is at least a week earlier when planted side by side at the same time. In color it varies, being sometimes clouded, sometimes white. The average crop of Mr. Roberts, who is one of the most successful market gardeners in Essex county, for several years has been 100 barrels to the acre. He informs us that his neighbors who are prominent market gardeners, have had the same successful experience with it. They have all observed that while it is every way as good as the New Queen, in all its many desirable qualities, it has the great advantage of being a week earlier. Mr. J. E. Chase of Essex county, Mass., says that his Roberts ripened so much earlier than the Beauty of Hebron that he had them all marketed before the Beauty of Hebron was ripe enough to dig. David Warren, who has had a large experience with many sorts, says, "The sum of my experience is that the Roberts is the best and earliest of the first early sorts now on the market."

This valuable variety is too good a one to be monopolized by a few enterprising market gardeners. As Mr. R. was the first to make known its merits, he deserves to have his name attached to it.

**EARLY MICHIGAN.**

An oblong, white, handsome potato with eyes on the surface. On well enriched land this is one of the most profitable mar-

**WONDERFUL.**

(Trade-mark of 1903.)

This is the new variety for which $300 was offered for a name. Yields have been reported up to 875 bushels per acre. We were exceedingly pleased with the crop raised on our farm this past season. It proved to be a heavy cropper, yielding potatoes of large size and good shape. The eyes were close to the surface. They had that rich russet-brown skin with its fine network that is so attractive to the eye. Their shape is medium oblong. They all cracked when cooked, were very mealy and were nice flavored. Medium late. Our customers cannot fail to like this new comer.

When you order please give your Name, Post Office, County and State. Kindly read shipping directions on Order Sheet.
EARLY SIX WEEKS POTATO.

The Six Weeks is very evidently a seedling from the Ohio, which it very closely resembles in every way, but is earlier, makes rather taller stalks, and appears to yield better on upland than that fine variety. The potatoes grow so rapidly that, under favorable circumstances, they are as large as hein's eggs, and therefore fit for family use, in six weeks from time of planting and mature in between ten and eleven weeks. We find it a fair yielder, and though not so extraordinarily productive as some claim, still a good cropper for so early a sort. It reveals in moist land.

Robert B. Lallitine, New York City, writes: "Planted April 6th, we dug in sixty-four days some of your Six Weeks potatoes the size of hen's eggs."

You have got the best early and the earliest potato in existence. We find the Early Six Weeks Market potato large enough for the table in six weeks from planting. They outyield all other varieties.

AUGUST BROOKER (Gardener) Allegan Co., Mich.

Ten dollars per bushel would not buy my Early Six Weeks Market potatoes if I could not replace them for 1 s. They are the earliest of all, and a heavy yielder. I predict they will be universally grown by market gardeners for early, and those gardeners who get them first will reap handsome profits. JACOB E. STILSON, Onondaga Co., N.Y.

NEW QUEEN.

This has become exceedingly popular. It is very early, a capital cropper, yielding fine, large tubers, so handsome that half of them, without culling, would be good enough to exhibit at any agricultural fair. Under high cultivation, there are almost no small ones. In quality it is most excellent, the flesh being a pure white and of that sparkling, mealy texture that we all like so well in a potato when brought on the table. In shape and color it closely resembles its parent, the Beauty of Hebron.

EARLY FORTUNE POTATO. (New.)

We have raised this potato on a large scale, and find it to be a very early sort and a splendid cropper. They are of good quality and can be dry. Our customers can make no mistake in planting the Early Fortune. It will give the best results, if cut to single eyes and these are planted 12 to 14 inches apart on land that has been liberally manured. The extra profit of the early market is what we are after, and it is these early varieties of potatoes that bring it. In our own experience we are not prepared to say that either the Early Roberts or the Early Fortune are earlier than Early Six Weeks, but we find that they yield much better and that the tubers are less liable to scab or rot.

Carman No. 3.

The Carmen No. 3, with the exception that the tubers are a little more elongated, is in its origin and appearance like the Carman No. 1 a seedling from seedlings raised through several generations. The eyes are very shallow and but few in number. Of the shapeliest form, and even in droughty seasons its perfect shape is retained. A great yielder of large potatoes. It may fairly be claimed that it does not yield any small tubers in ordinary seasons. It bears its tubers very close to the plant, a single turn of the fork turning out every potato of the largest size. A perfect keeper. Both skin and flesh are of extreme whiteness. At digging time our workmen preferred this to any of the numerous white varieties on the grounds. Very valuable for the main field crop.

Our claims for the Carmen No. 3 are: 1st. It is one of the handsomest large potatoes ever produced 2d. It will outyield most varieties. 3rd. Practically every potato is of marketable size. 4th. Its table qualities are good. It has no hollow hearts and no dark parts.

PRICE LIST OF POTATOES. (Per Express or Freight at Purchaser's Expense for Charges.)

We would supply up to and including three varieties in one barrel at barrel rates.

If Ordered per Express, Customers can Deduct 8 cents per Pound from Mail Prices Named Below.
GIANT PERPETUAL SPINACH SWISS CHARD.

This, though a variety of Chard, is to all practical purposes a giant spinach, the huge curled leaves being tender and cooking readily with a decided spinach flavor. Its great merit is that it will supply the greens from spring until late in the fall. The large midribs can be cooked and served like asparagus.

Mrs. E. C. Main, Marblehead, writes: "To-day we cooked some of your Spinach Beet and found it very fine. It tasted as good as any spinach we ever ate."

William T. Knight, Marblehead, writes: "Your Spinach Swiss Chard was splendid."

Price, per 1-4 pound, postpaid, 30 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

FERRY'S IMPROVED LARGE PURPLE EGG PLANT.

We tested this new variety in our experimental grounds, and found it decidedly earlier than the standard sorts. Say the introducers: "This variety has about superseded all others, both for market and private use. The large size and high quality of its fruit and its extreme productiveness make it the most profitable to grow. Plants large, spreading; foliage, light green; fruit, very large, oval; color, dark purple. Plants ripen usually two to six large fruits. It is spineless, which is a great advantage in handling. Per ounce, 25 cents; per package, 5 cents.

Abbott's Improved Hollow Crowned Parsnip.

The roots of this variety are long but not too long; it generally has a very clear, smooth skin and is easily distinguished by the leaves rising from a depression on the top of the root. Parsnips do best on a deep, rich, sandy soil, but will do well on any soil which is deep, mellow and moderately rich. Some dairymen grow these to feed to their stock. Price, per pound, postpaid, 50 cents; per 1-4 pound, 20 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

VICTORIA SPINACH.

This variety has this to recommend it, that while it fully equals the Long Standing in being slow to run to seed it has a thicker leaf than that variety. Color, a rich dark green. Price, per pound, postpaid, 35 cents, per 1-4 pound, 15 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

WARD'S NECTAR MUSKELON.

This, which we introduced over 30 years ago, is still a first-class variety of green fleshed muskmelon. Of medium size, exceedingly prolific, sweet, rich and delicious, we confidently bring it anew to the attention of our customers. Price, per pound, postpaid, 50 cents, per 1-4 pound, 30 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

ARLINGTON DOUBLE CURLED PARSLEY.

This is specially a market gardener's strain. One of the most successful of these says of it: "The plant is very robust and of free growth. The leaves are large, very dark green, and beautifully curled. An exceedingly large yielder, while it stands the heat, cold and drought better than any other." Price, per 1-4 pound, 35 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

RUBY KING PEPPER.

These peppers ordinarily grow four and a half to six inches long by three and a half to four inches broad. When ripe they are of a beautiful bright ruby-red color, and are always remarkably mild and pleasant to the taste. They can be eaten sliced like cucumbers. Very handsome and very productive. They need to be started in a hot-bed. Price, per oz., 25 cents; per pkg., 5 cents.

NEW VIRGIN MUSHROOM SPAWN.

It is a well known fact that mushroom spawn produced in the ordinary methods degenerates in both the quality and quantity of the crop. Dr. Repin has, after many failures, succeeded finally in raising spawn by sowing the spores of the best mushroom, which is called "Virgin Spawn." This is characterized by its great vigor of growth, and produces the best of mushrooms, that are not so liable to be attacked by disease. We now offer this to our customers, obtained directly from the laboratory in France, where it is manufactured in compressed, sterilized manure, thoroughly pervaded by the spawn, and will make good the spawn, about 1-2 inch thick. Price, per pound, postpaid, 30 cents; per 1-4 pound, 20 cents.
PUMPKINS.

SUGAR PUMPKIN.
This is the pumpkin for the traditional Yankee pumpkin pie. All others (the Gibson excepted) are coarse and barbarous when compared with this, and to bring them, when prepared in any way, to the table is to rob the stock and wrong the family. Not so with this gem of the pumpkin tribe. For it is also excellent as a good table delicacy, either simply boiled or when entering into the composition of the traditional pumpkin pie. Its yellow. About as fine grained as the average squash. It grows to average five pounds, and yields enormously, the ground covered with the golden fruit being a sight not soon forgotten when once seen. There is quite a call for the Sugar pumpkin in our city markets, where they bring from half to two-thirds as much as the best of squashes. Price, per pound, postpaid, 75 cents; per 1-4 pound, 20 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

MAMMOTH RED ETAMPS PUMPKIN.
This mammoth, which has been raised to weigh over one hundred and fifty pounds, has a brilliant, showy, red skin. The flesh is very thick, and in quality is about equal to any of the Mammoth class of pumpkins, whose real value is for stock feed. Our stock is the purest raised, no strain is perfectly pure. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.58; per 1-4 pound, 88 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

For quick out door sort
try the Earliest White.

NE PLUS ULTRA RADISH.
Deep Scarlet Strain.
This is now accepted as a standard variety for forcing, being fit for the table in three weeks. Flesh tender and delicate; produces but few small leaves. Price, per pound, postpaid, 78 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

ICICLE.
A handsome first-class early variety, in color snowy white. It grows to the average length of the long varieties, but holds its fullness well down to the tap-root. Exceedingly attractive and excellent in every way. Price, per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

BECKERT'S CHARTIER RADISH.
This radish has rapidly grown into high favor for spring and summer use. It is very handsome, about one-third of its length being of a rose color. We find them in our experimental grounds to be as early as Covent Garden. It is very popular among market gardeners. Price, per pound, postpaid, 68 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

TRIUMPH.
A early, round radish, white with horizontal stripes of bright scarlet. It is strikingly handsome and attractive, making it valuable as a novelty. The strain is not quite perfectly established, but a large percentage come true. Short leaved, and of very thick growth. Price, per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 10 cents.

CRIMSON GIANT FORCING. (Novelty of 1902.)
This novelty is quite a new type amongst all sorts of Radishes at present in the market, as the knolls or roots of the same, fully developed, resemble in size a Summer radish without becoming hollow or fuzzy. The "Crimson Giants" gain a circumference of 5 to 6 inches and a weight of about 1 1/2 to 2 ounces without losing in delicacy and tenderness. When sowing it is therefore necessary to allow plenty of space for their proper development. This novelty combines the advantages of a good hot house radish with that of a Summer radish and there is certainly a great future in store for it. The color as already mentioned is crimson, the shape varies a little, the roots are either quite round or sometimes a little oval. Price, per 1-5 pound, 50 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.
JAMES I. H. GREGORY & SON’S RETAIL CATALOGUE.

SQUASHES.

THE NEW GOLDEN BRONZE SQUASH.

“A cross, some four years ago, of the Bay State and Boston Marrow. In form the same as the last named, with stem and blossom end precisely like that variety, also having that peculiar wrinkled appearance of the skin, like the Boston Marrow. Size, averaging from eight to ten pounds; color, a dark, grayish green with bronze on upper surface when ripe; flesh an exceedingly bright golden yellow; fine grained, very sweet, and of good flavor. Early in maturing, a good keeper and yielder. Squashes of very uniform size and appearance. It combines the quality desired for the table and pies. Specimens grown in 1897 were kept until June, 1898.

Mr. M. B. Faxon, who introduced to the public the famous “Faxon Squash,” thus writes of this new variety:

I have closely watched the development, and tested this squash for two years, and I feel sure it is a most desirable new vegetable. A good cropper and splendid keeper; in fact, I may say that, both as a table squash and for pies, it will, in my opinion, at once become a great favorite.

M. B. Faxon.

LOW'S BAY STATE.

This variety, with heavy manuring, is a very good yielder, though in size it averages a little below the Essex Hybrid. Popular in Boston Market. The color is dark green; it has a thick shell, and is thick meat ed. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.25; per 1-4 pound, 40 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

THE WARREN.

The Warren (of which we were the original introducers) has a shell generally harder and thicker than the Essex Hybrid, and the color is of a richer and deeper orange, while the quality is decidedly better. The Warren is now grown very extensively by marketmen. The seeds of this variety are extremely scarce this year. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.25; per 1-4 pound, 35 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

MAMMOTH CHILI.

The Mammoth squashes, though of but little value for table use, on rich land, in those sections where roots are but little cultivated, are very profitable as food for cattle. If you wish to grow a “big” squash to exhibit at your annual fair, try this. Seed never perfectly pure. Price, per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH SCALLOP.

This variety is about twice the size of the ordinary White Bush Scallop, and much whiter and handsome. Price, per pound, postpaid, 88 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

DUNLAP'S EARLY PROLIFIC MARROW.

The standard early of the running varieties. No variety can compete with it for earliness, it being about twelve days ahead of the Boston Marrow. Very productive. Color: a brilliant orange-red: a good keeper. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.05; per 1-4 pound, 30 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

GOLDEN HUBBARD.

A very distinct sort of the shape and general character of the Hubbard, but a little smaller; earlier to mature and of rich orange-red color, instead of the dark olive-green of the old Hubbard, while the flesh is a little deeper colored. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.48; per 1-4 pound, 45 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

THE AMERICAN TURBAN.

This standard squash is as good for fall as the Hubbard is for winter; in proof of which please see extracts in former catalogues from letters received.

Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.25; per 1-4 pound, 35 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

Vegetable Seeds Enough for a family garden for $1.00. See page 51.
A fine little squash for family use which succeeds where other varieties fail; very prolific, yielding from six to a dozen to the vine. The flesh is fine grained, sweet, and very solid, and the quality excellent, being remarkably hardy. With its rich green and gold coloring, it makes an ornament that would grace the center table. Price, per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

THE FAXON.

The strong and fixed characteristics of this squash are earliness, long keeping, variety of colors, and the excelling in richness, sweetness, and flavor. It is very productive, though rather below the average size (five or six pounds). It is a good keeper, and has the exceptional recommendation of being a table delicacy during three seasons—summer, fall, and winter. Mr. Joseph Stone, a squash expert, states that for sweetness and dryness the Faxon squash cannot be excelled, if equalled, and says: “I know what I am talking about.” We think he does. Price, per pound, postpaid, 88 cents; per 1-4 pound, 30 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

THE VICTOR.

This new squash which we were first to catalogue, is of a rich orange-yellow color, generally with a hard shell thickly covered with warts. The flesh is thickmeated and the quality good during its season, which is from September to December. An excellent cropper, the squashes being of the size of the Essex Hybrid. They are very heavy, handling like blocks of oak. Per pound, postpaid, $1.53; per 1-4 pound, 45 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

This variety of Summer Crookneck we find grows twice as large as the common sort, averaging from 5 to 6 pounds in weight. The two engravings show about the comparative size of the Strickler and the common Summer crookneck. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.08; 1-4 pound, 40 cents; ounce, 15 cents; package, 5 cents.

INTRODUCTORY.

Of all vegetables to preserve from season to season please commend us (as we kindly commend you) to the Winter Crookneck squash. It is a sure grower, with a quality of its own, not fine, but with a flavor of old time, and a first-rate keeper. It is perfectly at home in the homestead, for we have kept them well for two years, and so we invite our customers to join with us in reviving a custom which is truly honored in the observance, that of growing some Winter Crooknecks and hanging them up in the kitchen, as did our fathers of old. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.38; 1-4 pound, 40 cents; ounce, 15 cents; package, 5 cents.

BOSTON MARROW.

This is a standard fall variety of a rich orange color and very productive. It was introduced and named in 1834 by John M. Ives of Salem, Mass. The above engraving represents its original form, but by careful selection it has been made rounder in shape like the Golden Bronze (see page 30).

We would recommend the Boston Marrow for table use until the close of November, when it can be succeeded by the winter varieties. It is the standard squash for pies. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.08; per 1-4 pound, 30 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.
SQUASHES.—Continued.

WARTED HUBBARD SQUASH.

This form of the Hubbard is a great favorite with many marketmen, as it is very striking in appearance, and having been selected for years from exceptionally large specimens, it crops heavily. The warty knobs draw general attention, and it sells in the market better than those having smooth shells. We do not think it of as good quality as the smooth-shelled sort, and the greater hardness of the shell is more apparent than real. The large size to which it has been developed has been accomplished, we think, with some sacrifice in purity, for we find that in the course of years it is necessary to cross the warty variety on the smooth Hubbard to retain the shell. Price, per pound, postpaid, $1.58; per 1-4 pound, 50 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per package, 5 cents.

SNOWFLAKE FIELD BEANS.

THE MARBLEHEAD EARLY MARROWFAT PEA.

An old friend with some of our customers which they will say is well worthy of being introduced to our new patrons. We will venture to say that every one of our customers who has raised this Marrowfat pea had a heavier crop from it than from any other variety they grew. It matters not how many kinds there were; and, further, that they got more pickings from it than from any other. This was our own experience. Having raised it on a large scale, we are ready to endorse the following points claimed by its originator:

1. With ordinary cultivation it will outyiel any variety. 2. It will do better than any variety on thin land. 3. It remains a long time in bearing. 4. Its large, well-filled pods make it very valuable as a market gardener's pea. 5. The quality is first-class; so all who have eaten it testify. 6. It is an extra strong grower. 7. It will stand drought better than any other variety.

The well-known editor of the Rural New Yorker makes this statement: "Pods large, often containing eight peas. Vines immensely strong; remains in bearing a long time. Comes in after the earliest. First picking July 1; a fine kind." Close after the earliest sorts. Per peck, per quart, $1.75. Per quart, postpaid, 50 cents: per package, 10 cents.

THE STONE TOMATO.

The stone is excellent for main crop; it is very large, and of bright scarlet color: spherical in shape; very smooth, with occasionally a specimen very slightly octagon shaped; ripens evenly to the stem; exceedingly solid and firm fleshed, of hull. It ripens a week or ten days earlier than the Mansfield.

Not subject to rot.—Prof. J. L. Budd, of Iowa State Agricultural College says: "It was large enough, smooth, firm fleshed, and, above all, not subject to rot. I did not see a rotten specimen, although a bad year for rot."

Price, per ounce, 25 cents: per package, 5 cents.
LIVINGSTON'S BEAUTY TOMATO.

This (now a standard) is as early as the Acme or Perfection, of a glowing crimson in color, with a slight tinge of purple. In shape perfectly spherical. It has a thick skin, and hence not so liable as some other varieties to crack just after a rain. Has more solid flesh and fewer seeds than average kinds. Price, per ounce, 25 cents; per package, 5 cents.

BUCKEYE STATE.

Mr. Livingston says of the Buckeye: "In addition to its extra large size, it is also smooth and uniform, and, though so large, is of the finest texture. It yields immense clusters of from four to ten purple, luscious solid fruits." Price, per ounce, 25 cents; per package, 5 cents.

BOND'S EARLY MINNESOTA.

This is the earliest of all the round spherical sorts. Of a dark red color, round as a ball, firm of flesh, and very productive; size below the average. Our customers will find it a choice variety to open the market with before the larger sorts have ripened. Price, per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

DWARF CHAMPION.

This variety grows stiff and upright, with very thick and short-stemmed stems. Fruits perfectly spherical and very brilliant in color. It can be planted as close as three feet. The foliage is very dark green in color, thick and corrugated. To grow heavily it should be liberally manured. It has become very popular. Per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 10 cents.

THE MAGNUS.

When Mr. Livingston informed us that he had a new tomato to put on the market we had some fear lest he was overdoing the matter of introducing new varieties, feeling that he had already brought out what seemed to be the best that was possible, but after having given the Magnus a test as a market tomato on rather a large scale, we are now ready to heartily endorse all the good things he has said in its favor. Color, purple; vine, potato leaved. It is thicker, heavier and more solid than either Acme or Beauty. While perfectly adapted to main crop planting, yet it matures so quickly that it will take first rank for early market. The form is perfect, uniform, large and attractive. Flesh is very firm. It is a robust grower, with short joints, setting its fruit clusters closer together than most varieties, and is therefore a heavy cropper. The fruits are very deep from stem to blossom end, many of them being almost globe-shaped. It ripens evenly, does not crack about the stem, and the flavor is most desirable. Excellent, either for open field or greenhouse. Price, per ounce, 25 cents; per package, 5 cents.

ENORMOUS.

This new tomato may well be called the Enormous, for Mr. Miesse, its originator, exhibited a dish of them, any eight of which placed in a row would measure a yard. This means, of course, that the tomatoes must have averaged 5 to 6 inches in diameter. The tomatoes average symmetrical, are solid meated, and are every way of excellent quality. A good cropper. It is doubtless the giant among the round tomatoes. The only objection to it is that a small variety now and then appears in the strain. Price, per oz., 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

EARLIANA.

The Earliana is the early tomato for gravelly but the Nolte's gives better satisfaction on heavy mucky soil. 

Anna Currier, Plainfield, Wis., writes: "Your Stone Tomatoes are the best I ever raised, although our summer was very dry they grew to an extremely large size."

NOLTE'S EARLIEST TOMATO.

(See first cover page.)

For heavy mucky soil the Nolte's is much the best of all early varieties while for gravelly, strong land the Earliana gives better satisfaction.

This gave great satisfaction on our trial grounds last season. That most excellent sort for most locations, the Earliana, in some quarters fails to do its best, while Nolte's appears to adapt itself to a greater variety of conditions, being otherwise very similar to the Earliana in earliness, size, shape of fruit and vine. Though the vine is small the fruit compares well in size with the standard sorts. Quality excellent. On our grounds, which were in a high state of cultivation, we gathered 70 bushels of ripe tomatoes from 75 plants. Price, per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 15 cents.

E. A. Horton, Winterton, N. H., writes: "The Earliana Tomato from you last spring produced the finest early tomatoes that I ever knew. And they were as large, handsome and shapely as they were early."

John Marschal, Gettysburg, Tex., writes: "I must say that your Earliana Tomato is the best I ever raised for early use."

M. H. Huntley, Jacksonville, Me., writes: "Your late introductions in tomatoes—the Earliana and New Magnus—are simply first-class. They were both ready to pick in August."
JAMES J. H. GREGORY & SON'S RETAIL CATALOGUE.

TURNIPS.

J. R. Stanserly, Chuckey City, Tenn., writes: "Your White Egg Turnips were very fine."

WHITE EGG TURNIP.

By all odds the most popular of this class of turnips. Six hundred bushels of this fine turnip have been raised to the acre as a second crop, bringing the market gardener who raised them two hundred dollars. It is perfectly smooth, of a pure, clear white, growing half out of the ground, and at times to the size of a Ruta-baga. A very choice kind for table use, of excellent flavor, sweet and mild. It pulls clean from the ground, and with its thin, snow-white skin, looks almost as attractive as would a basket of huge eggs. It is a first-rate keeper for winter use. Our stock is from headquarters. Comes to size for use just after Early Red Top.

Price, per pound, postpaid, 58 cents; per 1-4 pound, 20 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

BUDLONG.

An American white Ruta-baga, earlier and rounder than any other of the sweet German, Improved White French, Rock or Russian turnips, all of which names are given, in different localities, to the various strains of white Ruta-Baga. Mr. Budlong, probably the most extensive raiser of Ruta-bagas in New England, has by years of careful selection, produced this excellent strain. Price, per pound, postpaid, 58 cents; per 1-4 pound, 20 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

SCARLET KASHMYR.

The beautiful pinkish red color of this new turnip makes it very striking. It is unique among turnips, bearing some resemblance to a large radish. It produces large, smooth, white-fleshed roots, of excellent keeping qualities. Among the earliest. Price, per pound, postpaid, 58 cents; per 1-4 pound, 20 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

IMPROVED PURPLE TOP SWEDE.

A very early, free-growing variety, with short neck and small top; flesh, deep yellow. "The handsomest Purple Top Swede in cultivation," says the English firm who introduces it. Price, per pound, postpaid, 58 cents; per 1-4 pound, 20 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

EARLY PURPLE TOP MILAN.

This variety of turnip is sent out by the same reliable firm that sent out the Munich. Earlier than the Munich. Of the strap-leaved class, flat in shape, of excellent quality. Price, per pound, postpaid, 68 cents; per 1-4 pound, 20 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

Bond's Wisconsin Golden Salsify

By test made in our experimental grounds, we find this new salsify to be a decided improvement on the common kind. It is a distinct sort; it makes larger roots than the standard variety, while the flavor when cooked we found to be fully as rich. The flesh is of a yellow cast. Our customers will find this an acquisition. Per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 5 cents.

CARTER'S ELEPHANT SWEDE TURNIP.

Our English brothers leave us adequately in the shade in the raising of turnips, especially of the Swede class, and if any improvement is made in varieties, it is usually by them. The Messrs. Carter, a standard authority in varieties, present to the public a new turnip which they have named Elephant Swede. It has been tested in England, Scotland and Ireland, and side by side with the standard varieties, including, of course, Skirving's, and has proved to be superior to all of them, in some instances giving as much as ten tons more per acre. Price, per pound, postpaid, 48 cents; per 1-4 pound, 20 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.

EXTRA EARLY WHITE MILAN.

For early use the white top turnips are better than the purple. In our experimental grounds this white variety matured earlier than the Purple Milan, which makes it the earliest of all turnips. Top and tap root small. Certainly the king of the extra early turnips. The beauty of its clear white color and the fine symmetry of its shape, make this a very attractive variety. It takes in the market. Per pound, postpaid, 83 cents; per 1-4 pound, 25 cents; per ounce, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents.
LINCOLN OATS.

A Western firm who have had a large experience in oat raising pronounce the Lincoln oat “the best oat now before the American people. First, because of its great productiveness, four farmers having raised from 120 to 174 bushels from a single bushel of seed. Second, because it is very pure. Third, because it appears to be nearly rust proof. Fourth, because it stands up better than most kinds. Fifth, because its thin hull, soft rib, and heavy meat make it an excellent feeding oat. Sixth, it makes an excellent oatmeal.” We have before us recommendations from twenty-one farmers located in fourteen states, each of which substantiates one or all of the above claims. John S. Hyatt, Hoosac, N. Y., writes us: “From one acre of land planted to your Lincoln oats I raised 78 bushels of fine oats and a very heavy crop of straw.” Price, per bushel per express, $1.65; per peck, 55 cents; 3 pounds, per mail, 50 cents; pound, 20 cents; package, 10 cents.

IRISH VICTOR OATS.

This variety originated in Ireland and was introduced in America three years ago. The introducers claim that it has proven superior to all other sorts grown in the same section in vigor of growth, stiffness of straw and productiveness. It is a very large oat, plump and heavy, pure white in color, entirely free from rust and smut and a great yielder. It will please every one who plants it. They grew thick and even, stood up perfectly and did not color, as did most oats last season. Those who have tested it are thoroughly in love with the Irish Victor. Price, per peck, per express, 50 cents; per bushel, $1.40; 3 pounds, per mail, 50 cents; 1 pound, 20 cents; per package, 10 cents.

MANSURY BARLEY.

A six-rowed barley, with very long heads, well filled and heavy; straw bright and strong. In our experimental grounds the Mansury proved to be the earliest of the five leading varieties which were tested there. The Baxter is the only variety we have found to be earlier. Price, per bushel, $1.50; per peck, 50 cents; per pound, postpaid, 20 cents; per package, 10 cents.

CHAMPION BEARDELESS BARLEY. (New.)

This is an improved beardless barley similar to the Success but it is larger, has a longer straw and yields more per acre. It is perfectly pure and literally beardless, just as represented, which makes it pleasant to handle, while the straw can be fed stock without fear of injury. While growing it looks like a wheat but after being threshed looks like barley. It is earlier than any bearded barley, better to seed with, better for feeding, and yields fully as well. Price, per peck, per express, 60 cents; per bushel, $2.00; 3 pounds, postpaid, 50 cents; 1 pound, 20 cents; per package, 10 cents.

SASKATCHEWAN SPRING WHEAT.

Says Charles A. Pillsbury, of Minneapolis, Minn., of the Saskatchewan (whose mill has a capacity of seventy-five hundred barrels per day): “No such milling wheat has been received at our mill since we have been in the milling business.” Per bushel of 60 pounds, per express, $2.25; per peck, 65 cents; one pound, postpaid, 20 cents; per package, 10 cents.

ALFALFA OR LUCERNE.

In this the success turns on using American-grown seed, and planting it in deep, porous soil, and keeping clean of weeds the first season. A top dressing, with fine manure, would help it through the first winter. Sow at the rate of 12 to 15 lbs. per acre. Price, per pound, postpaid, 30 cents; per package, 10 cents. Price, per bushel upon application.

TIMOTHY, RED TOP, AND RED CLOVER SEED OF EXTRA QUALITY.

Every farmer has learned to his sorrow in the course of his farming life that ordinary grass seed as sold at the stores comes mixed with more or less of white daisy, plantain, thistle, pig weed, smart weed, wild carrot, dock, etc., while in clover he finds buckthorn, plantain, dock in two varieties, smart weed, sorrel, wax weed, etc., and in addition more or less of sand and dirt in each. We have resolved hereafter to catalogue such a grade of seed only as shall be free of weeds of all kinds. This costs in the market a few cents more than the ordinary grade, but we have faith to believe our customers will endorse the wisdom of the step. The cheap ordinary stuff sold under the name of “choice,” “prime,” or “extra prime,” is often the prime cause for a good deal of vexation and no small loss by seeding our mowings with foul stuff, some of the weeds being like the dock and daisy. perennials and therefore very hard to get rid of. The quality of the hay produced on such land is consequently reduced in value. Let us not forget that the extra advantage for using pure seed extends through all the three or five years of the seeding down, and distributing the entire cost through these years, we shall find that it will amount to but a few cents per acre, while the annual difference in the market value of the crops may be a serious one. In one sample of red clover examined at the Department of Agriculture at Washington, there were sufficient queer seeds to average one to every six inches in drills nine inches apart. The seed we catalogue is that cleaned by the famous Whitney-Eckstein Seed Company, and while they have several grades, we wish our customers to know that those which we catalogue are their very best, and that the contained per peck of 11-14 pounds, $1.00. Red Clover, per bushel of 60 pounds, $8.75; per peck of 15 pounds, $2.50. Red Top, per bushel of 30 pounds, $4.10; per peck of 9 pounds, $1.30. For prices for lesser quantities see page 51.
PLANTS FOR FODDER, ETC.

SAND, WINTER, OR HAIRY VETCH. (Vicia villosa.)

One of the pea vine class of plants, exceedingly nutritious, surpassing even the several varieties of clover. It will do better than other fodder crops on poor soil, while on good soil it makes a rank growth of four or five feet. It is a great favorite with cattle and can be fed with safety to any stock. Perfectly hardy all over the United States, and will remain green all winter. Sow for spring use in August or September, mix it with clover, or, in spring, with oats, to help support it. It is one of the earliest of fodder crops for spring cutting—a full crop can be cut in season to plough and plant any other crop on the same land. Wherever Scarlet Clover winter kills, by all means plant this. In the South and dry West it will make a capital hay crop by fall sowing it, for it will make its growth in the fall and spring months, before the dry weather sets in. One bushel per acre, with half bushel of Rye. Price, per bushel of 60 lbs., $8.50; per peck of 15 lbs., $2.25; three lbs., per mail, 75 cents; one lb., 30 cents; package, 10 cents.

MILO MAIZE.

Yields from six to sixteen stalks from one seed; much sweeter than cornstalks. It stands wind and drought that would ruin corn. It will sprout again after cutting. Grows from six to ten feet high. Four pounds of seed plant an acre. Price, per peck of 15 pounds, express, $1.25; per pound, postpaid, 20 cents; per package, 10 cents.

GIANT BEGGAR WEAED. (New.)

A new forage plant which appears to be especially of value for the South. This seed is hard to vegetate. The Commissioner of Agriculture for Florida advises "every farmer in the South to give this new plant a trial. It is superior to corn, peas or clover, because it is more fattening than either, or any forage plant known, and will thrive on much poorer land." Price, per pound, postpaid, 65 cents; per 1-4 pound, 20 cents; per package, 10 cents.

KAFFIR CORN.

The stalks of this keep green and are brittle and juicy, making fodder, green or dry, which is relished by cattle, horses and mules. Kaffir Corn, Doura, and Milo Maize stand dry weather better than corn, and will thrive west of the 100th meridian, where the seasons are too dry for corn. Its seed heads, eight or ten inches long, are eagerly eaten by horses, hogs and fowls. It cannot be relied upon to mature its seed in the latitudes of New England. Price, per peck, of 15 pounds, by express, $1.25; per pound, postpaid, 20 cents; per package, 10 cents.

YELLOW DOURA.

This is earlier than the Branching Doura (or Milo Maize) and is not so delicate in starting. The grain, which is abundant, is readily eaten by cows, horses, hogs, and mules. It grows from nine to twelve feet high, bearing the grain on the large tops. Price, per peck of 15 pounds, $1.25; per pound, postpaid, 20 cents; per package, 10 cents.

COW PEAS.

The black variety. This is of great value, both in the Southern and in the Northern states as a green summer feed for sheep and as a green crop for ploughing under to enrich the soil. Sow for ploughing under at the rate of two bushels to the acre and with oats at the rate of 1 1-2 bushels of each per acre. Price, per bushel, per express, $2.25; per peck, 65 cents.

PEARL MILLET OR MAND'S WONDER GRASS.

We find on trial the difference between Mands Wonder and Pearl Millet to be too slight to make one in any costly degree preferable to the other, indeed, we are inclined to the belief that one or both of them are in the market with interchanged names; such being the case we would recommend our customers to buy the cheaper seed of the two, viz., the Pearl Millet, to which same description of amazing growth and fodder qualities will equally apply. This will thrive in this country in any latitude that will produce corn. It is an annual with foliage resembling corn leaves. When fully grown it is from 12 to 15 feet high with numerous heads covered with seed much relished by ponies. Each plant throws out numerous shoots, sometimes as high as 60 and if raised on rich soil and cut when 2 or 3 feet high can be moved from four to five times, yielding many tons of dry hay. If cut when 7 feet high it will yield the heaviest fodder crop per acre of any plant under cultivation. It is sweeter than corn. Don't plant before ground is warm, then it can be planted May 15. On strong land it has given five cuttings, each of which a crop of millet.

Sow 6 pounds per acre in drills 3 feet apart or broadcast at the rate of 30 pounds per acre. Price, per pound, postpaid, 35 cents; per 1-4 pound, 10 cents; per package, 5 cents; per pound, per express, 17 cents; 10 pounds and upwards, per express, 10 cents per pound.

ORCHARD GRASS.

(Dactylis glomerata.) It is one of the most desirable of all pasture grasses, coming earlier in the spring, and remaining later in the autumn, than any other. It grows to a height of two to two and one-half feet, and produces an immense quantity of foliage. It yields a large amount of hay, and sends up a thick growth very quickly after being cut. It is well adapted to sow either for grazing or for hay. Blossoms same time as Red Clover. Three bushels to the acre; fourteen pounds to a bushel. Price, per pound, postpaid, 30 cents; express, 22 cents.

JAPANESE BUCKWHEAT.

The kernels of this buckwheat are larger than the common kind; the straw is stouter and heavier. It branches more, and it does not need to be sown as thickly; the flour made from it is thought to be equal to that from any other buckwheat; it is a very heavy cropper, and less apt to blight than other varieties. Price, per bushel, $1.60; per peck, per express, 50 cents; per pound, by mail, 20 cents; per package, 10 cents.

CANADA FIELD PEA5 AND OATS FOR FODDER.

These at the rate per acre of one bushel of peas to one and one-half bushels of oats make very profitable fodder from June 25 to August 1, for cows and sheep. The peas should be lightly ploughed in when sown, and the oats broadcast and brushed in immediately afterward. Price of the peas, per bushel, $2.25, per express.

THE BEST CORN FOR THE SILO.

Continuing the test of all the large Dext varieties suitable for the silo that are offered, we still prefer and recommend the Leening. It is very tall and leafy, and the very large ears will mature in New England. The Mexican June variety, just introduced, grows sixteen feet high, the first ear in our experimental grounds starting 10 feet from the ground. It grows leaves most abundantly, and cannot, we think, be surpassed as a silo corn where stalks and leaves are most desired. When ears count for much, then give us the Leening before all others. Price, per bushel of Leening, $1.75.

THE HOLLANDER CABBAGE.

The Hollander is one of the best of those hard heading foreign varieties, which have been imported into our markets after spring is well advanced. We find that in this country as fine heads can be raised as are imported. The heads are thick, round, of medium size and about as hard as a rock. Plant at least a fortnight earlier than the common Drumhead, and mature very liberally. Per pound, postpaid, $2.83; per 1-4 pound, 80 cents; per ounce, 30 cents; per package, 5 cents.

MAMMOTH ROCK RED CABBAGE.

This is a variety of Red Drumhead which, while in every other respect equal to our standard sort, makes larger heads. The head is large, round, very solid, and of deep red color. Ninety-eight per cent. of the plants will form extra fine heads. Per pound, postpaid, 30 cents; per 1-4 pound, 60 cents; per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

Be sure and write your name on your order; also giving Post Office, County and State. Goods ordered at mail prices are sent per mail, postpaid, by us.
JAPANESE MILLET—CRUS GALLI.

This new millet has become exceedingly popular as a forage plant. The Crus Galli straw chopped, crushed, moistened, and sprinkled with meal is readily eaten by cattle and horses. The seed itself appears to equal in value corn meal for milk production and is excellent for poultry. For green fodder, sow it at the rate of 12 to 15 quarts per acre. We have raised it on our farm both seeded and fodder purposes with very satisfactory results. The leaves are larger than those of either "Hungarian" or "German" and the crop very much heavier. Either as a grain producer or as a source for abundant green fodder, this millet is a great acquisition to the agriculture of the country. When thinly seeded in drills, growths from six to seven feet in height.

F. R. Woodward, of Hill, N. H., tells us that his cows left sweet fodder corn, Pearl Millet, and common grass, and took Crus Galli in preference. He supposed it was because the stalks were so much sweeter. They increased their milk when fed on it. Mr. Wm. C. Dunham, of Ridgeland Farm writes: "My yield of Crus Galli was at the rate of 21 3-4 tons per acre. Sown at the same time as German Millet, it gives a valuable succession of green fodder."

I. H. Davis, Pittsfield, Me., writes: "That Japanese Millet, Crus Galli, is a great thing for green fodder for stock."

Per bushel, of 35 pounds, per express, $2.00; per peck, of 8 3-4 pounds, 60 cents; 3 pounds, postpaid, 50 cents; 1 pound, 20 cents; per package, 10 cents.

SOJA OR SOYA BEANS.

We have grown about all the varieties of Soja imported directly from Japan, and from them we have selected two to catalogue.

American Coffee Berry.—This variety of Soja has been sold in the West at fabulous prices. It does not even belong to the coffee family of plants; still it is a fact, as we find by actual test, that when roasted and coarsely ground it tastes so nearly like the Brazilian coffee, the difference is scarcely perceptible. It is a rare experience to find so much about it, being the most nutritious of all vegetable products, and it can be raised almost anywhere where corn will mature, yielding from twenty to thirty bushels per acre. Cows are very fond of the ground beans, and the meal mixed with corn meal makes valuable food for poultry. Price, per bushel, of 58 pounds, $3.50; per peck, per express, $1.10; per quart, 30 cents; per quart, postpaid, 45 cents; per package, 50 cents.

Medium Early Green.—This variety grows three or four feet high, giving a very heavy yield of vine, and is very valuable for green forage or soiling. It has ripened its seed in central Massachusetts every year for the last ten years. It appears to have great capacity to resist disease or blight. It is excellent to use for ensilage, layer and layer with corn, for it greatly enriches the ensilage, contributing the rich nitrogenous element in which the corn stalks are markedly deficient. For this purpose the stalks should be cut when the beans are about full sized. Sixteen quarts of Soja and ten quarts of Canada Field corn on one acre make good fodder for August. Price, per bushel, of 58 pounds, per express, $1.00; per peck, $1.25; per quart, postpaid, 45 cents; per package 10 cents.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE.

Essex Rapse makes the best of pasturage for cattle, calves, sheep and swine. An average acre is sufficient for ten to fifteen sheep or lambs, to bring them from leaner up to the good working condition without the help of grain in 70 days. Rapse is more nutritious than clover and is better for fattening. The most profitable results are attained by waiting till the plants have nearly matured before turning in the stock, which will be about two months from the time of sowing. If turned in earlier the most economical way of feeding will be to make three divisions of the pasture, turning the stock from one to the other, thus giving the plants time to renew their growth. In the more Northern and Northwestern states it is grown from early June till the ground freezes, and in the South if sown in the fall, it will supply green feed to the open portion of the winter. It does best on deep, rich, moist soils, the richer the better; good corn soil in good condition will give a good crop of rape. Make the soil very fine, and sow four to five pounds of seed broadcast and harrow well in; or from one to two pounds in drills twenty-four to thirty inches apart. When in drills keep clear at early stages, if turned in the stock, there is danger of bloom in cattle and sheep if turned in on crops when hungry to eat their fill. Either turn in after they have had first feed on ordinary pasturage, or change from the rape after a short feed on it. Price, per pound, per express, 10 cents; 25 pounds and upwards, 9 cents per pound; 3 pounds, per mail, 60 cents; one pound, 20 cents; per package, 10 cents.

POULTRY DRESSING.

We catalogue Poultry Dressing, which is a strictly first-class article made from American grown sage and other herbs, while the dressings generally on the market often contain foreign grown herbs, which are poorly cured. Price, per box, postpaid, 10 cents; per express, 8 cents; per dozen, postpaid, $1.00; per dozen, per express, 80 cents.

HONEST SAGE AND MUSTARD.

My wife for years has not been able to find in the market the old-fashioned sage, with its good green color and strong sage flavor. What she found was a dirty-colored article, with scarcely any strength to it, and when for this reason an increased quantity was used, which gave a bitter taste to the dressing. We have recently found a young man who is at the pith of dressing and grinding these things in the good old-fashioned way, using the leaves with care and grinding them up in coarse and grinding them up in a very laborious process; but by his skill, he is enabled to retain the green color, and what is more important, the strong sage flavor. He is also putting up ground mustard in the same honest way, giving a thoroughly pure article of full strength, whereas that in the market is generally adulterated with Indian meal or horse radish, with some coloring substance added. He puts up his mustard and sage in tin boxes. The mustard weighs four ounces and the sage two ounces per box. We can send these to such of our customers as want a pure article, at 12 cents a box for the sage, and 18 cents for the mustard, postpaid by us; or for 10 and 14 cents respectively, when either by express or freight, and two cents less per box of each either way, where a dozen of each is taken. The same trustworthy young man also puts up sage in the leaf for those who so prefer it. Price, per large package, 12 cents postpaid.
Complete List of Vegetable Seeds with Full Prices.

One half bushel at bushel rates; half peck at peck rates; half pound at pound rates; pints at quart rates: As a rule, the earliest varieties are placed at the head of each list.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seed Name</th>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price Information</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ASPARAGUS</td>
<td>(German, Spargel; French, Asperge.) For roots see page 51. Sow the seed in the seed-bed late in the fall or in the early spring, as soon as the ground can be worked, in drills one foot apart, covering the seed about one inch deep. Thin the plants to three inches in the row. The rows may be removed to the permanent bed when one or two years old. In preparing the ground no pains should be spared, as a well-established and carefully cultivated asparagus bed will continue in good condition for twenty-five years or more. Select deep, rich, mellow soil, using a liberty of well-ripened manure. Set the roots so that the crowns will be four inches below the surface of the ground in rows three feet apart, and one foot apart in the rows. Apply a dressing of manure in autumn, working the same into the ground in the spring, taking care not to injure the roots. The leaf will produce shoots. fit for cutting the second or third year after transplanting. Stop cutting when peas come to market. One ounce to sixty feet of drill.</td>
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<td>Prices of Seeds</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Early Giant Argenteuil. (New.) See pages 2-6.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Columbian Mammoth White. See page 9.</td>
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<td>Moors’ Crossbred. See page 9.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Conover’s Colossal. The standard variety, and it holds its own.</td>
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<td>BEANS, Dwarf, Snap or Bush. (German, Busche-Bohne; French, Haricot.)</td>
<td>Select light, warm soil, and plant when danger from frost is past in the spring, in drills two and a half to three feet apart, dropping the beans about two inches apart in the drill, and covering one inch deep. Keep the ground clean and the plants free from weeds. They will grow tall, but do not draw the earth around the plants. Avoid working among the vines when they are wet, as it will tend to make them rust. One quart to a hundred and fifty feet of drill.</td>
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<td>BOUNTIFUL. (New.) See page 9.</td>
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<td>Burpee’s Stringless Pod Bush. (New.) See page 9.</td>
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<td>IMPROVED ROUND YELLOW SIX WEEKS. Early, good, meaty; rich, or dry shelled.</td>
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<td>Early China, or “Red.” An old, popular, early variety.</td>
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<td>Early Valentine. Pods long, round, and tender; standard extra early bean in Middle States</td>
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<td>Early Mohawk. Very hardy, early and productive, flat podded.</td>
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<td>Early Yellow Six Weeks. Very early and productive; standard sort, but soon grows stringy.</td>
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<td>Refugee, or a Thousand to One. A very prolific bush sort, fine for canning, round podded.</td>
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<td>LOW’S CHAMPION. For table, garden, or market; round, red, large podded and stringless.</td>
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<td>IMPROVED YELLOW SIX WEEKS. For table, garden, or market; round, red, large podded and stringless.</td>
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<td>Dun Cranberry. One of the best for string; early, good as a green or dry shell bean.</td>
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<td>Henderson’s Bush Lima. Two weeks earlier than the pole lima. A bush strain of Sieva.</td>
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<td>DREER’S BUSH LIMA. See page 9.</td>
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<td>EARLY CARMINE PODDED DWARF HORTICULTURAL. See page 10.</td>
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<td>Boston Favorite, or Goddard. Pods mostly rich carmine color; market sort. Second early</td>
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<td>Intermediate Horticultural. Half-bush; variety; prolific; standard sort for market gardeners.</td>
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<td>Improved Goddard. (New.) See page 10. Second early as a dwarf horticultural.</td>
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<td>Burlingame Medium. White field bean; early and prolific, in size between marrow and pea.</td>
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<td>Improved Yellow Eye. One of the best varieties for baking, remarkably vigorous and prolific.</td>
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<td>Fresh or Old Pod. Small, round, white variety; very productive; standard sort for field culture.</td>
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<td>White Marrow. A prolific, large, dark-green bean; excellent for field culture.</td>
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<td>SNOWFLAKE FIELD. See page 32.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Red Kidney. A standard red field sort; fine for baking.</td>
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<td>WAXEN PODDED VARIETIES.</td>
<td>Round Pod Kidney Wax. (New.) See page 9.</td>
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<td>Keeney’s Penncle Pod Wax. (New.) See page 10.</td>
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<td>40 55 10</td>
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<td>IMPROVED BLACK WAX. (New.) See page 10.</td>
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<td>40 55 10</td>
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<td></td>
<td>IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX. Improvement on the dwarf golden wax; less liable to rust.</td>
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<td>40 55 10</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IMPROVED BLACK WAX. Superior for a snap bean. Fine strain of early dwarf wax; very prolific.</td>
<td></td>
<td>40 55 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IMPROVED BLACK WAX. Vigorous, erect plant; pods larger and longer than Dwarf Black Wax.</td>
<td></td>
<td>40 55 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IMPROVED BLACK WAX. Vigorous plant; pods larger and longer than Dwarf Black Wax.</td>
<td></td>
<td>40 55 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CHALLENGE DWARF BLACK WAX. See page 10.</td>
<td></td>
<td>40 55 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>WARDWELL’S KIDNEY WAX. Extra early; very prolific, broad, pods five inches long.</td>
<td></td>
<td>40 55 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Early Golden-Eyed Wax. Probably as little subject to rust as any dwarf variety.</td>
<td></td>
<td>40 55 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Crystal White Wax. Pods small, but remarkably prolific; much used for canning.</td>
<td></td>
<td>40 55 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BEANS, Pole or running varieties. (German, Stangen-Bohne; French, Haricots a Rames.)</td>
<td>Set the seed three by three or four feet apart, and plant six to eight beans around each pole, thinning to four healthy plants. They require the same soil and treatment as the pole varieties, and treatment prescribed that they crave stronger soil and do best in a sheltered location. One plant to one hundred and fifty feet of poles.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Prices of Seeds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>EARLY GOLDEN-EYED POLE CRANBERRY. Earliest pole cranberry; delicious cooked</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Concord. Considerably earlier than the London Horticul. good for string or shell.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LONDON HORTICULTURAL, OR WREN’S EGG. Poles striped; fine string or shell.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brockton. Longer podded than London Hortic. and of darker and richer color, a fine cropper.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MAMMOTH CARAMEINE-PODED HORTICULTURAL POLE. (New.) See page 10.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Items in capitals are specially recommended.
| BEANS, Pole or running.—Continued. |  |
|—— | ———— |  |
| KENTUCKY WONDER. | Long, green podded. Better for snapping than shelling. | ———— |  |
| Southern Prolific. | A standard at the South, but should be in every garden; productive. | ———— |  |
| Caseknife. | A white pole bean of great richness either as green shelled or when baked. | ———— |  |
| Yard Long. | When cooked bell about three feet long; a decided novelty. | ———— |  |
| Painted Lady. | Either for ornament or use. | ———— |  |
| Scarlet Runner. | The largest of all shell beans for eating; fine for ornament. | ———— |  |
| LAZY WIVES. | A late white pole sort; fine for succession. For shelling or baking. | ———— |  |
| SIEBERT'S LIMA. | The earliest of the large pole limas; hardy and vigorous. | ———— |  |
| King of the Garden Lima. | See page 1. | ———— |  |
| Earl of Linn.-Early or Frost. | Two weeks earlier than large Lima. | ———— |  |
| LARGE LIMA. | As a shell bean, surpasses all in quality. | ———— |  |
| Dreer's Improved Lima. | Rather later, but more prolific than large Lima; round in shape. | ———— |  |

**WAXEN PODDED POLE VARIETIES.**

| Variety | Description | Price | Page |
|—— | ———— | ———— | ———— |
| Kentucky Wonder Wax. | (New.) See page 1. | 2.25 |  |
| GOLDEN CHAMPION. | (New.) See page 1. | 1.60 |  |
| Golden Butter Wax. | Early: very prolific; very handsome; in fact, very first-class, a standard. | 1.60 |  |
| EARLY GOLDEN CLUSTER. | Wax. See page 10. In the front rank of wax pole varieties. | 1.75 |  |
| Indian Chief, or Black Algerian Wax. | Always in order for stringing; pods yellowish white. | 1.60 |  |

**BEET.** (German, Rudel-Rute; French, Betterave.) **Table Varieties.**

Select a deep, rich loam and manure with well-decomposed compost. Sow in drills fourteen to sixteen inches apart and cover one inch deep. When the young plants appear, thin to four or five inches apart. For early use, sow as soon as ground can be worked in the spring, for autumn use, about the middle of May, and for winter use, about the 20th of June, according to variety, the long varieties requiring more time to mature than the round early kinds. When sown late increase the quantity of seed. To preserve during winter cover with earth to keep from wilting, and if possible two or three times more. Dirigo. (New.) See page 11. | 60 | 18 | 10 |
| Egyptian. | Earlier than Bassano. Tops remarkably small. | 40 | 18 | 10 |
| CROSBY'S EARLY EGYPTIAN. | See page 11. | 60 | 18 | 10 |
| ECLIPSE. | About as early as the Egyptian. Now a first-class standard early market variety. | 60 | 18 | 10 |
| Crimson Globe. | (New.) See page 11. | 40 | 18 | 10 |
| CERTAIN. | Planted in July, were marketable by Nov. | 50 | 18 | 10 |
| BAUST'S NEW CRIMSON OR MITCHELL'S PERFECTED. | See page 11. | 50 | 18 | 10 |
| DETROIT DARK RED. | See page 11. | 50 | 18 | 10 |
| Early Bassano. | One of the earliest; fine in quality. | 40 | 15 | 10 |
| Bastian Early Blood Turnip. | As early as the Bassano, but of much darker color; small top. | 40 | 15 | 10 |
| Early Blood Turnip. | A standard sort; good for summer or winter. | 50 | 18 | 10 |
| Arlington Favorite. | Fine early sort, dark red, small leaves, good shape, fine flavor. | 50 | 18 | 10 |
| EDMUNDS'. | See page 11. | 50 | 18 | 10 |
| Dewing's Early Blood Turnip. | Very symmetrical, free from fibrous roots. A popular beet. | 50 | 18 | 10 |
| Yellow Turnip. | An early sort of a beautiful golden yellow color, the best for quality. | 50 | 18 | 10 |
| Long Smooth Dark Blood. | Excellent for winter use; smooth skinned; flesh dark red. | 40 | 18 | 10 |

**MANGOLD WURTZEL.**

The Mangold Wurtzels are grown for stock, and as they grow larger require more room. They should be sown in drills about one foot apart, and thinned to twelve or fifteen inches in the row. (See our work on Mangold Wurtzels, etc.) One ounce will sown a foot of drill. Five pounds per acre.

Globe Mangolds succeed better than the long sorts on sandy soil. Do not begin to feed them until midwinter.

| GATE POST. | Orange-colored skin, no sprangling roots, small top, heavy cropper. | 30 | 10 |
| Hortobin Giant. | A standard Mammoth Long Red; very extensively grown. | 25 | 10 |
| CARTE'S ORANGE GLOBE. | The best variety of Yellow Globe. | 30 | 10 |
| GIANT YELLOW INTERMEDIATE. | See page 11. | 25 | 10 |
| Golden Tankard. | Tankard shaped; flesh deep yellow, with colored rings; good cropper. | 25 | 10 |
| IMPROVED AMERICAN SUGAR OR LANE'S. | A long white variety; for stock. | 25 | 10 |
| Vilmmorin's Improved French White Sugar. | The variety cultivated for making sugar. | 30 | 10 |
| White Sulphur Sugar. | Raised in France for sugar, also excellent for feeding stock. | 25 | 10 |
| Red Giant Ovoid. | Very large, oval shape; pulls up very freely from dirt. | 30 | 10 |
| Yellow Globe. | Very large, oval shape; pulls up very freely from dirt. | 25 | 10 |

**BERBERRY.**

One of the best shrubs for hedges. Perfectly hardy. Never winter kills, and grows on any soil; makes a thick close, impenetrable hedge that will turn cattle, and promises to become the hedge plant of North America. The berries make excellent preserves. As the seeds of the berries do best when planted in the berry, we will receive orders and file them to be filled in the fall, as soon as the fruit is matured and dried.

**BRUSSELS SPROUTS.** (German, Kopfkohl; French, Chou de Bruxelles.)

A class of plants allied to the Cabbage family, producing great numbers of small heads or sprouts on the main stem of the plant, which are used in the manner of cabbages. Plant in rich soil, in hills two feet apart each way, and thin to one plant to the hill. Long Island Improved. Of dwarf habit; very prolific; heads first-class. Balkeith. More dwarf and compact than the old sorts and produces, larger sprouts. Dwarf Improved. The standard variety.

**Items in capitals are specially recommended.**
BROCCOLI. (German, Spargel Kohl; French, Chou Broccoli.)

The Broccolis are closely allied to the Cauliflower family, so nearly so that the Walcheren variety is sometimes classed with Cauliflower. They require similar cultivation and treatment to cauliflower.

- Large White Early French. A standard French variety.
- Walcheren White. One of the very best.
- Purple Cape. Late, large, compact.

CABBAGE. (German, Kopfkohl; French, Pomme de Chou.)

All the principal varieties of cabbage, making over one-half of the list below, are of our own growing.

Cabbage will thrive on any good corn land, though the stronger the soil the better they will develop. New land is preferable. Plough thoroughly and manure very liberally. The early sorts bear planting from eighteen inches to two feet apart in the rows, with the rows from two to two and a half feet apart; the large varieties to be from two to four feet apart in the rows, with the rows from two and a half to four feet apart but the largest varieties can be planted at the least distances named and do well. The crops should receive as many as three hoings and three cultivations. Cabbage will not usually follow cabbage or turnips successfully in field culture, unless three or four years have intervened between the crops. For late fall marketing, plant drumhead sorts from June 10 to 20. For minute information, see our treatise on "Cabbage." One ounce to about two thousand plants.

EARLIEST VARIETIES.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>When to See</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Packages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Earliest. (New.)</td>
<td>See page 13</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD. This strain grows larger than the early Jersey.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Express. Vilmosin of Paris places this at the head of the early sorts; larger than Wakefield.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD. See p. 13. Standard early in Boston and New York.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HENDERSON'S EARLY SUMMER. This drumhead cabbage is much larger than the Early Wakefield, though not quite as early. Very popular among market gardeners.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL-SEASONS. See p. 12. Now the standard large drumhead variety.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RED SUMMER BALL HEAD. (New.) See page 13.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very Early Stamas. A fine, early heart-shaped sort; Resembles Wakefield.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little Pixie. A small, tender cabbage, pointed heads. Earlier than Early York; heads hard.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early York. One of the earliest; an old standard sort.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EARLY SPRING. (See page 12.)</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GLORY OF ENKUHISEN. (New.) See page 12.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECOND EARLY.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>When to See</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Packages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TWISS' EARLY DRUMHEAD. (New.) See page 12.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERFURT ROUND SUGAR. (New.) See page 12.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EARLY WINNINOSTADT. Heads large, conical, shaped solid; one of the best for all soils.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elderkraut. The heads are conical in shape, large size. Can be used as medium early.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Newark&quot; Early Flat Dutch. Best strain of Second Early in New York market. Heads solid.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FOTTIER'S EARLY BRISBANE. Earliest of the large-heading drumheads. Headquarters stock.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Succession. See page 13.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WARREN. See page 13. This grows to good size for selling by the barrel.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EARLY DEEP HEAD. See page 12.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Head. Allied to our Early Deep Head. Early, good-sized, hard heading, heads finely.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

LATE KINDS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>When to See</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Packages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>THE HOUSER. (New.) See page 12.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOLID EMPEROR. (New.) See page 13. Grown from selected heads.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Hollanders. (New.) See page 36.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Danish Ball Head. See page 12.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Busowka Late Round. (New.) Round and hard as a cannon ball; heads of good size.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green Glazed. A standard variety in the South.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diamond Winter. A large sized, reliable, round hard heading variety; not liable to crack.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GREGORY'S HARD HEADING. See page 13.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marblehead Mammoth Drumhead. Largest cabbage in world. See p. 13.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stone-Mason Drumhead. True and fine. A standard variety in Boston markets.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PREMIUM FLAT DUTCH. Excellent for winter; extensively grown everywhere; a standard</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RED VARIETIES.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>When to See</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Packages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Earliest Blood-Red Erfurt. The earliest of all the red varieties, short-stumped, hard heading.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RED DUTCH. The old variety for pickling.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Drumhead. Larger than Red Dutch, more profitable; heads round; reliable for heading.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAMMOTH ROCK RED. See page 36.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SAVOY.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>When to See</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Packages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Early Ulm Savoy. One of the earliest; unsurpassed in quality; capital for family use.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMPROVED AMERICAN SAVOY. See page 13. Very reliable for heading; very sweet and tender.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drumhead Savoy. We have an absolutely fine strain of this large drumhead.</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Items in capitals are specially recommended.
CARROT. (German, Möhre; French, Carotte.)

Carrots thrive best in a sandy loam free from stones. The ground should be well manured with fine, well rotted composted manure, six to eight inches deep, and turnploughed in the long direction, to the right angles with the rope. Also cultivate and dig, if there are any lumps, and then rake level, drawing all remaining lumps and stones. Plant in rows fourteen inches apart and thin plants to three to four inches in the rows. Plant from the middle of April to the middle of May, to insure cure. As the dry spells, which sometimes prevail in June, are apt to prevent the germination of the seed, or to burn the plants as soon as they appear above ground, it is therefore advisable to increase the quantity of seed which, under the circumstances, will give the crop a better chance. The best root soils are chalky loams. (See our work on "Mangolds and Carrots.")

**Early Very Scarlet.** Earliest and smallest of all varieties; special value for forcing.
**Early Scarlet Horn.** Early short variety for forcing; excellent for table; color deep orange.
**Long Red Coreless.** (New.) See page 14.
**SHORT HORN.** The standard early variety; sweeter than Long Red. Good to color butter.
**CHANTENAY.** See page 14. The market gardeners find this is just what they want.
**GUERANDE.** See page 14. Enormous carrots; can be pulled by hand.
**DANVERS.** See page 14. Extra selected gardener's strain. Very fine.
**Improved Long Orange.** See page 14.
**Improved Short White.** See page 14.

**LARGE WHITE BELGIAN.** Productive; good for horses; can be pulled by hand.
**Yellow Belgian.** Grown partly out of ground; capital for late keeping of stock.

**CAULIFLOWER.** (German, Blumenkohl; French, Choufleur.)

Pursue the same course as with Cabbage, manuring rather heavier and hoeing oftener. **Plant the late varieties early as they require the whole season to mature in.** Cauliflowers cover the cool, moist weather of the fall months to perfection. One ounce for two thousand plants.

**MATZUCK.** (New.) See page 29.
**Early New.** See page 14.
**Extra Early Dwarf Erft.** Very selected.
**Italian Early Giant.** Fine, large, white-headed and early.
**EARLY SNOWBALL.** See page 14. Very dwarf, very early and reliable; 1-4 oz. 75 cents.
**Early London Market.** The best strain of this standard English sort.
**THORNBURY'S GILT EDGE.** See page 14.
**Long Island Beauty.** See page 14.
**Carter's Defiance.** This sort is fine for forcing or very early use.
**Lenormand's Short-Stemmed Mammoth.** Dwarf, and fine; reliable; plant early.
**Autumnal Late Giant.** Very large headed and productive; late; plant early.
**LATE ALGERIAN.** Large, late sort; popular with the New York gardeners; plant early.

**CELERY.** (German, Sellerie; French, Celeri.)

This vegetable can be grown as easily as beans. Plant seed in hot-bed or very early in open ground. Transplant four inches apart, when three inches high, in rich soil finely pulverized; water and protect until well rooted, then transplant into rows five or six feet apart, either on surface or in well manured trenches a foot in depth, half hilled with well rotted manure. Set the plants from eight to twelve inches apart. To blanch, draw earth around the plants from time to time, taking care not to cover the tops of the centre shoots. For winter use in the family celery needs to be hilled up only eight inches. Seed gives a good thousand.
CORN. (German, Maïs; French, Maïs.)

Do not plant before the ground has become warm—nothing is gained by it. Drill cultivation is more profitable than hill cultivation. The smaller varieties may be planted with the drills two and a half feet apart, and the stalks thinned to one inch apart. Larger sorts should have the drills three to four feet apart, and the stalks a foot apart in the rows, and the largest dent varieties eighteen inches apart. Use some rich manure in the drills. Frequently stir the earth around the roots by hoe or cultivator, but do not draw it up about the stalks. For a succession of corn for family use to be planted at the same time, we would recommend Cory, Lackey's, Sibley's, Blunt's, C. W. Stowell's and Egyptian Sweet. One quart for two hundred ears. Plant Cory by July 10th, and if the season is an average one you will have green corn early in November.

SWEET VARIETIES FOR FAMILY USE AND MARKETING IN GREEN STATE.

(German, Zucker Maïs; French, Sucre maïs.)

MAMMOTH WHITE CORY. See page 16.

CORY. Now the acknowledged standard early market sort. Our stock is fine.

White Cory. See page 16. Preferred by many on account of its color.

EARLY ESSEX. (New.) See page 16. This comes in just after Cory and surpasses it in sweetness.

LACKEY'S NEW EARLY SWEET. This comes in just after Cory and surpasses it in sweetness.

POTTER'S EXCELSIOR OR SQUANTUM. See page 16.

MEXICAN SWEET. In sweetness and tenderness this excels all varieties we are acquainted with.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN. (New.) See page 16.

Champion. Large cored; twelve rowed; comes along with Moore's Early. Pure white kernel.


Livingston's Evergreen. See page 16.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN SWEET. Green till cold weather; ears large; a standard late.

EGYPTIAN SWEET. Large late white sort very tender and sweet.

MIXED SWEET. A mixture of several good varieties.

Varieties for Field Cultivation and Popping. (German, Weichorn; French, Maïze.)

Mexican June. (New.) See page 16.

Adams' Early. A favorite in the south. The earliest of all the Dent sorts.

NELSON'S YELLOW FIELD. (New.) See page 16.

Improve Early Yellow Canada. First-rate where the seasons are short.

Sibley's Pride of the North. Probably the earliest Dent; will ripen in Northern New England.

Butler Dent. An extra early Dent; one of the best for northern climates.

LONGFELLOW'S FIELD. See page 15. We again offer a fine stock. From headquarters.

LEAMING. See page 36.

Sanford. A white flint, planted extensively for fodder, the stalks extra large and numerous.

Blunt's Prolific Field. A prolific white flint variety, too late for N. E.; fine for ensilage.

Roman Pop. or White Pop. A tender variety when popped that the common variety.

Yellow Rice Pop. (New.) Mass grown; will ripen if any variety will, further north.

Bronze Pop. See page 3.

CRESS. (German, Kreise; French, Cresson.)

Plant on rich soil, finely pulverized, in drills six or eight inches apart. That grown in the cool of the season is of the best quality. To be used as salad before the flowers appear.


Upland. Has all the characteristics of water cress and can be grown easily in any garden.


CUCUMBER (German, Gurke; French, Courgette.)

The vines require a warm location. Plant after the ground has become warm, in hills three feet apart for the smaller varieties, and four feet for the larger sorts. Manure with ashes, guano, or some well-rotted compost, working the manure just under the surface. Sprinkle vines with plater or Persian Insect Powder to protect from bugs. The frame cucumbers can be successfully grown in the open air in this country, by giving them well-sheltered location, plenty of manure, and having hills six by six. One ounce for fifty hills.

Fordhook Famous. See page 3.

Oval. (New.) See page 17.

COY'S CYCLONE. (New.) See page 17.

Early Russian. One of the very earliest of all varieties; grows about four inches long.

Early Frame. Early, short, prolific.

Early Cluster. Bears mostly in clusters; early and productive.

PEERLESS WHITE SPINE. Larger than Improved White Spine; excellent for forcing.


IMPROVED WHITE SPINE, OR ARLINGTON. Greater bearer; standard for outdoor cultivation.

Bennett's White Spine. Later than Imp. White Spine; fine strain; retains its green color well.

**Items in capitals are specially recommended.**
CUCUMBERS.—Continued.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Package Size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H. rows French</td>
<td>This strain of H. rows keeps its color after picking.</td>
<td>2.25</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French</td>
<td>Prolific picking variety. Selected by one of the largest growers in the</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>1 lb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YORK</td>
<td>Of small size, very early, vines flower and fruit until frost.</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>1 lb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Livingston’s Evergreen</td>
<td>From the originator.</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nichol</td>
<td>The old standard variety.</td>
<td>1.75</td>
<td>1 lb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Short Green</td>
<td>Clear, smooth skin, with few seeds; have been grown 26 inches long.</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAILBY’S</td>
<td>Longer and darker green than White Spine; very prolific, handsome; second</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Giant Penn</td>
<td>Clear, smooth skin, with few seeds; have been grown 26 inches long.</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved Long Green Pickl.</td>
<td>Long variety, growing 12 to 14 inches; a hard brittle pickle</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parisian Pickling</td>
<td>Fine variety for pickling; covered with prickles; flesh hard, crisp and</td>
<td>1.75</td>
<td>1 lb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOSTON PICKLING</td>
<td>A medium long variety; the standard for pickling in Boston market.</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago Pickling</td>
<td>A favorite in Chicago; prolific but not quite as early as Boston Pickling</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norborit Giant</td>
<td>English prize frame variety; sometimes growing to 30 inches.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Giant German</td>
<td>See page 17. The handsomest frame variety we ever saw.</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>4 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lemons (New.)</td>
<td>See page 17. The handsomest frame variety we ever saw.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNAKE</td>
<td>A decided novelty.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eight Varieties Mixed</td>
<td>Eight varieties are mixed in the outside.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>5 oz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DANDELION. (German, Bardeplan; French, Dent de Lion.)

This vegetable has become very popular as an early, healthful green, and the roots also are used, when dried, as a substitute for coffee. Its uses in either of these forms is particularly recommended to those who are inclined to any disease of the liver. Sow in May and drill one foot apart, covering the seed a half inch deep. A rich soil is preferable but this plant will grow anywhere.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Package Size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arlington</td>
<td>Leaves finer than Imp. Thick Leaved, very popular in Boston market</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>4 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved French Thick Leaved</td>
<td>Own growing; saved from open blossoms. 57.00 per 82 cents.</td>
<td>3.50</td>
<td>3 lb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved Broad Leaved</td>
<td>A new strain highly recommended to market gardeners.</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>1 lb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Egg Plant. (German, Eicpflege; French, Ancrage.)

Plant the seed in March in a hot-bed; or for family use, in flower-pots in a warm window. Transplant in open ground after weather has become warm and settled. In rows two feet apart. They require a rich soil and as a favorable location for warmth as the garden will afford. One ounce to fifteen hundred plants.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Package Size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White Pearl</td>
<td>(New.) Creamy white, grows large; prolific, superior eating quality.</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>7 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very Early Dwarf</td>
<td>A French variety of Long Purple; extra early.</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>3 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black Pekin</td>
<td>A variety of Round Purple; Blackish violet leaves; fruit very large.</td>
<td>2.75</td>
<td>2 lb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LONG PURPLE</td>
<td>Earlier and more productive, but smaller than Round Purple.</td>
<td>2.60</td>
<td>2 lb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEW YORK IMPROVED LONG PURPLE</td>
<td>Surpassing all in size of fruit. Standard market sort of the best variety.</td>
<td>3.50</td>
<td>3 lb</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PEVY’S IMPROVED LARGE PURPLE. (New.) See page 28

ENDIVE. (German, Endive; French, Chicoree.)

For early use sow as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, in drills fifteen inches apart, and thin plants to six or eight inches in a row. Any common garden soil will do; but a rather moist situation is preferable. To blanch the leaves, gather them carefully together when perfectly dry, and tie with string or any soft fibrous material. The best method is to invert flower-pots over the plants. The leaves are highly esteemed for use as salads. One ounce for three thousand plants.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Package Size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>London Green Curled</td>
<td>Very popular.</td>
<td>1.20</td>
<td>1 lb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fine Curled Mossy</td>
<td>Very ornamental. A little more curled than the London.</td>
<td>1.20</td>
<td>1 lb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broad Leaved Batavian</td>
<td>A large summer variety.</td>
<td>1.20</td>
<td>1 lb</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GARLIC.

Plant the bulbs on exceedingly rich soil, in rows or in ridges 14 inches apart, and six inches apart in the rows. They are cultivated for their flavor (which is similar to the onion, but more powerful), and are used in soups, etc.

KALE or BORECOLE. (German, Krausfoli; French, Chou vert prise.)

Plant the larger sorts in hills two by three feet apart, and thin to one plant to the hill. Select deep rich soil, and cultivate as cabbage. Some of these varieties are very ornamental, and scattered singly are attractive in the flower garden, being finely curled and variegated with green, yellowish white, bright red and purple leaves. The tender leaves are used as cabbages. One ounce for about two thousand plants.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Package Size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Large Leaved Jersey</td>
<td>Large curled, light-green leaves, with white ribs.</td>
<td>0.80</td>
<td>0.8 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carter’s Thousand Head</td>
<td>Remarkable for the great amount of green feed per acre, hardy.</td>
<td>0.80</td>
<td>0.8 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Siberian or German Greens</td>
<td>Sow in the fall for use in the spring.</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>0.5 lb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GREEN CURLED TALL SCOTCH</td>
<td>One of the best varieties for the market.</td>
<td>0.75</td>
<td>0.75 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DWARF GREEN CURLED</td>
<td>Very hardy; a standard market variety.</td>
<td>0.75</td>
<td>0.75 oz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

KOHL RABI or TURNIP CABBAGE. (German, Kohl Rabi; French, Chou Rave.)

Prepare ground as for cabbage, then plant about the first of June in rows two feet apart, thinning plants to twelve inches in the row. To preserve over winter treat as turnips. When young their flesh is tender and resembles a fine Rutabaga, with less of the turnip flavor. When fully matured, they are excellent for stock. One ounce for about three thousand plants.

Early White Vienna. A standard early kind.

Items in capitals are specially recommended.
Kohl Rabi or Turnip Cabbage.—Continued.

New Goliath. The largest of all the varieties; deep purple.

Large Purple. Very large, hard and productive.

Leek. (German, Börse; French, Poireau.)
Select good onion soil, manure liberally, and plant in April in drills made six to eight inches deep and eighteen inches apart, and thin to nine inches apart in the drill. Gradually draw the rows around the plants, until the drills are filled level with the surface. Draw for use in October. To be used in soups or boiled as asparagus. One ounce will plant about thirty plants.

Broad Scotch or Flag. A large and strong plant.

American Flag. A good variety.

Large Muselburg. A standard English variety.

Extra Large Carentan. A very fine extra large winter variety.

Lettuce; (German, Lattich; French, laitue.)
Lettuce covers a rich and rather moist soil. The rows should be about twelve inches apart, and the plants thinned from eight to ten inches apart for the heading varieties. When heads are not desired it may be grown in a mass. The more rapid the growth the better the quality. Some varieties are peculiarly adapted for early culture, others for summer growth. One ounce for three thousand plants.

New Hothouse Forcing. See page 18. Especially adapted to hot-bed culture; large heading.

White Tennis Ball or Boston Market. An early sort, small heads, very hardy; winter culture.


Large Boston. For growing under glass; the largest of the White Tennis Ball strains.

Black-seeded Tennis Ball. Hardy, early large heads. Favorite in Boston Market.

Market Gardener's Private Stock. (New.) See page 23.


Stone-Head Golden Yellow. Test this for forcing quality with the very best variety you know.


Mallard Right. First heading sort; light green, purple tinge; fine "crunchy" quality.

Early Curled Silesia. Early, sweet; a popular variety for hot-beds or early outdoor culture.

Maximum. Slow to run to seed; medium green with yellow heart; makes large solid heads.

The Morse. (New.) See page 23.

Early Curled Simpson. Resembles Silesia, but is more curled and not so early.

Black Seeded Simpson. An improvement on the Simpson, being finer in many respects.

Early Prize Head. An acquisition; runs to seed slowly; very tender and of fine flavor.

Simpson's Summer. One of the best summer cabbage sorts; light green.

Drumhead. Very large; heads crisp and tender. A standard sort.

Hanson. See page 18. Extremely popular.

Sugar Loaf. See engraving and description on page 18.

Green Frizeled. Extremely ornamental the leaf edge being elegantly fringed; unique.

Marblehead Mammoth Cabbage. See page 18.

Deacon. Large, very solid lasting heads of an attractive green color; very crisp and tender.

Defiance. Light-green color, makes large heads; does not seed quickly. Fine for summer.

Buttercup. Bright chrome yellow, combining delicate flavor with beauty of foliage.

Bonde Block-Head. A fine heading summer variety, of a bright yellowish green color.


True Boston Curled. The most elegant lettuce of all. Quality good; very popular.

All-the-year Round. Does not tend to seed; heads hard and crisp.

Pineapple. Leaves oak-shaped, very striking in appearance; tender and sweet.

Brown Genoa Cabbage. Head stained with red. One of the best for summer or winter use.

White Paris Cos. The standard Cos variety.

Six Choice Varieties. Mixed in one package.

MARTYNIA...

Plant two by two feet apart, leaving only one plant in a place. This produces an abundance of large, showy flowers. The young pods when sufficiently tender to be easily punctured by the nail, are used for pickles.

Muskmelon. (German, Cantaloupe; French, Melon.) (Of the numbers printed against the items below, 1 indicates green-fleshed, 2 salmon-fleshed.)

Select warm and light soil; a poor light soil is better than a cold and rich one. Thoroughly work the soil, manure with a rich fertilizer or a rich compost, having the hills six feet apart for the musk varieties, and eight or nine for watermelons. Do not excavate hills, but work the manure just under the surface, as the roots of all vines naturally seek the warmth. From three to five vines to the hill, and work in a fertilizer between the rows. Plant a dozen or more seeds in each hill, but do not leave over two plants. Sprinkle young plants liberally with plaster or Persian Insect Powder to protect from depredation of insects.

Extra Early Hackensack. Much earlier than Hackensack, well netted and of good quality.

Extra Early Cantaloupe. The earliest of the musks; large, showy, and of fair flavor.

Early Jenny Lind. An early sort; favorite with gardeners.


Rocky Ford. (New.) See page 19.

Christiana or Boston Pet. (True.) Remarkable for quality; early.

Norfolk. (New.) See page 19.

Rocky Ford. (Rocky Ford grown.) This is from the home of the variety.

Netted Gem or Pineapple. See page 19.

New White Japan. Flesh greenish white, early and prolific; sweet.

When you receive special quotations kindly return them in case you order.

MUSkmLON.—Continued.

2. VAlQ ROSE. (New.) See page 20.
2. MILLER CREAM. See page 19.
1. Columbus. Color bright yellow with thick netting, green fleshed, of fine quality.
2. Seminole. See page 21; of orange-pink color; quality fine. See p. 19.
2. LONG ISLAND BEAUTY. Early, of superior quality, and densely netted.
1. ORANGE. Round in shape, salmon fleshed, delicious; second early. A strain of the Miller
EMERALD. Gem. See page 19.
14. Bay View. Flesh green; sweet and spicy; hardy, vigorous, productive; long, round in shape.
1. MONTREAL NUTMEG. See page 20.
1. Delmonico. Large, long; green fleshed, of delicate flavor, flesh thick melting and de-
1. LONG YELLOW. Large, sweet, productive; a well-known sort.
1. BANANA. See description on page 19.
1. Champion Market. Light green fleshed; deeply ribbed; very productive, good shipper.
1. Mango Melon or Vine Peach. These resemble oranges. Fry as egg plant when green.

WATERMELOm. (German, Wassermelon; French, Melon d'eau.) One ounce for 30 hills.
COLE'S EARLY. (New.) See page 20.
1. SWEET HEART. (New.) See page 21.
1. Vick's Early. Early, of medium size, oblong, pink fleshed, solid and sweet.
1. Phinney's. For hardiness, vigor, and productivity unexcelled; early, reliable, red fleshed.
1. FERRY'S ICEBERG. (New.) See page 2.
1. MONTREAL. (New.) See page 21.
1. JAMES Triumph. (New.) See page 21.
1. BATTLESNAKE. The long, large, mottled-green watermelon of commerce; very popular.
1. FERRY'S PEERLESS OR ICE CREAM. Large, early, sweet, prolific. See page 21.
1. DIXIE. See page 21.
1. Ruby Gold. Flesh of ruby gold colors, giving a fine table effect, fine and sweet.
1. Jordan's Gray Monarch. Skin mottled gray in color; flesh bright crimson; sweet, delicious.
1. Mountain Sweet. An old standard variety; early, solid; fine for Northern cultivation.
1. Florida Favorite. See page 20. Our stock is direct from the originator.
1. Pride of Georgia. Dark green, grows large, firm-fleshed, good shipper, crisp and sweet.
1. Iron Cud. See page 20. So called because they handle well; like Gypsy; red fleshed.
1. CUBAN QUEEN. A large mottled-green, round variety; red fleshed, solid; fine quality.
1. Citron. For preserves only; hardy and very productive.

MUSHROOM SPAWN. Full directions for cultivation on label.
English. 17 25 10

MUSTARD. (German, Senf; French, Moutarde.) For Ground Mustard see page 37.
Sow in drills one foot apart and cover seed lightly. Thrives readily in almost any soil. Water frequently in dry weather, and for a succession sow every two weeks during the season. Used principally for salads.
Chinese Large Leaved. A fine sort for greens.
White or Yellow. For salad or medicinal purposes.

NASTURTIUM. (German, Nasturtium; French, Capucine.)
Plant in May in rows; the climbing varieties to cover some arbor or fence, or climb or twine around the house; the dwarf kind in hills or in rows two feet apart. The leaves are used for salads, and the seeds when sold enough to be easily penetrated by the nail, for pickles. If each plant of the dwarf variety is allowed room to perfect itself, the plants grow very symmetrical.
Tall. An ornamental climber. Several fine varieties mixed.
Dwarf. Several fine varieties included in this mixture.

OKRA or GUMBO. (German, Fasfan; French, Gumbo.)
Select warm and rich soil, and plant when the ground becomes warm, in rows two feet apart, thinning plants a foot apart in the row. The pods are used to thicken soups, being gathered when young. In the North they require the warmest locations and it is better to start them in a hot-bed. The seeds are a long time in germinating.
Early Dwarf. White, small and round; pods smooth.
White Tall. Pods smooth, exceedingly tender and well flavored; very prolific.
Long Green. Later and more productive.

*Items in capitals are specially recommended.*
ONION. (German, Zwiebel; French, Oignon.) Full description of many varieties on pages 22-23.

In some parts of the country the term "Silver-Skin" denotes a white variety, in others a yellow variety.

Please indicate in your order which you want. The soil should be free from large stones. Apply from ten to twelve cords of rich, fine compost to the acre. Plough not over five inches deep, and work well with the cultivator. Plough shallowly before sowing. For fall sowing, seed a shallow depth, and cultivate again. Now rake level and fine, and seed in rows fourteen inches apart at the rate of four pounds to the acre. Keep very clean of weeds. When ripes, pull and dry very thoroughly before storing. For fall particulars see the work on "Onion Raising." Plant onion sets two inches apart in rows a foot apart. To grow sets, plant the seed at the rate of thirty to sixty pounds to the acre.

NEW HARDY WINTER. (New.) See page 2.

EARLY FLAT RED. Like Carter's except color. Capital for short seasons...

Early Yellow Cracker. An improvement on Large Yellow, being earlier. (Our own growing.)...

Early Round Yellow Danvers. Larger, round profitable. A choice selection. (Our growing.)...

EARLY RED GLOBE DANVERS. Most productive of the reds. (Our growing.)...

Southport Early Red Globe. Rounder than Early Red Globe; good for fall. (Our growing.)...

Philadelphia White. The best variety to grow sets from...

White Portugal. Very early; mild flavored; not a good keeper...

Yellow Strasburg or Large Yellow. A late standard variety...

SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE. See page 22. Eastern grown...

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE. Eastern grown. Risky growing north of Mass...

SOUTHPORT LATE RED GLOBE. Eastern grown. Would not advise north of Conn...

LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD. Eastern grown. Very large, pleasant flavored; keeps well...

FOREIGN VARIETIES. These need to be sown thicker than the others:

Barletta. The earliest of all onions; white; grows about 1 3-4 inches in diameter...

WHITE PEARL. The earliest of the large-sized white varieties...

New Queen. A new white onion excepting Barletta, the earliest of all. As fine as it is early...

White Dutch. Pickling. See page 22...

LARGE FLAT WHITE ITALIAN. See page 22...

PRIZETAKER. (New.) See page 23...

ONION SETS, ETC.

White Sets. Prices (subject to change) per bush, $5.50; peck, $1.50; qt., ex. 40c.; qt. mail, 50c.

Yellow Sets. Prices (subject to change) per bush, $4.50; peck, $1.25; qt. ex. 35c.; mail, 45c.

Egyptian, or Perennial Tree. (New.) For prices, see page 23. Ready from middle of August...

PARSLEY. (German, Petersilie; French, Pastis.

For all rich soil and sow the seed in drills, one foot apart, covering one-eighth of an inch deep. The seed is usually from fifteen to twenty-five days vegetating. Thin plants to four inches apart when two inches high. The beauty of the plant may be increased by several successive transplantings. It is used principally for flavoring soups, stews, and garnishing in its natural state; also for edgings in flower-gardens and bouquets.

ARLINGTON DOUBLE CURLER. (New.) See page 28...

Beauty of the Parterre. Most beautiful foliage of immaculate quilled leaves; fine...

Plain or Single. The old standard sort...

New Perpetual. This variety does not tend so much as the others to run to seed...

FERN LEAVED. A most beautiful, mossy sort; valuable for decoration...

Dwarf Curled. Finely curled; good for edging or table ornament...

Corking. A standard English sort...

CARTER'S CHAMPION MOSS CURLER. Elegant for garnishing...

Carter's Covent Garden Garnishing. Probably the best of its type...

PARSNIP. (German, Pastinake; French, Panais.)

Give the richest and deepest soil to the long varieties of Parsnip; the Turnip sort will grow well on shallow soil. Make the soil very fine, and plant the seed very early, in rows eighteen inches apart, thinning plants to three to five inches in the rows. The seeds should be planted shallow. To keep well in the ground over winter draw a little earth over the tops.

Large Dutch. Large and sweet. A standard kind...

AABBOTT'S IMPROVED HOLLOW CROWNED. The best hollow crowned. See page 28...

Maltese. A new long English variety...

PEAS. (German, Erbsen; French, Pois.)

Of the numbers printed against the Peas, 1 indicates first early class, 2, second early; and 3, late class. Those marked with (*) are wrinkled varieties, the sweetest of all, but, being liable to rot, need to be planted thicker and farther apart than the round sorts. While the tall sort will run too much to vine if liberally manured, the dwarf varieties, on the contrary, need liberal manure. All the Peas, or Pastinaca, are divided into two sorts, those that grow not over fifteen inches high in rows two and one-half feet apart; those varieties attaining the height of two to three feet, in rows three feet apart; and the rows of the tallest sort four feet apart. One quart to 135 feet.

V E R Y  D A R K F A R M. About one foot. (These very low varieties require no stoking.)

Carter's Early Morn. See page 2...

1. American Wonder. The time-honored early dwarf wrinkled Pea...

2. NOTT'S EXCELSIOR. See page 25. The best of all the wrinkled; first early sort...

3. Carter's DAISY OR DWARF TELEPHONE. Dwarf habit, large pods; heavy cropper; 2nd early...

4. Carter's Extra Early Premium Gem. Improvement on Little Gem; prolific, longer podded...

5. William Hurst. A neighbor of ours who has this as the best dwarf early wrinkled Pea...

6. Improved Tom Thumb. One of the earliest; very productive; not as sweet as the wrinkled...

7. McLean's Blue Peter. Early; fine quality; pods larger than Tom Thumb, but less numerous...

8. Early Prize. See page 25...

* Items in capitals are specially recommended.
When ordering, please write "peck" in full, "pkg." for package.

**PEAS. (Continued.)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dwarf (From 2 1/2 to 3 feet.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All varieties under this class will do without bushing, but on rich garden soil will generally do better bushing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. <em>Clyde.</em> (New.) See page 25.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. <em>Admiral Dewey.</em> (New.) See page 24. This cropped enormously last season.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. <em>May Queen.</em> (New.) See page 25.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. <em>Thomas Laxton.</em> (New.) See page 24.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. <em>Station.</em> Wrinkled, and as early as Alaska, Dan O'Rourke, Phil. Ex, Early, etc., fine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. <em>Sunol.</em> (New.) One of Allam's latest first earlies, and it is, as he says—the best.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. <em>Bergen Fleetwing.</em> One of the best of the early round hard, varieties; great cropper.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. <em>Extra Early Dan O'Rourke.</em> One of the earliest standard market varieties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. <em>Laxton's Alpha.</em> One of the best wrinkled market peas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. <em>Alaska.</em> Being a blue pea is of fine quality, besides being extra early; growing in favor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. <em>Earliest of All.</em> Very early; blue seeded, and of rich flavor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. <em>Maud S.</em> First-rate, as early as Hancock, with larger pods.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. <em>Bliss Abundance.</em> Good to follow American Wonder; pods well filled; productive; fine bearing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. <em>Bliss Ever-bearing.</em> Very productive; peas large, delicious; continues long into the season.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TALL VARIETIES.**

| Marblehead Early Marrowfat. | 1-2 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 15 |
| Telephone. An acquisition, medium late; large peas in long dark green pods. | 1-2 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 15 |
| Prolific Giant Podded Sugar. (New.) Pods of gigantic size, broad, sweet, tender and fleshy. To be eaten pods and all. | 1-2 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 15 |
| Melting Sugar. This, with its thick, pulpy, large pods, is to be cooked pods and all. | 1-2 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 15 |
| Champion of England. An old favorite; rich flavored and very productive. | 1-2 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 15 |
| Black-Eyed Marrowfat. An old favorite, large podded, prolific; capital for market. | 1-2 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 15 |
| Royal Dwarf Marrowfat. Not so tall as L. W. Marrowfat; earlier than Champion of England. | 1-2 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 15 |
| Large White Marrowfat. A standard late sort. | 1-2 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 15 |

**PEPPER.** (German, *Pfeffer;* French, *Piment.*)

Peppers should be started in a cold frame or hot-bed. Transplant the young plants into the open ground toward the close of May, having the rows eighteen inches apart, and the plants one foot apart in the row.

| Cardinal. Six inches long; color brilliant cardinal red; very desirable. | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| Large Bell. A standard sort. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Squash or Flat. The variety generally planted for family use. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Large Sweet Mountain. Very large and excellent for mangeos. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Ruby King. See page 28. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Child's Celestial. Beautiful. Fruit two inches long, creamy white, changing to deep scarlet. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Proco's Giant. One of the largest; flesh thick, glossy scarlet, sweet and mild Mango variety. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Spanish Monstrous. On good soil will grow six inches and six inches in diameter. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Long Red or San Antonio. The standard long red. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Cherry. Small, smooth and round; a great bearer. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Mayenne. Small, long and tapering; very hard. Long peas: 3 lb. in length, 1-2 in. in diameter. Brilliant scarlet, edge rine. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Golden Dawn Mango. Bell shaped; remarkably prolific and of a magnificent yellow color. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |

**POTATOES.** (German, *Kartoffel;* French, *Pomme de Terre.* See pages 26 and 27.

For offers saved from the potato balls.

| Purpur. (German, *Kurbit;* French, *Potiron.* Cultivate like squash, which please see. | 5 | 5 |
| Sugar. First rate for table or stock. See page 29. | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 10 |
| Cheese. Popular in the Middle States; cheese shaped, in character like the Crookneck. | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 10 |
| Large Field. Good for stock; usually grown amongst field corn. | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 10 |
| Negro. The true old-fashioned, black-warted shelled pumpkin, auld lang syn-race variety. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 5 |
| Mammoth Red End. See page 29. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 5 |

*Items in capitals are specially recommended.*
Seeds ordered at mail prices will be sent postpaid by us.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seeds of</th>
<th>Prices of Seeds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Radish. (German, Rettig; French, Radis et Rare.)</td>
<td>1 lb.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triumph. See page 29.</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ne Plus Ultra. Deep Scarlet. See page 29.</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EARLY SCARLET GLOBE. For forcing and open ground; not apt to grow spongy</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early White Short Leaved. The best white-turnip, tops remarkably short; also for forcing</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earlier Erufu Turnip.</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scarlet, Olive-Shaped. Very early and handsome; quick growth; tender, excellent.</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French Breakfast. Fine variety of the Olive Radish, scarlet body and white root</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Turnip-Rooted. Early scarlet. Standard early, popular in markets of New York.</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scarlet Turnip White Tipped. The name defines this elegant new turnip radish</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Leafless. Leaves few and very small. Fine to grow amongst cucumbers in greenhouses</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deep Red Blood. Early, deep blood red, oblong turnip-shaped, of fine quality.</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long Brightest Scarlet. Medium long, of a vivid scarlet color, tipped with snow white.</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BECKERT'S ORANGE and GOLDEN RUTABAGA. Long variety, with yellow tip. Does not grow pithy.</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boston Long Scarlet. The longest of the long scarlets; headquarters stock.</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carter's Selected Long Scarlet. Carter &amp; Co.'s. Favorite with Boston market gardeners.</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wood's Fine Frame. For cultivation under glass; very early. Shaped between olive and long leaf.</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Covert Garden or Short Scarf Turnip.</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Golden Yellow Summer Turnip. Spherical root. Color very rich; very early.</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Turnip-Rooted. For summer and winter use.</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scarlet Turnip and Autumn Long. It grows well in the shade.</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Giant White Stuttgart. Very large white summer sort; quicker growth; stands heat.</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black Spanish. The round variety; for winter use.</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese Rose Winter. The best for winter use. Grows large and tender.</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large White Russian or California Winter. From the Chinese in California. An acquisition.</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixed Varieties, round and long.</td>
<td>1.40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rhubarb. (German, Rhubarb; French, Rhubarb.) For prices of roots see page 51.

RHUBARB. For roots see page 51. Sow seed in drills six to ten inches apart, covering seed half inch deep. Thin the plants to two or three inches apart. When the plants are one year old, prepare the ground for the fall by tending two feet deep, mixing a liberal quantity of manure with the soil. Set plants six feet apart each way. Do not cut until the second year, and give a dressing of manure very early. If it is desired at any time to increase the bed, the roots may be taken up in the spring and divided. The seed will not usually give plants like the parent.

Linnaeus. Large, tender, and of excellent flavor. A well-known market variety. | 1.40 | 1.48 | 15 | 5 |

Salsify or Vegetable Oyster. (German, Saferwurzel; French, Saloufée.)

Sow early in spring, in light, rich soil, in drills fourteen inches apart, and thin the plants to three inches in the row. The roots will be ready for use in October, and will sustain no injury by being left in the ground during the winter and cooled by the frost, or somewhat resembles the oyster.

Wisconsin Golden. (New.) See page 56.

Common.

Mammoth Sandwich Island. Grows much larger and smoother than the common; popular. | 2.00 | 2.08 | 65 | 30 |

Spinach. (German, Spinat; French, Épinard.) Write for quotations for Spinach in quantities.

For use in the summer and feeding cows. Sow early in spring, in drills eight inches to one foot apart, covering seed one inch deep. Seed may be raised in pans or flats in a greenhouse, and transplanted. A succession of crops may be obtained by sowing at intervals of two weeks through the growing season. For very early spring sow, in August. The plants are sometimes protected under the winter by a thick covering of straw. Spinach is used principally as greens for boiling, and is very highly esteemed for this purpose.

GIANT THICK-LEAVED. A fine strain of the Round Leaved. | 25 | 33 | 15 | 10 |

Victoria. (New.) Dark green, very thick leaf; long in running to seed. | 30 | 38 | 15 | 10 |

Long Standing. As its name implies, latest in seeding, and one of the best for garden use. | 30 | 38 | 15 | 10 |

BLOOMSDALE OR NORFOLK SAVOY. Sprayed leafy keens longer after cutting. | 30 | 38 | 15 | 10 |

Extra Large Round-Leaved, or Viroflay. Grows to a large size. | 30 | 38 | 15 | 10 |

The hardiest variety; thick leaved. For fall sowing. | 25 | 33 | 15 | 10 |

New Zealand. Makes large plant; endures drought; best quality. Fine as a folage plant. | 90 | 98 | 30 | 10 |

Squash. (German, Garten-Kübsch; French, Courge.)

The squash crop of 1902 was the very worst for forty years. That for 1903 is no better. £

All vines delight in warm and rich soil. Prepare the ground by thoroughly pulverizing. Manure at the rate of eight or ten cords to the acre, working it just under the surface with the cultivator or gang plow. Plant in hills nine to ten feet apart for running varieties, and five or six feet apart for lunch sorts; work some rich fine manure into the hill. Keep well covered with plaste in early stages of growth, cultivate occasionally. For full particulars in every department, see our work, "Squashes, and How to Grow Them."

Mammoth White Bush. See page 30.

White Early Bush. Earliest summer sort. | 70 | 88 | 15 | 10 |

Calico Neck. Early. | 75 | 83 | 15 | 10 |

Golden Bush. Differ from White Bush only in color. | 75 | 83 | 15 | 10 |

Stricker's Summer. See page 31.

Dunlap's Early Prolific Marrow. See page 30. Good for late planting. | 40 | 42 | 10 | 5 |

BOSTON MARK. A standard fall squash, of a rich orange color, and very productive. | 1.00 | 1.08 | 30 | 10 |

* Items in capitals are specially recommended.
When seeds are ordered to be sent by express or railroad the cost of transportation will be at expense of purchaser.

**SQUASH.—Continued.**

- American Turban. See page 30. decidedly one of the best of fall squashes.
- The Eaxon. (New.) See page 31.
- Essex Hybrid. Of the shape of the Turban and shell of the Hubbard. A standard for fall.
- WARREN. (New.) See page 30.
- GOLDEN BRONZE. (New.) See page 30.
- DELICIOUS. (New.) See page 4.
- Bay State. See page 30.
- MARBLEHEAD. For full description, see page 32.
- BUTMAN. Lemon colored flesh; fine grained; delicious flavor; fine early winter variety.
- Golden Hubbard. (New.) See page 30.
- HUBBARD. Our introduction; now the standard winter squash throughout the United States.
- The Victor. (New.) See page 31.
- WANTED HUBBARD. (New.) See page 32.
- Cocoanut. See page 31.
- Mammoth Yellow Chili. Grows to weigh from 100 to 500 pounds. See page 30.
- CANADA CROCKNECK. The small, well-known, excellent kind.
- Large Winter Crockneck. See p. 31. The old standard sort, the best keepers; coarse grained.

**SUNFLOWER.** Sow thinly in drills three feet apart; and thin to two or three feet apart in the row.

- Common.
- Mammoth Russian. Fine variety. Valuable for poultry or vegetable oil. Flowers and seed large.

**SWISS CHARD.**

- Ornamental Varieties. The leaf veins are white or brilliant scarlet and yellow; ornamental.
- Common Chard.

**TOMATO.** (German, Lycopersicum; French, Tomate.)

- **GIANT PERPETUAL SPINACH SWISS CHARD.** (New.) See page 28.
- **ORNAMENTAL VARIETIES.** The leaf veins are white or brilliant scarlet and yellow; ornamental.
- **COMMON CHARD.**

**VOLTE'S EARLIEST.** (New.) See page 33.

**EARLIANA.** (New.) See page 33.

- Bond's Early Minnesota. See page 33.
- Early Bird. A fine early round sort.
- Valiant. See page 33. This differs only from the earliest; very productive.
- CANADA VICTOR. First early; somewhat irregular.
- Early Ruby. One of the first earlies; resembles Perfection, but not as large.
- HONOR BRIGHT. Fruit first green, then white, then bright red; good shipper.
- LIVINGSTON'S DWARF STONE. (New.) See page 33.
- DIADEM. Medium size; fine quality; color ruby red with stripes and spots of gold; a novelty.
- ENORMOUS. (New.) See page 33.
- FREEDOM. An earlie; solid; yield it ranks with the first; rich scarlet.
- LIVINGSTON'S NEW MAGNUS. (New.) See page 33.
- Fordshook. Early, of rich purple red color and very attractive; fruit even sized.
- Maule's New Imperial. Not a first early as claimed but a fine second; a first-class variety.
- Comrade. Remarkable for its smoothness and roundness; early and exceedingly productive.
- Belmont. A sport from Paragon, but much earlier; vigorous vine, very prolific.
- Dwarfe. See page 33.
- Livingston's Aristocrat. See page 33.
- Livingston's Buckeye State. (New.) See page 33.
- Optimus. Medium scarlet, healthy, smooth, productive; free from rot; good size. Fine variety.
- MIKADO OR TURNER'S HYBRID. Of Trophy class, very large, solid, good flavor.
- Essex Hybrid. Earliest, deep purple color, handsome form; good size make this popular.
- Livingston's Paragon. Supply directly from Livingston, his first, and one of his best.
- Livingston's Beauty. See page 33. From originator.
- Livingston's Perfection. Spindled for canning or shipping; dark red; direct from originator.
- LIVINGSTON'S NEW STONE. See page 32. Headquarters stock.
- Livingston's Acme. Supply directly from the originator. Differs from Paragon in color only.
- Ignatium. Second early, good size, nearly round, very solid, fine flavor.
- PONDUSA. Monstrous; inclined to rot; better for show than use.
- Tropic. Very productive; particularly hardy in the home garden.
- Yellow Victor. A beautiful medium size, golden yellow; large, sweet, fine flavor.
- Peach. Much resembles a peach in looks.

**Prices of Seeds.**
CAREFULLY READ INSTRUCTIONS ON OUR ORDER SHEET.

**PRICES OF SEEDS.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>lb.</th>
<th>lb.</th>
<th>oz.</th>
<th>pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>exp.</td>
<td>mail.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOMATO.—Continued.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Improved Ground Cherry. Excels the old variety in size and fruit.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Yellow Fig. Pear shaped, and used to preserve as figs.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cherry. Flavor unsurpassed. Fruit small, but a wonderful cropper.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Yellow Plum. Small, elegant. Nice for preserves.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Currant. Very elegant; resembles long bunches of currants; for ornament only.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Twenty-one Choice Varieties, mixed. Package only.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**TURNIP.** (German, Rute; French, Navet.) Will our friends, if they wish turnips for fall or early winter use, order the English varieties, or if they want some for winter or spring order the Swedes. For early use sow the small sort as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, in drills, four inches apart, the Rutabagas thirty inches. As the seed is very fine, it should be covered but slightly. Select light, if possible, new soil, and manure with ashes or phosphates. Should the young plants be troubled with weeds, thin the young plants to six inches apart, and the Rutabagas to one foot. For fall and winter use the early kinds should be sown from the middle of July to the middle of August, and the Rutabagas from the middle of June to the first of July, using one and a half rounds of seed to the acre. Swede and Rutabaga being synonymous terms, the names below, given as they are generally used will be readily understood. The English varieties are almost exclusively used for early planting for market.

**EARLY VARIETIES.** (white and yellow fleshed.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>lb.</th>
<th>lb.</th>
<th>oz.</th>
<th>pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXTRA EARLY WHITE TOP MILAN.</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>(New.) (See page 34.)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>PURPLE TOP MILAN. See page 34.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Early Purple Top Munich. A very early, deep Purple Top variety, earlier than Red Top.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early White Turnip or Early Flat Dutch. Sharp leaves, small neck and top, clear white.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>EARLY RED (OR PURPLE) FLAT TOP.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fine, sweet, mild; rapid grower; very popular.</td>
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<tr>
<td>EARLY WHITE FLAT TOP.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differs from Red Top only in color.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Scarlet Kashmiry. See page 34.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Purple Top Globe. Contesting the field with Red Top; a thick, round, quick growing variety.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Stone or Snowball. A thick, Early White Top. The favorite in the London market.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Golden Stone. A fine, oblong, yellow-fleshed variety; very handsome; an acquisition.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jamison's Pure Field. Fine for American use.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Orange Jelly. A round, yellow, English turnip, of finer quality than Golden Ball.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Yellow Finland. Elegant; less eaten by worms than most sorts. Good for table or stock.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Green Top Aberdeen. Round, yellow-fleshed, and firm; a good keeper.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>WHITE EGG. See page 34. Headquarters stock. Large, handsome, early; keeps first rate.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pomeranian White Globe. A very fine White Globe variety; round and thick.</td>
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<tr>
<td>LONG WHITE COWHORN. A fine grain, matures quickly, carrot shaped, fine and sweet.</td>
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<tr>
<td>White Tankard. In shape resembling a tankard; white-fleshed; a very heavy cropper.</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SWEDES OR RUTABAGA.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>lb.</th>
<th>lb.</th>
<th>oz.</th>
<th>pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Laing's Improved Swede. One of the earliest; handsome round variety; fine for the table.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMERICAN RUTABAGA. Popular among gardeners for table and stock; flesh solid.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARTER'S ELEPHANT. (New.) See page 34.</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved Purple Top Swede. See page 34.</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hartley's Swede. One of the largest of the Swedes; short-necked; round in shape; very fine.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skirving's Purple Top Rutabaga. Standard field variety, fine for family use; yellow-fleshed.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shamrock Swede. A popular English sort; short-neck, and oblong in shape; yellow-fleshed.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carter's Imperial Swede. Messrs. Carter &amp; Co. rate this as the best of their Swede turnips.</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BUDLONG. See page 34.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Rock. Imp. on Large French. Less apt to grow hollow than Sweet German.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large White French, or White Swede. A white market Rutabaga.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweet German or Russian. White, sweet, excellent; a first-rate keeper.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SWEET OR POT AND MEDICINAL HERBS.** Figure 1 denotes Seasoning; figure 2, Medicinal Herbs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For Ground Sage, see page 37.</th>
<th>lb.</th>
<th>lb.</th>
<th>oz.</th>
<th>pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Sage, broad leaved.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Thyme, French, high flavored.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Thyme, broad-leaved English.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Summer Savory.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Sweet Marjoram.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Caraway.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Hoarhound.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**GRAINS, GRASSES, CLOVER SEEDS; FORAGE PLANTS, ETC.**

Prices for quantities of items not fully quoted cheerfully given upon application.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pearl Millet or Man's New Wonder Grass. See page 36.</th>
<th>lb.</th>
<th>lb.</th>
<th>oz.</th>
<th>pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manusbury Barley. See page 35.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Champion Beardless Barley. See page 35.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese Buckwheat. See page 36.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amber Cane. Standard sugar variety; also much used for fodder; per lb., per exp., 10 c.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orange Cane. A little later than the amber, but rich; mold the young plants, troubled with insects, a speciality.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alisker Clover. A cross between white and red; fine for hay.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Items in capitals specially recommended.**
Collections of Vegetable Seeds.

As these collections are put up in advance ready for mailing, we can make no change or substitution in them.

### 33 Packages, Our Country Garden Collection, Postpaid, $1.00.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seeds/Stems</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Weight (per package)</th>
<th>Per 100</th>
<th>Per 1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beans, Dwarf Golden Wax</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cabbage, Pottler's, Cabbage, Prem, Flat Dutch</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beet, Bastian's Early</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beet, Lentz</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broccoli, Pottler's</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrot, Danvers</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 16 Packages, the Home Garden Collection, Postpaid, for 50 Cents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seeds/Stems</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Weight (per package)</th>
<th>Per 100</th>
<th>Per 1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beans, Dwarf Golden Wax</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cabbage, Pottler's, Cabbage, Prem, Flat Dutch</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beet, Bastian's Early</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beet, Lentz</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrot, Danvers</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### One Package Choice Flower Seeds with Each Collection.

- **Asparagus, Horse-Radish, Rhubarb Roots, Fruit and Hedge Seeds, &c.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seeds/Stems</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Weight (per package)</th>
<th>Per 100</th>
<th>Per 1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chutias or Earth Almonds</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Giant Argenteul Asparagus Roots (new)</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbian Mam. White Asparagus Roots, two years old</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palme to Asparagus Roots, two years old</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moore's Cross-bred Asparagus Roots, two years old</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conover's Colossal Asparagus Roots, two years old</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Rhubarb Roots, Linnaeus.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seeds/Stems</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Weight (per package)</th>
<th>Per 100</th>
<th>Per 1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rhubarb Roots Mammoth. Mammoth in size, quality fine</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Prickly Comfrey Roots.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seeds/Stems</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Weight (per package)</th>
<th>Per 100</th>
<th>Per 1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spearmint and Peppermint Roots</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hott's Mammoth Sage Roots</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Apple.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seeds/Stems</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Weight (per package)</th>
<th>Per 100</th>
<th>Per 1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pear.</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Berberis.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seeds/Stems</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Weight (per package)</th>
<th>Per 100</th>
<th>Per 1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Locust, Honey Locust, Osage Orange</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buckthorn</td>
<td>Per 100</td>
<td>Per 1000</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
WE have aimed to include in our collection of Flower Seeds standard varieties, with the addition of such kinds as have proved a real acquisition in floriculture. Many varieties that are usually advertised separately we have included in a single package under the name of “mixed varieties.” Our three warrants we also throw around our Flower Seed, for it is our design that they shall be equally reliable with our vegetable seed. Let us remind our friends that Flower Seed, being for the most part very small, require extra precaution in the preparation of the soil, depth of planting, and protection from extremes of cold and wet. Do not, as a rule, plant in the open ground before the weather has become settled; better wait until the middle of May. Before planting, the soil should be made very fine and be well enriched. For the smaller varieties, such as pansies, the rows may be from ten to twelve inches apart; the largest upright varieties, such as chintzes and marguerites, the rows should be fifteen to eighteen inches apart. For running varieties, such as verbenas, the rows may be two feet apart. Seed the size of sweet peas may be planted one and a half to two inches deep; the very smallest seed should be planted barely under the surface, having fine earth sifted over them, and slightly packed with the hand, or a strip of board pressed upon it. It will keep the moisture in and facilitate vegetation if a newspaper is spread over the surface after planting, and kept down with stones for a few days. Thin out the plants when very small, with a bold hand, and after they have attained the height of two inches, thin again boldly. Give each plant plenty of room, according to its habit of growth.

A common mistake is to crowd too much. Special rates when large amounts are ordered by clubs. Terms to dealers on application.

The letter “A.” annexed to the name of varieties signifies Annual; “B.” Biennial; “P.” Perennial.

**ANNUALS** grow, bloom, and die the first year from seed; **BIENNIALS** bloom the second year from seed, and then die, though many, if sown early in the spring, will flower the first year. **PERENNIALS** usually bloom the second year from seed, and continue to grow and bloom for many years; some will also bloom the first year if sown early.

**FOR NOVELTIES IN FLOWERS, SEE PAGES 7 AND 8.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name of Variety</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Abronia Umbellata (A.)</td>
<td>Handsome, trailing plants, with clusters of sweet-scented, rosy pink flowers, resembling the Verbena</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Aconitum (Monk’s Hood) (P.)</td>
<td>Grows well in any good soil, even when in the shade</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Acroclinium (A.)</td>
<td>Beautiful everlasting flowers. Cut when they begin to expand</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Adlumia Cirrhosa (Mountain Fringe) (B.)</td>
<td>An attractive climber, with beautiful feathery foliage resembling the Maiden Hair Fern. Flowers rose colored</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Adonis</td>
<td>Hardy plants with delicate foliage, flowering freely, and of easy cultivation</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Adonis Estivaris (A.)</td>
<td>- Vernalis. (P.) A charming hardy variety with large yellow flowers, blooming in spring</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Ageratum, Choice. Mixed</td>
<td>Suitable for pot culture or bedding, bearing in profusion clusters of feathery flowers</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>— Blue Perfection. Of dwarf, compact growth, flowers large, of a most beautiful anemoid blue: the darkest color among the larger flowering varieties of Ageratum</td>
<td>.10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Alyssum Sweet, Little Gem.</td>
<td>Dwarf and compact, with plants a mass of white from spring until frost</td>
<td>.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>—Sweet. White.</td>
<td>Per ounce, 25 cts</td>
<td>.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>—Saxatile. (Hardy Alyssum). Beautiful spring-blooming variety, with flowers of a deep pure yellow</td>
<td>.05</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Amaranthus (A.)**

Ornamental foliage plants. They are most brilliant on poor soil.

12 **Amaranthus Tricolor** Splendens. Remarkable for brilliant coloring.

13 —Salicifolium. Sometimes called “Fountain Plant.” The leaves change in color from a bronzy green to a brilliant scarlet as the plant attains age.

**Ammobium (Everlasting Flower) (A.)**

14 Ammobium Alatum Grandiflorum. Large white flowering variety.

**Anemone Japonica Queen Charlotte. (P.)**

15 Very hardy and easily grown from seed. Flowers large, semi-double, of the same beautiful shade of pink as the “La France” Rose.

**Arctotis Grandis. (A.)**

16 Of easy culture, forming profusely branched bushes of about 2 to 2½ feet in height. Flower large and showy, from 2½ to 3 inches across. The ray florets are pure white on the upper surface, with a narrow yellow zone at their base; reverse of petals white. The plants produce their splendid flowers most abundantly from early summer to autumn.
Asters. (A.)

No. | Description | Price per pkg.
--- | --- | ---
17 | Aster, Phoenix “Little Maid.” An entirely new class that resembles the Victoria in growth, height and shape, but the flowers, which are produced in great abundance, although quite equal in size to the Victoria, are of a perfect form with stiff stems. This new introduction deserves by right the name of “Little Maid,” for a more charming and lovely coloring—white with a slight touch of pink—it would be difficult to imagine. | 10c.
18 | Aster, Christmas Tree. On account of its branching habit, this Aster is the most striking among them in existence. The branches stand horizontally, and the plants attain a height of 20 inches, and measure 24-25 inches in diameter at the base. It is early and very profuse flowering, many plants being covered from 70 to 100 well-developed flowers. This effective and beautiful is a single plant in beds, or for pot culture. | 10c.
19 | Aster, Daybreak. A very compact, strong grower. Flower large; color delicate light pink almost identical with Daybreak Carnation. | 10c.
20 | Aster, Semi-Double. A very large, from four to six inches across, with broad petals. Colors range from white to pink lavender. Much in demand for floral exhibitions. | 10c.
21 | Aster, Japanese Tassel. A new strain, quite distinct from any other variety. The flowers of beautiful size and shape, are of immense size, with long petals curiously curled and waved. Plant vigorous, producing quite a number of these enormous flowers. | 10c.
22 | Aster, Snowball or Princess. A beautiful Aster, with quite short and thickly set imbricated petals. A single plant develops as many as thirty pure white flowers, which remain longer in good condition than any other variety. | 10c.
23 | Aster, Ball or Jewel. The petals of this handsome variety are so symmetrical incurved as to give them the exact shape of a ball. Flowers measure from two and one-half to three inches across, and, being borne on long stems, are very useful for cutting. | 10c.
24 | Aster, Mignon Mixed. Resembles the Victoria race, but blooms more profusely. Flower globular and imbricated, in colors of blue, lilac, rose, carmine and white. | 10c.
25 | Aster, Queen of Market. A beautiful and early blooming, large, and double, with curved petals as round as a knitting needle. Fine bloomers. | 10c.
26 | Aster, Queen of Market. Mixed. Fine in shape, and bloom several weeks earlier than any other. | 10c.

**Triumph Aster.**

No. | Description | Price per pkg.
--- | --- | ---
47 | Aster, Goliath. Of extremely vigorous growth, forming large bushes profusely covered with very double flowers, immense in size. The seed, which we offer is a fine mixture of white, rose, pink, blue, ash gray and crimson. | 10c.
48 | Aster, Ray. (See Cut) Dark Blue. Flowers beautiful in color, 5 inches in diameter, with long needle shaped petals coming out like rays from the center of the flower. | 10c.
49 | Aster, Betteridge’s. Quilted Sulfur Yellow. Flowers globular, united, and very double. | 10c.
50 | Aster, Triumph. (See Cut) Beautiful dwarf, with large incurved flowers, especially recommended for pot culture or dwarf groups. | 10c.
51 | Aster, Midsummer Triumph. Dark Scarlet. This differs in one important respect from the well-known Triumph Aster, in that it comes into full bloom in the middle of June, and continues to flower for a long period. | 10c.
52 | Aster, Dwarf, Fiery Scarlet. | 10c.
53 | Aster, Botrel’s New Dwarf Bouquet. Mixed. About eight inches high, very double, rich and fine flowering, very finish. | 10c.
54 | Aster, All Varieties Mixed. Tall and dwarf, in great variety of colors. | 10c.
55 | Aster, Single Flowering. New varieties, the colors of which are exceedingly fine and make a beautiful effect with the golden yellow central disc of the flowers, which measure 3 to 4 inches across. They are invaluable for decoration on account of their graceful beauty, long wavy stems and also because they last a long time after cutting. They have a strong luxuriant growth and begin blooming by the middle of August, flowering in the greatest profusion until late autumn. | 10c.

**Aristoclia.**

(Buttercup & Pipe.)

57 A beautiful hardy climber. Leaves large and luxuriant, flowers brownish yellow, in shape resembling a pipe. | 10c.

**Arabian Alpina Compacta.**

56 Hardy, herbaceous plant, with pure white flowers; blooms very early in the spring, fine for borders and rock-work. Very desirable for conservatories. | 10c.

**Ray Aster.**

Customers' Selection of Asters. Any three 10c. packages for 25c.; any six 10c. packages for 45c.
Balsams, (A.)

Beautiful, half-hardy annuals, from one and one-half to two feet in height. Sow the seed early in frames, and transplant to a well-enriched border.

Pyrethrum, (A.)

Rooted Perpetual. (A.)

Seeds sown very early in the cold frame, and the seedlings being pricked out, are best set in a nursery bed, or in a light frame, where they are to be raised, before they are planted out or put into the greenhouse. For forcing, 10s.

93 Canna Longiflora. (A.)

A hardy perennial, with yellow and red flowers, which bloom from June to October. Height, 3 feet. Roots planted in the nursery bed, or in a greenhouse, in autumn, and kept in a light frame, will bloom in the following year. For forcing, 6s.

Cardinal. A very striking and rich color. Strong, free-growing with candle-branched branches, producing immense trusses of pure white flowers. The leaves are broad and dark green. Strong, well-branched, and free-growing. 9s.

Candytuft. (A.)

A well-known, hardy annual, very useful for bedding and boundary plants and also for pot culture.

Candytuft Little Prince. A charming dwarf variety growing about four inches high, with large spikes of pure white flowers. When planted in masses it produces a splendid snow-like effect.

Capture. A hardy annual, about one foot high; produces brilliant flowers in great profusion in early summer. In mixed colors.

Pinto. A hardy annual, about three feet high; produces masses of brilliant flowers in great profusion, from early summer to fall. For forcing, 10s.
**Colesus. (A.)**
Gorgeous colored plants, with variegated foliage; indispensable for ornamental bedding, and fine for pot culture.
96 Colesus. New large-leaved. Selected from largest and most superbly variegated. 
98 — New large-leaved dwarf. The plants grow from six to eight inches in height, producing their leaves in great profusion, striped in color from blackish red to red marbled and spotted. 
99 — Hybrids of Ornatus. (See Cat.) Splendid large-leaved Colesus with strikingly handsome foliage. The leaves are irregularly spotted and marbled with blackish purple, blood-red, carmine and rose, and there are abundantly sprinkled with white, yellow, green and brown, a beautiful combination of colors....

**Columbine. (Aquilegia) (P.)**
A well-known, showy, hardy perennial, about two feet high, blooming in May and June.
100 Columbine. Double Mixed. Very double, in a beautiful variety of colors.
101 — California. Flowers wax yellow, large and handsome.
102 — Abraham Lincoln. A splendid new double-flowering variety. Plants robust, and the numerous branching flower stems are crowned with a profusion of double and semi-double golden yellow flowers.

**Convolvulus. (A.)**
Beautiful half-hardy climbers, producing an abundance of rich-colored flowers. The dwarf varieties are fine for bedding.
104 Convolvulus Minor. (Dwarf) Mixed.
105 — Majors. (Morning Glory.) Fine Varieties Mixed.
106 — Large-flowering Rochester. Vines strong, growing quickly twelve to twenty feet high with magnificent foliage, leaves measuring eight to ten inches across, and remaining on the vine close to the ground during the entire summer. Flowers four to five inches across, deep violet blue in the throat, blending out to an azure blue, bordered with a wide white band around the edge. The flowers form in clusters of from three to five, from the ground to the top of the vines.

**Japanese Imperial Morning Glories.**
Flowers three inches in diameter, varying in their rich and delicate coloring tints and markings of crimson, blue, white, yellow and brown. Some elegantly spotted with pink, crimson, blue and brown, and others striped in colors. They bloom from the first days of April to the first of July, and are good for bedding, bordering with white, yellow, green and brown, and for making bouquets. For cut flowers, they bloom throughout the summer.
107 Flowers, three inches in diameter, varying in their rich and delicate coloring tints and markings of crimson, blue, white, yellow and brown. Some elegantly spotted with pink, crimson, blue and brown, and others striped in colors. They bloom from the first days of April to the first of July, and are good for bedding, bordering with white, yellow, green and brown, and for making bouquets. For cut flowers, they bloom throughout the summer.
109 — Crimson. Tall, very fine (pure).
111 — Feathered. New, very fine for bouquets.
112 — Triumph d'Exposition. Exceedingly beautiful, bearing large, feather-like crimson plumes.
113 — Spica a. (See Cat.) A beautiful variety with cylindrical flower spike, 2 to 4 inches long.

**Cockscomb. (A.)**
Handy attractive annuals for bedding and pot culture.
114 Cockscomb, Drummond's. Yellow flowers, with crimson centre.
115 — Golden Wave. Very bushy and compact. A mass of bright, golden color from July to October. Flowers two inches across, with small dark centres.
116 — Mixed Varieties. Yellow and brown and velvety brown.
117 — Lancifolia. (P.) The perpetual Golden Cockscomb. Very free-blooming and lasting in its golden glory throughout the summer and fall. Unequalled for cutting.

**Cosmos. (A.)**
A very effective autumn flowering plant, with beautiful foliage, growing from six to eight feet high, literally covered with very large, single, daisy-like flowers, in shades of rose, purple and white. For cutting, this is one of the finest flowers grown. Sown in April in pots or in the hot bed, and transplant one foot apart.
119 — Mammoth. New Fancy Varieties. In this splendid mixture are monster pink and white flowers, beautiful crimson shade, delicate white and mauve, with tinted and clouded with pink and mauve. Some of the large, white blossoms have broad plaited petals and plumed edging.

**Cypress Vine. (A.)**
Most beautiful and popular tender climber, with very delicate, fern-like foliage and numerous flowers.
122 — White.

**Dahlias. (P.)**
Sow the seeds early in pots or under glass, and transplant to strong, deep, rich soil, and plants will bloom the first season.
124 — Single. Perfection or Giant. A splendid strain. The seeds being gathered from the broadest petalled only flowers, reproduces them in a variety of the most splendid colors, among which are many striped sorts.

**Datura. (Trumpet Flower) (P.)**
Very showy, producing large, sweet-scented, trumpet-shaped flowers. Roots should be removed to cellar in autumn.
125 Datura. Double Mixed. Seeds saved from fine named sorts.
127 — Double Gloria. Perfectly new race in a great diversity of flowers. One plant produces its blossoms on a single stem as a double Gaillardia, a third one as a peony-flowered Aster, the next one as a perennial Pyrethrum, another one as a rose Giant Daisy, and still another as a rosy red Giant Daisy. Their colors are as rich and varied as in all other classes.

**Dianthus. (Praxinella) (A.)**
Handsome, fragrant, free-flowering, hardy, perennials. Plants suitable for mixed borders.
130 Dianthus Praxinella. Mixed. Two feet.

**Coleus Inbridi Ornatus.**
One package each Columbine, Double Mixed, Japanese Morning Glory, and Early Cosmos for 15 cts.
Shasta Daisy.  (P.).  Price per pkg.

132 Shasta Daisy.  (P.).  This is one of the creations of Luther Burbank, who has done more than man ever did before in originating new fruits, flowers and vegetables.  This new flower has been produced by crossing the common ox-eyed daisy with both a European and Japanese variety.  After which, by a rigid selection through years, he produced the present large strain.  It is perfectly hardy, grows and blooms more abundantly each season.  The flowers are very large, a foot or more in circumference, growing on long stems, with two rows of broad, pure white petals and a yellow centre.  Per package, 15c.  Roots, 15c each.

Double Daisy.  (Bellis Perennis).  (P.).

Charming plants for edgings and dwarf beds, blooming the first year from seed.  Thrive well in shady places.

133 Daisy, Snowball.  Large flowered, pure white, and extremely double, with very long stems, making them valuable for cutting.

134 ‘Long yellow.’  Flowers of unusual size, a dark rose color.

135 — Double.  Mixed.

Delphinium.  (P.).

Flowers remarkable for their great beauty, diversity of shades, and striking appearance.  Desirable for mixed borders.  If sown early will bloom first year from seed.

138 Delphinium Formosa.  Our flowers were two inches in diameter by actual measurement, brilliant azure blue in color.  Spikes eight to ten inches in length.

139 — Elatium (see Larkspur).  Blue.  Two feet.


141 — Elatium, Semi-Dwarf.  A beautiful new variety, growing about 3 feet in height.  Flowers extra large, in all shades of blue, from the lightest celestial to the deepest indigo.  Remarkably fine when in full bloom and worthy a permanent place among our leading perennials.

Eschscholtzia.  (California Poppy).  (A).

A very showy plant, about one foot high, blooming from June until September.  Produces a brilliant effect at a distance when grown in a mass.  Hardy.  Flowers very large with overlapping petals, often delicately waved at the edges.  In some varieties, the flowers are very large, with a margin of clear yellow, while the Maltese cross in some of the flowers is very distinct.

Useful, Fancy and Ornamental Gourds.

We have selected for our mixed variety of gourds all the numerous kinds of the useful, fancy and ornamental sorts.  These include the beautiful mock orange, a dish of which would pass as readily for one of real oranges; the hen’s egg, which would pass as readily for a dish of real eggs; the bottle, the double bottle, the dipper, the sugar trowel, Hercules, club, etc.  The last three named varieties require the full season to mature, and it would be better to start them by mid April under glass or in the house.  In very rich ground the small ornamental sorts will be apt to overgrow.

152 Hen’s Egg.  For nest eggs; handy when darning stockings.

153 Hercules Club.  Grows four to six feet in length.

154 Sugar Trough.  For holding liquids.  They will last years.

155 Double Bottle.

156 Double Bottle.

157 Useful, Fancy and Ornamental.  Mixed Varieties.
**Grasses, Ornamental.**

Very desirable for bouquets, both for summer and winter. For winter use, cut about the time of flowering, tie up in small bunches, and dry in the shade.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 170 | Grass Ornamental. *Job’s Tears.* (A) This well-known variety of tropical grass is so called from the appearance of its shiny, nearly fruit, which resembles a falling tear. Half hardy...
| 180 | Quaking. (A) A graceful shaking grass, producing numerous, long, silken plumes of flowers. Flowers the second season; cover carefully during winter. | .05 |
| 181 | Pampas. *(P)* The most stately and magnificent ornamental grass in cultivation, producing numerous, long, silken plumes of flowers. | .05 |

**Gypsophila.**

Elegant, free-flowering little plants succeeding in any soil. Well adapted to rockwork and edging.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>182</td>
<td>Gypsophila Paniculata. <em>(P)</em> Remarkably hardy dwarf plant, covering itself with small white flowers.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Heliotrope.**

(A) Well-known, deliciously fragrant plants, excellent for bedding purposes or pot culture.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>183</td>
<td>Heliotrope Mixed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>184</td>
<td>New Mammoth. Very sturdy and branching, producing immense umbels of light and deep violet flowers. The delicious perfume of this novelty far exceeds the well-known giant sort.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Hibiscus.**

(P)

|

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>185</td>
<td>Heliotropium Santorium. A variety of everlasting flowers, of great beauty... of dwarf, the petals; producing large, globular clusters of bright golden-yellow flowers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>186</td>
<td>New Perennial Hibiscus, Crimson Eye. <em>(Scent)</em> See shrubs. A robust grower, with dark red stems and foliage. Flowers immense, often measuring twenty inches in circumference, pure white, with a large central deep violet crimson in the center of each flower. Will succeed anywhere, and is perfectly hardy.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Hollyhocks.**

(P)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>187</td>
<td>Hollyhocks, Chaste. Improved Double. Mixed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>188</td>
<td>Snow White. 100 seeds. 189 Rose. 190 Sulphur. 191 Purple.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>189</td>
<td>Seed saved from one of the finest collections, and will produce very large double flowers of striking beauty.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Humulus.**

(A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>190</td>
<td>Humulus Japonicus. <em>(Hops)</em> Of very rapid growth, with luxuriant foliage, making a dense covering; beautiful when planted singly, also suitable for covering trellises, etc.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Humulus.**

(P)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>191</td>
<td>Variegatus. Leaves beautifully blotched and variegated with silvery white, yellowish green and dark green.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Ice Plant.**

(A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>192</td>
<td>A singular looking, tender annual, with thick fleshy leaves that have the appearance of being covered with crystals of ice.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Impatiens.**

(A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>193</td>
<td>Impatiens Bona Nox. <em>(Evening Glory)</em> Alkali to the Morning Glory, but differs from it, choosing the evening for its time of blooming.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>194</td>
<td>Mexican Grandiflora Alba. Large white flowers with a delicious fragrance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>195</td>
<td>Large-Flowering. Mixed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Lantana.**

(P)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>This showy greenhouse plant forms a small, lush, covering itself with pink, yellow and orange flowers, and a profusion of changeable color. Start in the house. Fine varieties mixed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Larkspur.**

(A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>201</td>
<td>Larkspur Stock-Flowered. Tall, branching, finest mixed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>202</td>
<td>Emperor Double. Fines Mixed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>203</td>
<td>Giant Hyacinth-Flowered. An improved type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>204</td>
<td>Tall Rocket, Double, Mixed. Plants large and showy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>205</td>
<td>Dwarf Rocket, Double, Mixed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Lupins. (P.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>218</td>
<td>Lupins. Mixed. Showy, hardy plants from two to three feet high, producing spikes of attractive flowers.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Marvel of Peru. (Mirabilis) (A.)</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>219</td>
<td>The old and well-known Four O'Clock. A fine plant with flowers of various colors, making a fine summer hedge, set one foot apart.</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Marigold. (Tagetes.) (A.)</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>220</td>
<td>Marigold, French. (&quot;Carter's Butterfly.&quot;) A beautiful variety with alternate petals of velvety purple-brown and old gold.</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>221</td>
<td>Legion of Honor. Plants about eight inches high, blooming from July until frost. Flowers single, of a beautiful, rich, golden-yellow, with large blotches of velvety-brown.</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>222</td>
<td>African. (El Dorado.) Flowers three inches in diameter, in all shades of yellow, lemon, primrose, gold and deep orange.</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>223</td>
<td>Calendula, Prince of Orange. Flowers striped with intense, glowing shade of orange.</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>224</td>
<td>Meteor Lance-flowered. Flowers dark orange red, very large and double.</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>225</td>
<td>African. The old-fashioned sort, greatly improved in size.</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>226</td>
<td>French</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mignonette. (A.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Mignonette. Myles' Hybrid Special. Plant dwarf and branching; flowers white and very fragrant, spikes eight to fourteen inches long. Fine for either outdoor or pot culture.</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>227</td>
<td>Mignonette. Myles' Hybrid Special. Plant dwarf and branching; flowers white and very fragrant, spikes eight to fourteen inches long. Fine for either outdoor or pot culture.</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>228</td>
<td>Orange Queen. (See Cut.) An ideal Mignonette. The growth is dwarf and compact, leaves thick and of a fine green. The enormous spikes are closely filled with large flowers of a beautiful orange color, very fragrant.</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>229</td>
<td>Macha. Plants dwarf and vigorous, of pyramid growth, with broad spikes of very fragrant red flowers. Fine for pot culture and equally valuable for borders</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230</td>
<td>Sweet</td>
<td>0.03</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mountain Beauty. (Antigonon Leptopus.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>233</td>
<td>Nasturtium. Tall. Mixed.</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>234</td>
<td>Vesuvius</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>235</td>
<td>Scheherazade, straw-colored, striped brown</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>236</td>
<td>Coccineum, Brilliant Scarlet</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>237</td>
<td>Tall, Dunnett's Orange</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>238</td>
<td>Atropurpurea, Dark Blood Crimson</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>239</td>
<td>King Theodore, Maroon</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
MORN Glory. (See Convolvulus Major.)

MAURANDIA. (A.)
A delicate free-flowering climber, for the conservatory or treliss work in the garden; also desirable for hanging baskets. Start early in pots, transplant when the weather becomes warm.

254 Maurandia Barclayana. Rich violet 0.02
255 — Mixed. Violet, white, rose and pink 0.05

MIMULUS. (Monkey Flower.) (P.)
A half-hardy plant, of the easiest culture, about nine inches high, producing a profusion of very pretty flowers. It is perennial in the greenhouse, and may be easily propagated by cuttings. Select a moist, rather shaded location.

256 Mimulus Cardocinus. One of the finest California; one foot high. 0.05
257 — Moschatus. (Musk Plant) Much esteemed for the strong musk odor of its leaves. 0.05

MOURNING BRIDE. (Scabiosa.) (A.)
A class of very pretty annuals, from one to two feet high; suitable for bedding or bouquets. Hardy.

258 Mourning Bride. Snowball. Pure White. Very large and extremely double. 0.10
259 — Mixed 0.02
260 — Golden Yellow. Plants semi-dwarf, producing in great profusion golden-yellow double flowers. 0.10
261 — Fiery Scarlet. The Scabious are valuable for cutting, as they remain a long time in bloom and do not droop easily. 0.05

NOLANA. (A.)

262 Very pretty, trailing, hardy annuals, fine for rockwork, hanging baskets, or for bedding. Mixed colors. 0.05

OXALIS. (P.)
Price per pkg.

263 Oxalis Rosea. Rose colored flowers; blooms abundantly 0.05
264 — Tropaeoloides. Deep Yellow flowers, with brown leaves 0.05

PANSY. (Heart's-ease.) (B.)

265 Pansy, Carter's Peacock. A beautiful and striking variety. The upper petals are of a brilliant ultramarine, closely resembling the peculiar shade of this color in the feathers of the peacock. 0.15
266 — Fiery Faces. Color, purple scarlet, with yellow margin and yellow eye. The three lower petals are regularly marked with large, velvety purple-black spots. 0.15
267 — Woodbury's Finest German. Mixed. Spotted, marbled, and striped. Unsurpassed in their almost endless variety of shades and brilliant coloring. 0.10
268 — Cardinai. The nearest approach to a bright red yet attained. 0.10
269 — Cassier's Giant. Gigantic flowers, beautifully blotched, and borne well above the foliage on strong stems. A rich and showy strain. 0.15
270 — Giant Nana. (Sp. Nana) Plant of compact, bushy form, with luxuriant foliage. Flowers immense in size, magnificent in varied, brilliant colors and strong markings, being blotched, veined, striped, edged and banded; pett is large, broad and thick, overlapping one another. A novelty of great merit. 0.20
271 — Giant Yellow. Spotted. A new and distinct variety of the five-blotched Coster tribe; flowers very large, in a pure golden-yellow, with a dark blotch on each petal. 0.15
272 — Masterpiece. A remarkable new type, the whole pett being conspicuously undulated and curled, giving them a globular appearance. The flowers are extremely large, and there are some tints of color not seen in other Pansies. Plants vigorous, and remarkably free-flowering. 0.15

PETUNIA. (P.)

273 Petunia, Bugnot's Superb Blotched. Very beautiful, extra large flowers with broad blotches; two upper petals nearly lined. 0.15
274 — Lord Beaconsfield. Color purple violet, shading off in the top petals to a white throat. 0.10
275 — Emperor William. Flowers of a rich ultramarine blue. 0.10
276 — Trimeandear, or Giant Panies. Mixed. Distinct and splendid race of vigorous and compact growth. Flowers of perfect form and immense size. Extra fine strain. 0.15
277 — Trimeandear. Striped. Extra large flowers, very fine. 0.10
278 — Superbissima. Very unusual in size, shape, and markings. 0.10
279 — Pure White. 0.10
280 — King of Black. 0.02
281 — Bronze colored. 0.10
282 — In 282 (Gold margined). 0.15
283 — Fine Mixed. 0.15
284 — Pansy's Extra Choice Mixture. This contains selections from the very finest varieties, several of which are not listed in this catalogue. 0.20

PERILLA, NANKINENSIS. (A.)

287 Beautiful, dark-green foliage, fine for ribbon planting or massing. 0.05

PANSY MAGNIFICA.

273 Pansy, Bugnot's Superb Blotched. Very beautiful, extra large flowers with broad blotches; two upper petals nearly lined. 0.15
274 — Lord Beaconsfield. Color purple violet, shading off in the top petals to a white throat. 0.10
275 — Emperor William. Flowers of a rich ultramarine blue. 0.10
276 — Trimeandear, or Giant Panies. Mixed. Distinct and splendid race of vigorous and compact growth. Flowers of perfect form and immense size. Extra fine strain. 0.15
277 — Trimeandear. Striped. Extra large flowers, very fine. 0.10
278 — Superbissima. Very unusual in size, shape, and markings. 0.10
279 — Pure White. 0.10
280 — King of Black. 0.02
281 — Bronze colored. 0.10
282 — In 282 (Gold margined). 0.15
283 — Fine Mixed. 0.15
284 — Pansy's Extra Choice Mixture. This contains selections from the very finest varieties, several of which are not listed in this catalogue. 0.20

PASSION FLOWER.
Handsome, rapid-growing climber, for greenhouse or sunny location in the open ground in summer.

285 Passiflora Corulea (Grandiflora). Large flowers of violet and blue. 0.10
286 Passiflora Grecilis, or "The Fairy Passion Vine." Dainty and pretty for hanging baskets or pots. Flowers white, one and one-half to two inches across, followed by seed fruit from one to two inches in length, at first green, but, when ripe, they turn a bright shining red and hang open, are a pleasing view and seeds. Grows readily from seed, and plants begin blooming when five or six inches high. Package of 25 seeds, 0.20

PETUNIA. (P.)
For brilliancy and variety of colors, and the long duration of their blooming period. Petunias are indispensable in any garden, also highly prized for pot culture.

288 Petunia, Large-Flowering Fringed Superbissima Crimson. The distinguishing characteristic of the Superbissima class of Petunias, is the large, delicately veined throat. This fine flower is regarded among the fringed varieties, adding quite a unique beauty, which will delight all lovers of Petunias. 0.25
289 — Hybrid Snowball. A very dwarf variety, with beautiful, large, satiny-white flowers, covering the plant with bloom. 0.15
290 — Large-flowering, yellow-throated. Mixed. The flowers are of large size, of double form, with a broad and deep yellow throat, beautifully veined. 0.20
291 — Superbissima. Very large dark red flowers, with large jet-black throats, scarlet seeds. Grows readily from seed, and plants begin blooming when five or six inches high. Package of 25 seeds, 0.20

PHASEOLUS. (A.)

300 Phaseolus Caracalla. A beautiful climber for the garden or greenhouse. Flowers bluish lilac, raised by florists for their delicious fragrance and resemblance to orchids. Start seed early in pots or under glass. 0.05

Customers' selection of Pansies. Any three 10-cent packages for 25 cents; any three 15-cent packages for 40 cents.
Phlox Drummondii. (A.) Price per pkg.

In this great variety of rich colors, probably the most brilliant of all annuals.
Fine for bedding, making a dazzling show throughout the entire season.

301 Phlox Drummondii Mixed Colors..........................per 1 -1/2 oz., 1 oz., 50 cents...

Large Flowering Varieties.

Magnificent class. Flowers as large as those of the perennial Phloxes.

302 White..........................................................08
303 Deep Purple..................................................08
304 Bright Scarlet................................................08

One package each of the four named varieties for 25 cents.

Dwarf Varieties.

307 Fireball. Very brilliant..............................08
308 Snowball. Fine White.................................08
309 Heynholdi. Mixed. Very dwarf and compact; fine for pot culture .95

Fimbriata.

311 Petals toothed, beautifully fringed and distinctly margined with white. Mixed....10

New Star Phlox. (Cupidata). (See Cut.)
The flowers, with their long pointed petals and broad white margins, have a beautiful, star-like appearance. Many and wonderfully brilliant colors mixed...........05

Physalis Franchetti. (Chinese Lantern Plant)

311 A distinct variety attaining a height of 18 to 24 inches. Out of the pretty foliage appears the brilliant, orange-red, saucer-shaped flowers. A true dwarf, and sometimes striped and born in clusters. We highly recommend this variety for florists.

315 - Carnation. (P.) Double Finest Mixed. Colors extremely rich and beautiful......15

316 Chabaud's Fancy Ever-blooming Carnations. A new strain produced by a careful selection. The plants are of even height, healthy and vigorous, flowering continuously in six months from sowing, and hardy enough for garden cultivation. The flowers are very large, double and deliciously sweet. Mixed...........................................10

New Star Phlox.

322 Pink, "Guillaume" Strain. Mixed. This mixture contains a fine variety of colors, including clear yellow and others with yellow stripes. Very fragrant....10

Summer Blooming Varieties.

323 Pink Mourning Cloak. Very beautiful, with large double flowers of a blackish purple, fringed and sharply margined with white........05

324 - Lacinias. Tall, Finest Double Mixed. Magnificent double flowers; very large and brilliant..............................................10

325 - Heedewig's. Double Mixed. Large flowers three inches in diameter; beautiful, rich colors, finely marked and marbled.....................05

326 - Heedewig's Double Fireball. The plants form thickly, branching bushy covered with shining fiery red blossoms...........15

327 - Chinese. Finest Double Mixed..........................05

328 - Double Diadem. Flowers of rich colors, beautifully edged and marbled...........05

329 - Double Imperial. Snowball. Beautiful fringed flowers of purest white............10

330 - Double Star. All the lovely bright colors of the Hedewigii class are represented in this, while in shape it is much superior...........15

Shirley Poppies.

331 - Crimson Belle. Magnificent single fringed flowers of a velvet crimson...........05

332 - The Bride. (Little Gem). Single fringed flowers. White with purple-red centers....05

333 - Double Fringed. Mixed..................................05

Poppy. (A.)

334 Poppy, Glaucum. (Tulp Popp). From a mere description, no adequate idea can be formed of the strikingly beautiful effect produced by a bed of these brilliant scarlet poppies in full bloom, the colors being of such glowing richness as to perfectly dazzle the eye.

335 - English Scarlet. The common field poppy of England.................................05

336 - White Swan. Flowers of fabulous size, very double, lobed and beautifully shaped, and the largest possible white, and continues longer in bloom than other Poppies........05

337 - Double Mixed. Brilliant and showy. Fine for background and shrubbery...........05

338 - Fairy Blush. Immense globular flowers; perfectly double, petals elegantly fringed; color pure white, tipped with rose.....................05

339 - Crocus. (P.) Orange-yellow. Large and very double..........................05

340 - The Shirley Poppies. (See Cut.) A beautiful new strain. Flowers single and semi-double, in colors extending from pure white through the most delicate shades of pink, rose and carmine to deepest crimson, and many are most delicately edged, shaded and striped.................05

341 Dwarf Shirley Poppies. The plants with their finely cut foliage and numerous slender flower stalks form vigorous bushes about 15 inches in height. The delicate round petaled flowers are about three inches across, in various shades of light and dark salmon red and orange, and are often prettily bordered with white....................10

342 - Iceland Poppies. (P.) Flowers dazzlingly fragrant, ranging from white and yellow to glowing orange and scarlet, flowering in great abundance the first year from seed, and blooming, by the first of May the following spring...................15

343 - New Striped. Although the percentage of true plants from seed is not higher than 30 to 40 per cent, the striped flowers of this new variety are so beautiful that we do not hesitate to offer the seed..............................10

Customers' Selections of Pinks. Any three 10-cent packages for 25 cents; any six 5-cent packages for 25 cents.
Primula. (P.)

Beautiful, low-growing, spring-flowering plants, for borders or pot culture. The flowers are borne in clusters on stalks four to six inches high. The English Primrose is perfectly hardy, but the other varieties should be protected over winter.

346 Primula Sinensis. (Chinese Primrose.) Splendid mixed .....
347 - Vulgaris. (English Primrose.) The favorite variety .
348 - Elatior. Mixed. (Polyanthus.) Early blooming, for spring beds or pot culture.

Pyrethrum. (P.)

349 Pyrethrum. Mixed. Flowers, both single and double, in great variety of colors. Extremely showy, easy to grow, hardy, and invaluable for cutting. If cut down after flowering in June will flower again freely in September.

350 - Hybridum Roseum Grandiflorum. Few perennials are more beautiful than well-grown hybrids of Pyrethrum Roseum. Not only are they through their vivid coloring and long-continued bloom, effective in the open border, but the splendid long-stalked, ray-shaped flowers are of exceptional value for cutting. We are pleased to be able to offer large flowering Pyrethrums, often reaching four inches in diameter, in all the beautiful variations of color between light rose and deep carmine.

Ricinus. (Castor Oil Plant.) (A.)

A highly ornamental, half-hardy annual, growing from four to six feet high, presenting quite a tropical appearance. Select warm, dry soil, and plant six feet apart.

351 Ricinus Zanzibariensis. (Zanzibar Castor Bean.) (See Cut, page 62.) Very showy, with gigantic leaves, which range from brilliant coppery bronze to light and dark green; the ribs also are of bright colors, making a beautiful contrast with the leaves. 15 seeds.


Salpiglossis. Bi-color, Superba. (A.) (See Cut)

353 A welcome addition to these popular annual and perennial plants so extensively used for cut flowers. Growing about two feet in height, it forms a many-branched, dense ball, and produces its long-stemmed flowers in greatest abundance. The calyx is green, the ray flowers are yellow, with large, velvety-brown spots at the base.

Salpiglossis, New Emperor. (A.)

354 This new variety shows a marked and striking distinction in habit of growth as well as in its flowers. It forms only one single leading stem which often grows as thick as a finger and wavers on its end a bouquet of the most beautiful flowers, entirely different from any one of them richly veined with gold, and considerably larger even than those of the grandiflora type. (See Cut.)

Salvia. (P.)

Very ornamental plants, two feet high, producing tall spikes of gay flowers. Sow early in hotbed, or in pots in the house, and transplant two feet apart. Half hardy.

356 Salvia Coccineus. Splendid scarlet.
357 - Bonfire. The finest variety for bedding; grows about two and a half feet high, forming handsome globular bushes, and produces long spikes of brilliant, dazzling scarlet flowers. Blooms the first year.

Sanvitalia. (A.)

358 Beautiful dwarf-growing plants densely covered with perfectly double golden flowers, of great value for beds and borders.

Smilax. (P.)

There is no climbing plant that surpasses this in beauty and grace and habitat of foliage. Extensively used for bouquets and floral decorations.

Snapdragon. Antirrhinum. (P.)

An old garden favorite of easiest culture; very showy, flowering the first season from seed, and yielding an abundance of fine flowers for cutting.

360 Snapdragons, Tall. Mixed.
361 - Majus Grandiflorum. Mixed. A new strain with very large flowers. We offer a splendid mixture, containing a great variety of rare and remarkable shades, not hitherto seen in the old collections.
362 - Black Prince. This large-flowered variety produces intense purple reflex, with golden-yellow anthers peeping over the black palate of the flower like two fiery eyes.
363 - Dwarf Golden Leaved "Sunlight." This grows about five inches high, with dense foliage of an intense glossy canary yellow. Flowers rosy white, regularly spotted and striped with carmine, a delicate tint that is very effective with the beautiful foliage. The seeds produce about 65 per cent of true yellow-leaved plants.

Stocks.

Half-hardy annuals, producing splendid spikes of very rich and beautiful flowers of delightful fragrance. For early flowering sow early in spring in pots or in hotbed, and transplant one foot apart. Bloom from June until November.

364 Stocks, Princess Alice. Snow white. This variety, also known as "Cut and Come Again," and "White Perfection," grows about two feet high, is of very branching habit, and produces in great abundance very large, beautiful, pure white flowers, which are replaced as they are cut.
365 - Victoria, Ten Weeks. (Deep blood-red.) Every plant forms a perfect pyramidal-shaped bouquet, completely covered with beautiful bright, fine double flowers.
366 - Dwarf, German. Finest Mixed.

It has at last become the fashion among ladies to raise their own herbs for seasoning, such as Sweet Marjoram, Summer Savory, and Thyme, each of which was a pet with our grandmothers in the days of our childhood, when they hardly had the leisure for the services of the Sabbath without a sprig of these, with its sweet fragrance, as their companion. If you have a spare corner in the flower garden what better use can be made of it than by planting it with these old friends? For prices see page 56.
Large Flowering Sweet Peas.

- We have discarded the small flowering sorts and selected the following varieties from a list of nearly two hundred as being among the finest for size, form and color.

These well-known universal favorites have been much improved, the last few years, in size and variety of colors, and for beauty and fragrance cannot be surpassed, excepting as they do, every shade of color most delightfully tinged and variegated. Sow in drills as early as possible in the spring in rich soil. Make a furrow six inches deep, sow the seed, and cover about two inches. As soon as the plants begin to show fill in the furrow. This deep planting will enable the vines to stand the heat of summer. By cutting the flowers before they fade, thus preventing pods from forming, the blossoms may be continued the whole season.

369 **Sweet Peas**. Emily Henderson. Flowers extra large, very fragrant and absolutely pure white. Remarkable for earliness and long-continued bloom; 1 lb., 10c.; per oz., 4c.

370 — **Extra Early Blanche Ferry**. Large pink and white flowers; per oz., 1c.

371 — **America**. Bright blood red stripe on white ground; per oz., 2c.

372 — **Sunproof Salopian**. The finest scarlet sweet pea; per oz., 4c.

373 — **Tall of Honor**. White capped with blue; per oz., 2c.

374 — **Senator**. Light brown and chocolate, shaded and striped on white; per 1 lb., 25c.; per oz., 5c.

375 — **Sunproof Blanca**. Bright blue, very attractive in shade, and of fine form; per oz., 3c.

376 — **Burpee's Earliest of All**. The very earliest of all Sweet Peas, ten days in advance of extra early Blanche Ferry, and the best of the pink and white type of flowers; per oz., 10c.; 1 lb., 25c.

377 — **Lady Mary Currie**. One of the best of the rich orange-tinted varieties; per oz., 1c.

378 — **Bride of Niagara**. (Double.) Clear pink and white; per oz., 1c.

379 — **Blanche Bonita**. Pure white, most of it immense in size; a wonderfully free bloomer; per 1 lb., 5c.; per oz., 1c.

380 — **Black Knight**. Very deep maroon. One of the darkest varieties; per oz., 2c.

381 — **Lovely**. Flowers large, of a soft shaded shell pink; per oz., 1c.

382 — **Crown Jewel**. Cream-prime rose ground, shaded and veined with rose; per oz., 2c.

383 — **Mrs. Eckford**. Beautifully shaded primrose yellow, the best yellow up to date; per 1 lb., 2c.; per oz., 1c.

384 — **Lottie Eckford**. White, suffused with lavender; per oz., 1c.

385 — **Monarch**. Deep purplish maroon; per oz., 2c.

386 — **Aurora**. Orange, rose tinted and striped; per oz., 2c.

387 — **Dwarf Cupid**. White. Fine for pot culture; per oz., 1c.

388 — **All Colors Mixed**. In this mixture will be found the finest varieties; per lb., extra, 4c.; per lb., postpaid, 5c.; per 1 lb., 12c.; per oz., 5c.

Any three-cent packages of Sweet Peas for 10 cents.

---

**Price per pkg.**

378 — **Bride of Niagara**. (Double.) Clear pink and white; per oz., 1c. 8

379 — **Blanche Bonita**. Pure white, most of it immense in size; a wonderfully free bloomer; per 1 lb., 5c.; per oz., 1c. 8

380 — **Black Knight**. Very deep maroon. One of the darkest varieties; per oz., 2c. 8

381 — **Lovely**. Flowers large, of a soft shaded shell pink; per oz., 1c. 8

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387 — **Dwarf Cupid**. White. Fine for pot culture; per oz., 1c. 8

388 — **All Colors Mixed**. In this mixture will be found the finest varieties; per lb., extra, 4c.; per lb., postpaid, 5c.; per 1 lb., 12c.; per oz., 5c. 8

393 — **Sweet Peas**. Sadie Burpee. (Black-seeded.) White with delicate pink flush in the standard when first opened; per oz., 1c. 8

394 — **Countess of Lathom**. Soft cream tint, heavily shaded with flesh pink, giving a coppery rose effect to the flower; per oz., 1c. 8

395 — **Lord Kenyon**. Bright rose pink, heavily shaded at the edges, with distinct, richly colored veining; per oz., 1c. 8

396 — **Mrs. Dugdale**. Light carmine rose, with faint markings primrose; per oz., 1c. 8

397 — **Countess Cadagan**. Bright blue, very attractive in shade, and of fine form; per oz., 1c. 8

398 — **Burpee's Earliest of All**. The very earliest of all Sweet Peas, ten days in advance of extra early Blanche Ferry, and the best of the pink and white type of flowers; per oz., 10c.; 1 lb., 25c.

399 — **Lady Mary Currie**. One of the best of the rich orange-tinted varieties; per oz., 1c.

400 — **Navy Blue**. Deep, glowing, violet purple, having the effect of dark navy blue; per oz., 1c.

**Sunflower**. (Helianthus.) (A.)

Well-known hardy annuals, with large, showy flowers.

401 — **Sunflower**. Thousand Flowers. Grows from twelve to fifteen feet high, is richly branched from base to summit, each branch bearing a multitude of medium-sized golden-yellow flowers, with small black centres. Planted singly on lawns or in the garden it is very effective.

402 — **Goldleaf**. Flowers single, plants of luxuriant growth, often reaching a height of 7 feet. The large leaves are variegated with most distinct markings, in colors varying from golden yellow to dark green.

403 — **Swan River Daisy**. (Brachycone.) (A.)

Very pretty, free-flowering, dwarf-growing annuals, well adapted to edgings, rustic baskets or for pot culture.

**Sweet Clover**. (A.)

Valuable for its fragrance.

404 — **Sweet Clover**. Valuable for its fragrance; per oz., 5c.

405 — **Sweet Sultan**. (Centaura.) (A.)

Very showy, one to two feet high, succeeding well in any soil.

406 — **Yellow**. The most beautiful Sweet Sultan. Flowers remarkably long-lived, very fragrant, and golden in color; per oz., 5c.

407 — **Sweet Sultan Mixed**. Per oz., 5c.

408 — **Double Mixed**. Per oz., 5c.

409 — **Auricula Eyed**. Per oz., 5c.

410 — **Tigridia Grandiflora**. Vigorous giant hybrids, with flowers, over six inches across, in red, white, yellow, orange, rose, crimson and gold, with shades and color combinations never seen among them before. The Tigridia thrives best in a sandy soil, and should be kept cool like the Gladiolus. Blooms the second season.

411 — **Tritoma Uvaria**. (P.) (Red Hot Poker Plant, or Torch Lilies.)

Splendid hardy perennials producing flower stems four or five feet in height, surrounded with spikes of flame-colored flowers. Fine for clumps on the lawn or among shrubbery. (See plants, page 73.)

412 — **Viola Odorata**. (Sweet Violet.)

Beautiful, fragrant, hardy plants, for beds and edgings, in moist, shady situations.
Verbena. (A.)

Well-known popular bedding plants, blooming all summer. The most brilliant, with the exception of Phlox Drummondii, of all the annuals.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>413</td>
<td>Verbena Candissima Nana Compacta</td>
<td>.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>414</td>
<td>Hybrida. Rosy Scarlet. Handsome dwarf variety, forming pretty round bushes of strictly upright growth; flowers large, bright rosy scarlet, with a white centre</td>
<td>.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>415</td>
<td>Bright Scarlet, White Centre. Flowers large, with centres well marked.</td>
<td>.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>416</td>
<td>Mammoth. Splendid flowers, in beautiful shades of pink, red and white.</td>
<td>.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>417</td>
<td>New Mammoth, Dark Scarlet Shades. (See Cut.) A magnificent strain. Some flowers are white-eyed, and others quite self-colored, but every plant produces splendid trusses of mammoth flowers.</td>
<td>.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>418</td>
<td>Purple Cloak. Large trusses of deep velvety purple flowers, clear white centre</td>
<td>.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>419</td>
<td>Fine Mixed.</td>
<td>.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Wallflowers. (B.)

Very fragrant and ornamental, tender biennials, suitable for background and amongst shrubbery.

421 Wallflower, Single, Mixed... .05
422 Double, Mixed............... .10

Early Single Annual Wallflower.

(See Cut.)

423 This new annual Wallflower, if sown in March in pots or in hotbed, will bloom from June until late in autumn. Flowers of a beautiful orange red and very fragrant... .04

Zinnia. (A.)

(Youth and Old Age.)

Splendid hardy annuals; succeeding well in any soil, and making a brilliant show. The same flowers will retain their beauty for weeks, and a profusion will be produced until frost.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Price per pkg.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>424</td>
<td>Zinnia. Elegans Grandiflora Picnissima. (New Giant Zinnia.) Extremely double, globe-shaped flowers, five inches in diameter, of striking and brilliant colors</td>
<td>.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>425</td>
<td>Grandiflora Picnissima Striped. Very showy and beautiful. A great improvement on the Zebra Zinnias.</td>
<td>.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>426</td>
<td>Tall. Finest varieties double mixed.</td>
<td>.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>427</td>
<td>Dwarf White.</td>
<td>.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>428</td>
<td>Dwarf, White. Very desirable for its regularity of growth and beautifully shaped flowers.</td>
<td>.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>429</td>
<td>Double Lilliput, Mixed. Very compact, forming thickly branching little plants about a foot and a half high, which fairly bristle with very double flowers of every shade and color, and hardly exceeding a large daisy in size.</td>
<td>.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>430</td>
<td>Double Giant. &quot;Queen Victoria.&quot; Pure white, large, very double flower of beautiful shape.</td>
<td>.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>431</td>
<td>Lorenz's Miniature. (See Cut, page 62.) The smallest Zinnia in existence, growing only about four inches high. The mixture we offer contains the following colors: white, scarlet, crimson, purple, dark rose, and yellow.</td>
<td>.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FLOWER SEED COLLECTIONS.

For the convenience of those who prefer to leave the selection to us, we offer the following collections. Persons thus purchasing can make a greater display at a much less price than ordering separate packages. The varieties in these collections are always to be our selection.

COLLECTION A.

10 Packages of Beautiful Annuals for 25 Cents.

Aster, Verbena, Coreopsis, Poppy, Sweet Pea, Nasturtium, Tall, Mignonette.

COLLECTION B.—Nasturtiums.

8 Pkts. for 25 Cents.

Tall and Dwarf, including Mme. Guenter.

COLLECTION C.—Large Flowering Sweet Peas.

15 Pkts. Choose Desirable Kinds for 40 Cents.

MIXED FLOWER SEEDS FOR WILD GARDENS.

A splendid mixture of over 100 sorts of beautiful free-blooming, hardy flowers, which can be offered at a much less price than when sold in separate packages. Those who cannot give the constant care necessary for finely arranged flower-beds, will find the "Wild Garden" a delightful substitute, with its constant and ever-varying bloom. Such a flower-bed is a continual surprise and pleasure, as new varieties and the old garden favorites flower successively throughout the season. Price, per 1 oz. ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

Purchasers who prefer to make their own Selections of Flower Seeds are referred to the following Prices:

For 1,000 seeds in packets may be selected to the value of

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 oz.</td>
<td>$1.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 oz.</td>
<td>$2.70</td>
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<tr>
<td>3 oz.</td>
<td>$4.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>4 oz.</td>
<td>$5.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 oz.</td>
<td>$7.20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All Flower Seeds sent by Mail, Postpaid, on receipt of Price. Prices for Flower Seed, per oz., given on application.
Miscellaneous Bulbs for Fall Planting. Ready in October.

See also Lilies, Page 65. Prices, except where otherwise noted, are per mail, postpaid.

Hyacinths. The most beautiful and fragrant of the Holland Bulbs. Plant in the garden in October or November, from three to four inches deep. For house culture plant the bulbs every three weeks, with the surface in good sandy soil, water freely, and set away in a dark cellar for about six weeks. When placed in glasses, the water should only just touch the base of the bulb.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Per dozen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single Blue</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single White</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single Red</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double Blue</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double White</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double Red</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.75</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Tulips. Plant in October or November, five or six inches apart, and three inches deep.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Per dozen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single Blue</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single White</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single Red</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double Blue</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double White</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double Red</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.75</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Chionodoxa Luciliae. One of the most beautiful flowering bulbous plants ever introduced, producing spikes of lovely white-blue flowers, with pure white centres. Price, 5 cents; per dozen, 20 cents.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Per dozen</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single</td>
<td>.05</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Chinese Narcissus. (Sacred Lily of China.) Flowers white, with yellow centre, very freely produced, and are successfully grown in water. Shallow dishes should be used, into which put an inch of gravel; on this set the bulb, fill in with small stones, and keep the dish full of water. Each, 15 cents; per dozen, 25 cents; per 100, $1.50.

Ranunculus. (Double Buttercup.) Plant three inches deep, and cover, before the ground freezes, with four inches of leaves, as they are not very hardy.

Narcissus, or Daffodil. Plant five inches deep, and cover with three inches of leaves.

Poeireuc, or Pheasant's Eye. Pure white cup, edged with red, splendid

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Each</th>
<th>Per dozen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single</td>
<td>.05</td>
<td>.50</td>
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</table>

Flowers perfect, but the stem is very short.

Von Sion. The double yellow daffodil, fine

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Per dozen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single</td>
<td>.05</td>
<td>.50</td>
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</table>

Flowers perfect, but the stem is very short.

Polyanthus. (Desirable for House Culture.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
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<th>Per dozen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single</td>
<td>.05</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Flowers perfect, but the stem is very short.

Crocus.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Per dozen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cloth of Gold</td>
<td>.05</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bright Yellow</td>
<td>.05</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All Colors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Per dozen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixed</td>
<td>.05</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Summer Flowering Vines.

(See Clematis on Page 73.)

Prices, except where otherwise noted, are per mail, postpaid.

Wild Cucumber. This is the quickest growing of the ornamental vines, being specially desirable for trellis work. It bears an abundance of fine white flowers, which are very handsome, hiding the leaves, making a mass of bloom. As this is an annual, we supply only the seeds. Price per ounce, 20 cents; per package, 5 cents.

Silver Sweet Vine. (New.) (Actinidia Polygama.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Per dozen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>True</td>
<td>.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A new, hardy climber of remarkable beauty, from Japan. The foliage on the ends of the flowering shoots in its third season changes to a silvery white color, giving the whole vine from a little distance the appearance of being covered with large white flowers blooming amongst its bright green leaves. The flowers, small, creamy white in color, having the shape of apple blossoms, with numerous stamens with bright yellow anthers, resemble the lily of the valley in fragrance. The foliage, which in busy health suggests that of the lilac, is almost absolutely free from insect pests. These, without any protection, withstand the most rigorous cold and protect from frost. This new climber is especially suited for planting about buildings, to run over pergolas and arbors, or in clumps on lawns or parks. While the vines are small they are protected, as cats will eat the leaves and tender shoots as they do catnip.

Price for two years old vines, 3 feet high, 60 cents each.

Hardy English Ivy. This is a hardy evergreen climbing vine, with dark glossy green leaves much shaded with white, covering walls or churches, etc.; it is a true evergreen; retains its bright green leaves all winter and always looks alive. Each, 15 cents; 3 for 50 cents.

Passion Flower. (Passiflora Incarnata.) A strong-growing, vigorous climber, making a fine covering for porches and verandas. The roots will usually survive the winter as far north as Philadelphia, but in higher latitudes they should be dug up and placed in the cellar until spring. 15 cents each; three for 30 cents.

Moonflower or Evening Glory. A very rapid summer climber. The flowers are immense, five inches in diameter, pure white and sweet scented, and as they open at night, very striking. The effect on a moonlight night is charming.

Flowers, 15 cents each.

Flanetta Vine. Charming, being literally covered with flowers the entire season; coloring gorgeous in the extreme, flame color tipped with bright yellow. It will attain a height of from 5 to 10 feet in one season. 12 cents each.

Cinnamon Vine. A beautiful rapid-growing, summer climber, with glossy foliage and spikes of delicious cinnamon-scented flowers. Good sized roots, each 12 cents; for 20 cents.

Wistaria. Chinese Purple. A hardy, strong-growing twining vine with handsome, luxuriant foliage, producing in midsummer long, drooping clusters of beautiful lilac, fragrant flowers. Price, one year old, 12 cents each; three for 30 cents.

Woodbine. Having a little space we offer Woodbine—a fine appearing quick growing vine, which, while of a beautiful deep green foliage in the summer, will die down in fall to a dark red, thus dotting the landscape. Price, postpaid, 25 cents each.

Ampelopsis Veitchii. This is the famous creeper that clings to any building by means of its tendrils, it is sometimes known as Boston Ivy. It is of an exceeding rapid growth, and perfectly hardy. Foliage pretty, dense and attractive; in the fall it gradually changes to nearly all the colors of the rainbow. Strong, two years old plants, eighteen inches high, each, 20 cents; per dozen, $1.25. One year old plants, one for 12 cents; three for 30 cents; six for 50 cents; 12 for 90 cents.

Madeira or Mignonette Vine. A beautiful climber, of rapid growth, adapted to outdoor growth in the summer. It completely covers itself with deliciously fragrant white flowers. Tubers should be kept in cellar over winter. Each, 10 cents; per dozen, 25 cents.

Honeysuckles. These are climbing shrubs much cultivated for ornament and the fragrance of their flowers. We have one year old plants of Hall's Japan, flowers white and yellow, and Scarlet Trumpet, scarlet flowers. Price, one for 12 cents; three for 30 cents; six for 50 cents; twelve for 90 cents.
Summer Flowering Bulbs and Roots.

Prices, except where otherwise noted, are per mail, postpaid. No discount.

Gladioli.

These showy flowers are very easily raised, and with their tall spikes and brilliant colors of almost every variety, simple and blended, make one of the most magnificent displays of the flower-garden. By planting from March to July, a continuous succession of flowers will be secured. Plant in rows a foot apart, six inches apart in the row, and two inches deep. These need to be housed in the autumn.

Beautiful French Hybrid Varieties, Splendid Mixtures. Price, per 100, express, $2.00; per 200, express, $3.90; per 1000, express, $34.00; per 1000, postpaid, $34.00; per 2000, postpaid, 50 cents.

Leomin's Hybrid. (Vms.) For rich and vivid coloring these have no equal. Embraceted with the most intense burning and rich shades, they are wonderful. Price, per 100, express, $3.00; per 1000, postpaid, $34.00; per 2000, postpaid, 50 cents.

New Collections of Gladioli at Special Low Prices.

Mrs. Keitelage. Fiery red; white blotch with carmine; has white veins.

Countess of Craven. Rose flaked with carmine.

Chameleon. Slaty-lilac with creamy white blotch.

Diomant. Extra large, flecky white, blotched and streaked crimson.

Pepita. Bright golden yellow striped with carmine.

Romulus. Intense dark red, blotched with pure white.

Le Poussin. Bright red, with white blotch.

Reine Victoria. White, carmine-violet blotch, very fine.

Africana. Dark amaranth, almost black, with white stripes.

Lilies.

Plant either in spring or fall, except Candidum and Harrisii, which are for fall planting only.

Plant deep where they are to remain; in winter cover four inches deep with leaves or straw; feed them well.

New Dwarf Ever-Blooming Calla Lily.

It is our good fortune to have come into possession of this most valuable of all Callas. The following facts will convince any one of its great superiority over the old sort. It is of a dwarf habit and does not grow tall and scraggly like the old variety, but is strong and compact, with a great abundance of lustrous dark green foliage. It is a true ever-blooming, its flowers appearing in great abundance both summer and winter when grown in pots or it will bloom profusely all summer long in open ground, and being potted in September, after being dug up and rested for two months, will continue blooming without intermission all winter. The same plant will grow and bloom for years without once ceasing, and the quantity of bloom which a good plant will produce is astonishing. A large plant is hardly ever without one or more flowers, and its dwarf, compact habit makes it much more desirable than the tall varieties. Price, 25 cents each.

Double Tuberoses.

The Pearl. Beautiful white, wax-like, very sweet-scented double flowers, growing in tall stems, each stem bearing a dozen or more flowers. Remove all offsets from the sides of the bulbs, start in the house in April, and transplant to open ground for summer blooming. Planted in pots in April, and taken into the house when frost comes, they will freely bloom in December. First quality bulbs, per dozen, 50 cents; per dozen, express, 35 cents; each, 7 cents.

New Variegated. The leaves of this variety are bordered with creamy white; flowers single but very large and of exquisite fragrance. Bulbs continue to grow and bloom year after year. It makes a most magnificent plant. It blooms several weeks earlier than the other sorts, which greatly adds to its value. First quality bulbs, per dozen, 50 cents; per dozen, express, 35 cents; each, 7 cents.
Summer Flowering Bulbs, Continued.

Prices, except where otherwise noted, are per mail, postpaid.

Saint Brigid or Poppy Anemones.

What could be more glorious than a bed of these new Irish Anemones. Compare it to some bright oriental carpet, whereon the artist has exercised his ingenuity to blend pleasing and effective tints! Indeed, the flowers of this new strain show all the colors of the rainbow and many more; for even black and white are found, as well as shades of pink, rose, crimson, fêry scarlet, carrot, lilac, lavender, blue, purple, even green. Some are curiously mottled, striped, edged, and shaded with the various tints described; the effect produced being bewildering. They bloom frequently until well after frost. Being perfectly hardy, will bloom again the next season to greater profusion than ever. The flowers and the beautiful fern-like foliage remain fresh in water for a week or more. For spring or fall planting. Fine bulbous roots, 5 for 30 cents; 10 for 50 cents.

Begonias. (Ready March 15.)

Tuberous Rooted. It is quite impossible to overestimate the worth of this interesting family of plants. Every one should grow them. Planted where they can have plenty of moisture and a little shade from the noontday sun, they make a glorious display, excelling the most vivid geraniums. Give them one trial in your garden, and you will never be without them. We offer tubers from the finest strain of erect, large flowered varieties, of dwarf habit, comprising all colors,—scarlet, white, yellow, pink, etc. Not hardy; house these and Gloxinias in the autumn.

Price, Single,—scarlet, white, yellow, pink,—each 10 cents. Four, one of each, 30 cents; twelve, three of each, 80 cents. Price, Double,—scarlet, white, yellow, pink,—each 15 cents. Four, one of each, 55 cents; twelve, three of each, $1.00.

Gloxinias. (Ready March 15.)

These are most charming tuberous rooted pot plants. Their fine trumpet-shaped flowers are exquisitely tinted and blotched with dots of violet, pink or crimson. Price (bulbs), 15 cents each; three for 35 cents; twelve for $1.00.

Dahlias. (See page 5) (Ready in May.)

Ethel Vich, or A. D. Livoni. This variety bears in great profusion most perfectly formed flowers of a rich pink color. All in all we think that this is the best of the Dahlia family. These need to be housed in the autumn. Price, 20 cents each; three for 50 cents.

12 Show Dahlias.


12 Pompon Dahlias.

Maud. (New.) Pure white, long stem; fine for cutting.


12 Cactus Dahlias.

Perle de la Tete d'Or. (New.) One of the most remarkable and most beautiful of all the decorative class. The flowers are a pure white with frequently a slight tint of purple; very large and of exquisite form with petals very prettily notched. The stems are erect and long.

Price, 20 cents each; 3 for 50 cents; 12 for $1.75.

Canna, Large flowering French. (Ready in May.)

All of the list below are green leaved, except the J. D. Cabos bronze.

SUMMER FLOWERING PLANTS.

Rose Peony.

Deep Rose color. Most fragrant of all the peonies, having a stronger and richer rose fragrance than any rose. Perfectly hardy. Each, 25 cents.

Old-Fashioned Garden Pink Roots.
The delicious sweet-scenting pinks of our grandmothers. Very hardy and easily grown. Per dozen, 65 cents; each, 8 cents.

Shebeckia Lacinata, "Golden Glow." (New.)

A hardy perennial plant growing eight feet high, branching freely, and bearing the flowers long, gracefully, exquisitely double blossoms of bright golden color, and as large as Cactus Dahlias. Price, per single root, 20 cents; per dozen, $1.50.

Hibiscus, "Crimson Eye." For description see page 57. Strong, two-year plants, $1.50 per dozen; 15 cents each; one-year plant, $1.00 per dozen; 10 cents each.

CARNATIONS.

We consider the following varieties of carnations as among the best of recent introductions, combining good form and beautiful colors with vigorous growth and free-blooming qualities.

Bon Ton. (New.) Bright warm scarlet, large, deep fringed, a fragrant flower on a stiff stem.

J. A. Lager. Reflected, of great depth. Petals long and twisted, open at the end, of beautiful pure yellow. Price, per dozen, $1.50.

Maude Dean. An immense pink variety; finely incurved; petals broad, shell shaped. One of the largest flowers exhibited in the fall shows.

Major Bonham. Soft, clear yellow; full in the center, eight inches in diameter and nearly as deep. In perfect form and finish; habit dark.

Mme. E. Bergmann. The finest of all the early Pierre; very large and full, and of the purest white, with creamy yellow, a strong, sturdy habit; fine foliage. The most popular white variety for florists for early forcing.

Mrs. E. G. Hill. One of the earliest of all large flowering sorts. Flowers very large; color delicate pearl pink.

Mrs. Henry Thompson. Higher than the previous varieties; color crimson.

Nivous. A grand, snow white variety, center irregularly incurved with outer petals reflexing nearly to the stem. Constitution robust; foliage large and abundant, while the keeping qualities of the flowers are unsurpassed.

The Queen. One of the grandest of all whites, especially for exhibition.

FOUR COLOR COLLECTION OF CHRYSANTHEMUMS FOR 40 CTS. POSTPAID.

One plant each of Pink, Red, White and Yellow. (See our selection of varieties.)

We also offer the small Pompion Chrysanthemum in three colors, white, yellow and red. These small flowering varieties are unique in appearance, and are much liked in contrast to the larger flowering sorts. Price, 15 cents each, or four for 50 cents.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS. The Leading Autumn Flower. (Ready in May.)

There are no flowers that make such a magnificent display in the autumn as these, with their almost endless variety of fanciful shapes, and colors ranging from the purest white, through delicate pink and rose, through all shades of bright crimson and orange, to a deep rich crimson. They thrive in a sunny, sheltered location in good rich soil, with plenty of well-rotted cow manure. Water freely and keep them well cut back until the first of August. If wanted for indoor blooming, they should be lifted about the middle of September, potted watered thoroughly, and set in a shady place for a few days; afterwards expose them to the full light, with temperatures not higher than fifty degrees, in cold climates winter in the cellar.

Fishy's Torch. Bright, clear red, the richest shade in chrysanthemums; large, fine flower.

Ivy. Exceedingly fine for pot culture or cutting; pure white flower of exquisite form and finish.

Mme. Bezanson. (New.) Strong, larger in size. Price, per dozen, $1.50.

Miss Pott. A splendid deep crimson.

Palenuone, fine deep salmon rose; very free flowering.

The Queen, pure white. Price, dormant roots, by mail, postpaid, each 15 cents; three for 40 cents; six for 65 cents.

Helianthus, Multiflora Plenus.

A perfect gem that should be in every garden. The plants attain a height of about four feet, and in their blooming season, in August and September, they are nearly covered with bright, golden-yellow double flowers, about the size of a daisy. Desirable for cutting, flowers remaining bright and fresh for days. House in winter. Roots, per dozen, $1.25; each, 15 cents.

HARDY PERENNIAL PHLOX.

Coeceinea, glowing scarlet.

Cross of Honor, white with broad rose lilac in center.

Isabey, orange salmon; center purplish crimson.

Madame Bezonson, a splendid deep crimson.

Pantheone, fine deep salmon rose; very free flowering.

The Queen, pure white. Price, dormant roots, by mail, postpaid, each 15 cents; three for 40 cents; six for 65 cents.

CHRYSANTHEMUM SEEDS. Delea- New Early Flowering. A remarkable new class of perennial Chrysanthemums, selected from the celebrated Deka strain, blooming early in September from seed sown in March. Very dwarf, branching in habit, and perfect bloomer. The flowers are entirely unlike the early blooming varieties hitherto known, vining with the later sorts in form, size, and in richness and variety of colors. Price, per package, 25 cents.

SUMMER FLOWERING SHRUBS. (These Are All Hardy.)

Prices, except where otherwise noted, are per mail, postpaid.

Hydrangeas (for growing in pots).

These need to be taken into the cellar in winter.

Otaka. Red Branched. Thomas Hogg. One year old plants, One for 20 cents; three for 45 cents.

Syringas.

Hardy shrubs with green foliage, and blooming in June. One year old plants of the Double White and Golden; also the Garland. Price, one for 12 cents; three for 30 cents; six for 50 cents; twelve for 90 cents.

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora.

One of the most valuable hardy shrubs in cultivation. The flowers are forced in large white trusses, which change to a deep pink. The branches, drooping with the weight of the flowers, give it an extremely graceful appearance. Large plants two years old, per express, 25 cents; postpaid, 35 cents.

One year old plants, one for 12 cents, three for 30 cents; six for 50 cents; twelve for 90 cents.

Snowball.

Japanese. The bush of this is of more compact habit than the common variety and its white globular flowers remain longer in bloom. We also have the common variety. Price for one year old plants, one for 30 cents; three for 90 cents; six for 150 cents; twelve for 250 cents.

E. Proctor Bailey, Iowa, writes: "For forty-one years, two years excepted, I have always had a good garden—the pride of the neighborhood."

Mrs. Margaret L. Mahaffy, Chillicothe, Ohio, writes: "I have used your seeds for over thirty years and have never yet found a failure, always finding them true to name."

T. A. Thompson, Berad Brook, Conn., writes: "I am not in the habit of writing testimonials but I feel it my duty to state that for the last twenty or more years I have traded with you and have yet to find a single instance where they have not proved as represented."
HARDY PERPETUAL VARIETIES. (Two years old.)

Price, per express at purchaser’s expense, 35 cents each; or $3.50 per dozen; per mail, postpaid, 45 cents each; or $4.50 per dozen.

We have one year old bushes of this list at 12 cents for one; 3 for 30 cents; 6 for 50 cents; 12 for 90 cents.

Our customers will find these varieties to be not only choice, but beautiful, bearing large fragrant flowers the same season they are planted. The plants are two years old, and extra large and strong, not the puny, weak affairs too often sent out. We are growing most of these varieties in our own garden. We have picked good buds from them well into November, and several of the bushes the second season have grown from five to nine feet. As far as possible we supply roots on their own roots, but as many varieties with an ingenious pull on their own roots with an ingenuity of a few buds or grafted stock obtainable. All budded or grafted bushes should be planted so that the point at which they are planted will be at least two inches below the surface.

NEW HARDY YELLOW ROSE. SOLIEL D’OR. (New.) One year field grown.

The Soliel d’Or is a cross between Persian Yellow and Antoine Duche, being reddish, the thorns very fine, the foliage more ample, and the leaves, of Persian Yellow, is perfectly hardy, robust, and vigorous, being vigorous flowers, and an orange-yellow to reddish gold, shaded with nasturtium-red.

The flowers are three and a half inches in diameter. Price, extra, 45 cents; per mail, 55 cents.

Dorothy Perkins. The flowers are usually 1 and 1.5 inches in diameter. Color a most beautiful clear pink. So vigorous that it often makes shoots of over 10 feet in a single season. Flowers fragrant. Foliation is a rich deep green, remaining fill well into the winter.

Caroline Marnissie. Flowers pure (or slightly creamy) white, medium size, very double, very sweetly scented and produced in profuse masses, blooming without cessation from June till October. Perfectly hardy.

Prince Camille de Rohan. (New.) A magnificent rose. Color rich velvety-crimson passing to maroon shaded black, with strong white they appear really black.

Tom Wood. (New.) Color a bright cherry-red; plant gives abundance of bloom early and late. It has a thick heavy foliage and is compact in shape.

Mrs. R. G. Sherman Crawford. (New.) Color deep rosy pink, the outer petals tinted with pale flesh color, flowers large and full and very fragrant. The plant blooms from summer to late autumn.

Clothilde Soupent. (New.) Color French white deepening to rose blush in centre; compact habit; wonderful profusion of bloom. Valuable for both garden or house culture. This needs protection in the winter.

American Beauty. Rich rose crimson; of exquisite and delicious fragrance; almost continuously in flower.

Marchfulness of London Pride. Flowers of great size, color very white; flowers very freely; highly perfumed; an acquisition.

Mad. Georges Brant. This has the hardness of the Rugosa class with the free-flowering qualities of the Tea. Flowers of large size, color pure glistening white.

Mad. Gabriel Luizet. Extra large, very double and full, very fragrant. Color an exquisite rose suffused with lavender and green; flowers medium size.


Cleo. Flesh-color. It has the most delicate texture and coloring imaginable, a beautiful globular form, and in size it is something truly striking.

HARDY PERPETUAL AND OTHER VARIETIES. (One year old.)

We offer the above list, also the following hardy perpetual varieties, one year old,—Anna de Diesbach, Caroline de San, Vieil Caprice, Coquette des Alpes, Fisher Holmes, Gen. Crawford, Jules Margottin, La Reine, Mad. Charles Wood, Mad. Plantier, Maurice Bernard, Ulrich Brunner, and Victor Verder. Price for one, 12 cents; for two, 24 cents; for three, 36 cents; for four, 48 cents.

The Rambler. (One year old.) Pink, white, yellow, and crimson. Price, one for 12 cents; two for 24 cents; three for 36 cents; four for 48 cents.

Trailing Rose. (One year old.) Pink, white, yellow, and crimson. Price, one for 12 cents; two for 24 cents; three for 36 cents; four for 48 cents.

The La France Set. White, red, pink and striped one year old. Price, one, 10 cents; four for 30 cents.
STRAWBERRIES. (See also page 5.)

For hill culture plant fifteen by fifteen inches; for matted growth, make rows three feet apart, and plant one foot apart in the row. Those marked with * are patented varieties needing staminate (S) sorts near them. Shipping season for large plants will be the month of April and to May 15. No plants except potted plants sent after May 15. We can supply from August till October potted plants of those varieties marked with an asterisk at 10 cents per dozen, $3.50 per 10 dozen, or express or freight, at purchaser's expense. We cannot possibly supply layer plants in the fall.

Few varieties do equally well in all localities or on all soil. Those we have selected are not only in the first class because of their general excellence, but they come nearest doing well in all localities and on all soils, according to the testimony of every Agricultural Experimental Station, and of the largest strawberry growers, which we can endorse in part from our own observation and experience.

SENIOR DUNLAP (New.) This new Strawberry is exceedingly vigorous, with clean, healthy foliage, which has no tendency to rust, and well-drained soil-proof. The fruit is of large size, regular and attractive in form, deep red in color, without and within, firm in substance and excellent in quality. Season is among the earliest and it continues productive nearly a month. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

MILLER (S.) (New.) Plants extra large and healthy. Very productive. Fruit large, well protected by the immense foliage. The beauty of form, size, color, and excellent quality make it a first-class berry for the family. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

ROUGH RIDER (S.) (New.) A seedling of Evanka fertilized by Gandy. The originator claims that it is both the latest and the firmest berry in existence. Good pickings have been had from it as late as August 1. Berries very large, enormously productive, and vines free from disease. Color dark red. In Boston, 17, 15, July, brought from 15 to 20 cents per quart. It has been shipped without ice July 13, 50 miles in express cars and sold for 12 cents per quart. Perfect blossoms. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $2.00; per 1000, $20.00.

SALEM (S.) (New.) The new berry of Mr. Smith, the originator of the Beverly. Plants vigorous, healthy, with a perfect blossom. Fruit large, roundish, regular, dark glossy red, and quite firm, as we saw them on the grounds of the originator last season, when the crop was wonderful. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

NEW YORK (S.) (New.) Large in both plant and fruit. Plant very healthy; fruit regular in form, conical, of good color and flavor; it ripens all over at the same time, with no green tips. In 1893, it won the prize of 18 cents in competition with the Glen Mary. Where it originated it is known by the name of "Rutgers." This berry is generally distinguished from others. Perfect blossom. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

HAVERLAND. An old stand-by among those who raise strawberries by the acre. Berry, regular, oblong; color, bright red; remarkably productive; quality good, moderately firm. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

The SAMPLE (P). Last season, which was a very unfavorable one, the Sample gave satisfaction, when almost every other variety failed. Professor Maynard, of the Massachusetts Agricultural College, found that it bore the largest berries and yielded the greatest crop of any of the 200 varieties he tested in 1908. This is no currant berry, but regular in form and of fine flavor. Three of its strongest recommendations are: First, that it colors all at once; second, that there are as many fine berries in the middle of the bed as on the outside; and third, it has such vigor that, if the land has been well-manured and kept clean, it will bear just as abundantly the second season as the first. The Sample is a rich scarlet berry, sufficiently hard for a near market, as well as for the field, as the Marshall. The estimate of the old strawberry growers who saw Mr. Gowing's bed was that the crop was at the rate of 200 bushels to the acre. The Sample, being a late variety, comes after the glut is over.

Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

CLYDE (S.). Fruit very large, light red, conical, firm and best quality. Season early and long. Plant very vigorous, plenty of runners, hardy, free from rust, and very productive. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

NICK OHMER (S.) (New.) A great surprise is in store for all who fruit this strawberry for the first time: its mammoth size, beautiful color, and good productive being really astonishing. The plant is of the most handsome, with clean, healthy foliage, the slightest tendency to rust. The berries are of the largest size—a perfect giant among strawberries—roundish-conical in form, uniform and regular, rich, glossy crimson, firm and solid. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00. 10 cents each.

WORLD CHAMPION (S.). Fruit stems very stout, berries very large, and yield so heavy that some of the pickers gathered over 100 quarts in four hours. Good form, dark red, glossy, flash, as red as a blood cranberry; very late, and will keep extra plants well after picking. It runners abundantly, blossoms perfect, hence needs no other variety to fertilize it. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

BISMARCK (S.) A new and vigorous seedling of Bubach. The plant is larger, and the general tone of the plant far more healthy and vigorous; in every way an improvement over its parent. It has perfect blossoms, is exceedingly productive of very large, regular, oblong, conical berries, bright, glossy scarlet in color, considerably firmer than Bubach, and of excellent quality. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

W. B. SMITH (S.). The plant is vigorous and thrifty, a giant in size, and remarkably productive. The fruit is exceptionally large, irregular, round in shape, brilliant red in color, some of extra fine quality. It is a good shipper. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

GLEN MARY (S.). Plant a good grower; runners abundant. Fruit very large, form irregular-conical; dark crimson color; good quality. Very productive, and one of the most promising of the newer varieties. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

BRANDYWINE (S). Modest red; flesh red, firm, and solid for so large a berry, none more so. Quality not the best, but fully as good as Sharpless and better than Bubach. Vines exceedingly prolific. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

THE MARSHALL (S). A distinct variety, having the wild strawberry flavor. It needs extra treatment. Three thousand quarts were picked from one hill this year. Color very dark, extending through the berry. Nice for home gardens or for local marketing. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

ALPINE MONTHLY (S). The great merit of this variety is that it continues to bear until frost comes. The fruit, though very rich in flavor, is of small size, and it is not a heavy cropper, but a variety that, instead of having a season of but two to three weeks, as is the case with most other strawberries, will enable you to make a present to the sick, as it ripens through a period of five months; is deserving of a small plot in every garden. When the first crop is renewed as soon as set, the latter crop will be more abundant. Price, per dozen, postpaid, 25 cents; per 100, $1.00; per 1000, $10.00.

If in a case, do not order more than six of any four or more varieties of strawberries are taken, the party ordering shall be at liberty to deduct five cents from each dozen price where said price is fifty cents or under, and ten cents where price is over fifty cents...

Please send in your orders for small fruits early, for by so doing you will be the better satisfied. ....
### SMALL FRUITS—Continued.

#### RASPBERRIES.

**The Loudon Raspberry.**

Of the thirteen varieties of red Raspberries tested at the Massachusetts Agricultural College in 1856, the Loudon yielded 49.2 lbs., while the lot averaged but 12.1 lbs, and the heaviest crop next to the Loudon yielded but 19.1 lbs. The report speaks of it as follows: **"A very vigorous and productive variety. It was very little injured by the past winter, while many of the standard varieties suffered severely. Fruit large, bright crimson, quality best. The most promising variety in the station collection."** Mr. Lovitt considers the fruit, "the richest and finest in quality of any entirely hardy and reliable variety in cultivation." Price, per dozen, 65 cents; per hundred, $1.50.

**Marlboro.** Red; strong grower, hardy, and productive; early, and continues long in bearing. Price, postpaid, one, 12 cents; per dozen, 65 cents; per hundred, 60 cents.

**Gregg.** (Black Cap.) The leading late Black Cap. Very popular market sort. Price, postpaid, one, 12 cents; per dozen, 65 cents; per hundred, 50 cents.

**Cuthbert.** Red; remarkably productive. Price, postpaid, one, 12 cents; per dozen, 65 cents; per hundred, 50 cents.

**Columbian.** This new raspberry appears to be a cross between the red and black varieties. Color, a dark red. It took two prizes at the New York State Fair in 1876: one as the best cutting berry, and the other as the best evaporated berry. The introducer states that 3.5 bushels yielded on an average five quarts each. Valuable for market where a dark red berry will sell. Price, postpaid, 12 cents each; 65 cents per dozen; 50 cents per hundred, 50 cents.

### Currants.

Plant on deep, strong, rich soil, four by five feet apart. Cut back young shoots one-third every year. To protect from currant worms, dust with bollebor at time of blossoming, when dew is on, and repeat when fruit is full-grown.

**North Star Current.** (New.) We endorse the following description of this new variety: **"The bushes of this variety are very strong growers; give them plenty of room and keep ground well manured; bunches over three inches long and are freely produced. This combines extreme hardiness, vigorous growth, with good quality and great productivity."** Price, per dozen, 50 cents; per hundred, $1.25; per thousand, $1.05.

**President Wilder Current.** (New.) Mr. Barnes, the largest currant grower along the Hudson river, is so well pleased with this currant that he will plant it hereafter in preference to any other. It is as large as Fay's and as early, but it makes a longer and better filled bunch, and is more productive. It will remain in good bearing order for a fortnight longer. As a table fruit it retains its bright red color, not turning dark like Fay's and Cherry's; is not so acid as Fay's, and has a rich flavor which is very agreeable. Price, per dozen, 15 cents; per hundred, 75 cents; per thousand, $5.00; per express, 35 cents.

**Fay's Prolific.** As large as Cherry, and with larger bunches; rapidly superseding it. Price, postpaid, one, 15 cents; per dozen, 75 cents; per thousand, $5.00; per express, 35 cents.

**Cherry.** The old standard large red. **White Grape.** The best white. Price, postpaid, one, 15 cents; per dozen, 75 cents; per thousand, $5.00; per express, 35 cents.

**Victoria.** A splendid variety, great bearer, bunches extremely long. Price, postpaid, one, 15 cents; per dozen, 75 cents; per thousand, $5.00; per express, 35 cents.

**Pomona.** This excels in productivity, quality, and in fewer seed than other varieties. The following points are claimed for it: 1. A most vigorous grower. 2. A perfectly healthy, hardy plant. 3. The most productive. 4. The sweetest and best in quality, not having the unpleasantly strong currant flavor, and making it a very choice dessert fruit to eat, as strawberries, with sugar and cream, and second only to strawberries. 5. Continues in profitable bearing a greater number of years than any other sort. 6. Is of good size, larger than Red Dutch or Victoria. 7. Retains its foliage until after fruit is all gathered, thus preventing sun-burning. 8. Will hang on bush in good condition longer than any other sort. 9. Has fewer and smaller seeds than any other. 10. Comes into profitable bearing earlier than any other sort. Price, one, postpaid, 15 cents; dozen, 75 cents; dozen, express, 35 cents.

### JOHNSON'S MAMMOTH CRANBERRY PLANTS.

**When Cooked Far Superior to the Common Variety.**

There are a great many varieties of the cranberry; they differ not only in size and vigor of vines, and cropping qualities, but in the form and size of the berries. Old cranberry growers are aware of this fact, and are ever on the lookout for extra large varieties. These cannot always be procured, because those who are fortunate enough to have them monopolize them. We are pleased, therefore, to be able to offer to our customers one of these giant varieties, Johnson's Mammoth, the varieties of which are sometimes an inch in diameter. It is not only a mammoth berry, but also an enormous cropper, people coming from all the country around to see the crop, which completely covered the ground, and was the cranberry show of the region. The engraving illustrates the comparative size of Johnson's Mammoth and the common variety. Price, per 1000, postpaid, $5.50; per express, $5.00; per 100, postpaid, 70 cents.

**Cape Cod or Bell.** The common sort. Price, per 1000, postpaid, $3.50; per express, $3.00; per 100, postpaid, 70 cents.

Directions for cultivation sent with each lot. No plants sent C.O.D. Prices in quantity given on application. Plants will be sent in May.
Plant vines four by seven and treat as with raspberries.

**BLACKBERRIES.**

**Eldorado.** Very hardy, remarkably productive, and superb in quality. Mr. H. E. Van Deman, National Pomologist, says: "Never have I tasted any blackberry equal to the Eldorado." Several of the experimental stations speak enthusiastically of its **hardiness, quality and productiveness.** The Ohio experimental station ranks it as hardy as the Snyder, but with a larger berry and of better quality. It is not only extra sweet, but is entirely free from the hard core common to most varieties. It keeps exceptionally well. Certainly a blackberry of great promise. Price, postpaid, one, 14 cents; per dozen, 65 cents; per dozen, express, 50 cents; per 100, $3.50.

**Kittatinny.** Very large, exceedingly productive, tender at the North. Price, postpaid, one, 14 cents; per dozen, 65 cents; per dozen, express, 50 cents; per 100, $3.50.

**Snyder.** The hardiest, enormously productive. One of the best for market. Price, postpaid, one, 14 cents; per dozen, 65 cents; per dozen, express, 50 cents; per 100, $3.50.

**Agawam.** Very early. Fruit of fair size; jet black, sweet and melting to the core. It is extremely hardy and healthy, and very productive. Price, postpaid, one, 14 cents; per dozen, 65 cents; per dozen, express, 50 cents; per 100, $3.50.

**Taylor.** Berries of fine flavor, larger than Snyder. Canes of vigorous growth, with clad hardness and wonderfully prolific. Ripens late. A fine companion for Snyder in cold sections. Price, postpaid, one, 15 cents; per dozen, 65 cents; per dozen, express, 50 cents; per 100, $3.50.

**Lucretia Dewberry.** This is decidedly the best of all the dewberries, or low-running blackberries. The plant is entirely hardy everywhere, a healthy, strong grower, and exceedingly productive. Price, postpaid, one, 12 cents; per mail, one, 75 cents; per dozen, 60 cents; per 100, 60 cents.

**RATHBUN BLACKBERRY.**

Our Massachusetts Experimental Station, for whose carefully formed opinions we always had great respect, says of the Rathbun, which was fruited there last season, that it shows decided merits, but it desires to make further tests. Prof. Bailey, of Cornell Agricultural College: "It is midway between a blackberry and dewberry (low-vine blackberry) in both habit and earliness. The berries are exceedingly large, glossy, jet black, and of good quality." Price, postpaid, one, 15 cents; per dozen, 75 cents; per dozen, express, 60 cents; per 100, $1.00.

**CAMPBELL’S EARLY GRAPE.**

The King of American Grapes.

This is confidently believed to be a grape in all respects better adapted to general use in all sections suited to our native varieties, than any other which has yet been grown and tested. Vine very strong, vigorous, hardy, with thick, bony, mildew-resisting foliage, always setting its fruit well, and bearing abundantly. Berries often an inch or more in diameter; black; skin thin, but very tenacious, bearing handling and shipping admirably. Flavor, rich, sweet, slightly vinous; with no pithiness, toughness, or unpleasantness, and is often picked from the skin to the centre. Ripens earlier than the Concord. Has hung upon the vines, in the tall of 1895, sound and perfect for ten weeks or more after ripening. As a keeper and shippable, it is believed to be unequalled by any other American grape.

We give a few testimonials from among over 600 received by its propagators from persons residing in Thirty-Nine States and the Canadas, many of them very prominent horticulturists.

**Room 37, Capitol, Albany, N.Y., Sept. 28, 1897.**

I believe it the greatest success thus far achieved in hardy grapes, and I feel it will be appreciated by the "Great American People," and on account of its keeping qualities find a market for exportation.


**Mass. Agricultural College, Amherst, Mass., Oct. 14, 1897.**

Judging from this sample of fruit, and the growth of the young vines we ventured of last year, I am led to think that the Campbell's Early is the most promising variety of recent introduction.

S. T. MAYNARD, Professor of Horticulture.

**Parksville, Va., Nov. 3, 1897.**

The vine of Campbell's Early Grape which you sent me last spring has grown vigorously. I believe this grape is destined to be the leading early black variety, both for home and market use.

H. E. VAN DEMAN, Formerly Pomologist U.S. Dept. of Agriculture.

**South Glastonbury, Conn., Nov. 1, 1897.**

Campbell's Early is certainly a surprise party. It is a superb shipper, and so much better than any of the early grapes, it ought to prove very valuable for the family vineyard and for market. The vine I planted last spring, with thirty other varieties, made the finest growth of any in the plot, more vigorous than Moore's Early, Concord, Woden, or Niagara.

**AWARDS.**—Wilder Medal, American Pomological Society, 1897. Medal of excellence, American Institute, 1897. And First Premium from many Agricultural and Horticultural Societies.

The vines we advertise are not weak, hothouse plants, but strong, outdoor growers. We have raised this grand grape on our own grounds, and can heartily endorse all that has been said about its earliness, hardiness, vigor, productiveness, the size and rich quality of the fruit. Prices, one, one year, postpaid, 35 cents; ten for $1.00; ten, per express, for $2.25. Two years, one, 1 postpaid, 50 cents; ten for $4.50; ten, per express, for $5.00.
We cannot fill orders for these in the fall.

Standards. From five to seven feet in height. Prices per dozen or per 100 upon application.

**FRUIT TREES.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Season</th>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Summer</td>
<td>Red Astrachan</td>
<td>Large, roundish, deep crimson, juicy, rather acid. Ripens in August....</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Golden Sweet</td>
<td>Large, yellow, rich, sweet. August and September...</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sweet Bough</td>
<td>Large, pale yellow, tender, juicy and sweet. August...</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yellow Transparent</td>
<td>Russian, yellow, tender, and juicy. August...</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Fanense, or Snow</td>
<td>Deep crimson, delicious. November to January...</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gravenstein</td>
<td>Very large, striped, juicy. September and October...</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maiden’s Best</td>
<td>Large, yellow and red. September and October...</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oldenburg Russian</td>
<td>Large, striped, juicy; very hardy. September...</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>Baldwin</td>
<td>Bright red; the market sort at the East. December to March...</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hubbardston Nonesuch</td>
<td>Stripped red and yellow. November to January...</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Northern Spy</td>
<td>Stripped red; a fine dessert fruit. December to June...</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>King of Tompkins</td>
<td>Red striped and juicy. November to January...</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rhode Island Greening</td>
<td>Green, rather acid. December fill April...</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CRAB APPLES.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hyslop’s</td>
<td>Large, deep crimson, ripening September...</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Siberian</td>
<td>Small, yellow and scarlet. September...</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transcendent</td>
<td>Medium, red and yellow. September...</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Van Wyck</td>
<td>Large, bright red, firm, sweet. September...</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whitney</td>
<td>Large, green. August and September...</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Siberian</td>
<td>Large, golden yellow. September...</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**BOURGEAT QUINCE.**

This fine new quince cooks like apples without the hardness of other sorts. They have sold thus far in the markets at double the price of other sorts, season on from November.

F. E. Young, Esq., writes: — "The Bourgeat Quince is of the largest size, golden color, smooth and best in quality. The fruits are the strongest growers and have no leaf blight. They are immense bearers and late keepers." Prices, per express, 3 to 6 feet high, 60 cents.

**GRAPE.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hesperus</td>
<td>Large, deep crimson, ripening September...</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Siberian</td>
<td>Small, yellow and scarlet. September...</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transcendent</td>
<td>Medium, red and yellow. September...</td>
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<td>Large, bright red, firm, sweet. September...</td>
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<td>Yellow Siberian</td>
<td>Large, golden yellow. September...</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**MOORE’S DIAMOND.** (New.) In vigor of growth, texture, foliage, and hardness of vine, it partakes of the nature of its parent, Concord. The fruit is sweet and delicious, is equal to many of the best sorts, and ripens two or three weeks earlier than Concord. The color is a delicate greenish white, with a rich yellow tinge when fully ripe; very few seeds, juicy and almost entirely free from pulp. One of the best of recent introductions; is doing well in all sections, and proving a profitable market variety. Price, postpaid, one, 15 cents; per dozen, 80 cents, express, 75 cents.

**EMPIRE STATE.** Very hardy, white, tender, juicy and rich. Price, postpaid, one, 15 cents; per dozen, 80 cents; per dozen, express, 75 cents.

**NIAGARA.** White, ripens with Concord, good bearer. Price, postpaid, one, 15 cents; per dozen, 85 cents; per dozen, express, 60 cents.

**THE SALEM.** The No. 53 of Mr. Rogers' famous seedlings. This, by many, is ranked as the best of Mr. Rogers' grapes. The vine is a strong grower; very productive, producing large bunches of red grapes of large size; very sweet, and with the rich flavor of its foreign parent. Price, postpaid, one, 15 cents; per dozen, 85 cents; per dozen, express, 60 cents.

**GREEN MOUNTAIN (OR WINCHELL).** An early white grape, ripening with Moore's Early. Clusters of medium size, often shouldered; berries large, firm; skin thin; and quality fine, pulp being tender and sweet, quite free from foxiness. It is especially well adapted to northern localities. Price, postpaid, one, 25 cents; per dozen, $2.25; per dozen, express, $2.25.

**MOORE'S EARLY, CONCORD, DELAWARE, BRIGHTON.** Standard sorts. Price, postpaid, one, 15 cents; per dozen, 85 cents; per dozen, express, 60 cents.

**THE McPIKE GRAPE.** (New.)

Another new grape which has caused quite a stir in the horticultural world in its strong combination of that trio of requisites which all experts are eagerly seeking in their model grape, viz.: quality, hardness and earliness. It is earlier than the old, stand-by, the Concord, fully as hardy and vigorous, while it far surpasses it in quality, both in sweetness, tenderness of pulp, and richness of flavor. The berries are three inches in circumference. Excellent either for the table or the market. Price, postpaid, one, 40 cents; per dozen, $1.25; per dozen, express, 80 cents.

**GOOSEBERIES.**

Plant three by four feet, in deep, rich soil, in as cool a location as possible. Protect from currant worms by the use of hellebore, as directed for currants.

**The Josselvin or Red Jacket Gooseberry.** (New.) Says Josselvin: "This berry is as large as the largest; very prolific and hardy; quality and foliage the best. For seven years no mildew has ever appeared on the Red Jacket." On our grounds it is but little larger than the Downing. Color red. Price, postpaid, one, 15 cents; per dozen, 90 cents; per dozen, express, $1.30.

**Smith’s Improved.** A large pale yellow variety, of excellent quality; exceedingly prolific, and of vigorous growth. Price, postpaid, one, 12 cents; per dozen, 75 cents; per dozen, express, 55 cents; per dozen, express, 35 cents.

**Downing’s Seedling.** Best of the hardy, pale green varieties; not subject to mildew. Price, postpaid, one, 12 cents; per dozen, 75 cents; per dozen, express, 55 cents; per dozen, express, 35 cents.

**Houghton’s Seedling.** Red in color; very productive. Not subject to mildew. Price, postpaid, one, 12 cents; per dozen, 75 cents; per dozen, express, 55 cents; per dozen, express, 35 cents.
Clematis Paniculata.

Two years old.

We think that this fine vine is worthy of a more extended notice and have brought it to the front again, nicely illustrated. It is of a very rapid growth with bright green foliage bearing in September multitudes of very handsome white, star-shaped flowers which hide the leaves, making an intensely white spot on the landscape. We have had one for several years in our garden, trained up on a single post with hills nailed across it, and every year it grows to resemble a mammoth bee-hive. When it attains full bloom it is a beautiful sight and it has arrived to the dignity of having its picture taken for publication in two of the largest papers in the country. As Young America now says, "It's a corker!" Price, postpaid, 25 cents each; five for $1.00.

Clematis Jackmanii. Two years old. Flowers large, intense velvety purple, four to six inches in diameter. The dazzling effect of this elegant vine when in blossom cannot be described. Price, 60 cents each.

Clematis Henryi. Two years old. Strong, vigorous grower, with large, creamy-white flowers. Each, 50 cents.

Also one year old roots of Duchess of Edinburgh, Mine Baron Veilard, Ramona, Jackmanii and Paniculata, all fine varieties. Your selection of one, 15 cents; three, 35 cents; the whole six, 65 cents.

**Implemented.**

**Michigan Seed Drills.**

Also known in the West as the Bacon Seed Drill.

Will our customers please note that in case a drill only is wanted, they should order the Michigan Seed Drill (Improved). But if they want both drill and cultivator combined they should order the combined Michigan Seed Drill and Hand cultivator. (See engraving.)

In the course of a long farming experience, we have some knowledge about seed drill made in the United States. All had their good qualities, and all had their defects. The great defect of the one we have used longest has been that it tended to bunch the seed, that is, leave blanks here and there. Having tried several other patents without getting what we wanted, four years ago we found a new one on the market, which originated in the West, named the "Michigan." Having adopted it on our own farm as markedly superior to all others, we heartily recommend it to our customers. Some of its excellent characteristics: 1. The feed is not a modification of any of those already in use, but is an entirely new device, and while sowing onion, cabbage, turnip, and that class of seeds equal to the best drills on the market, it will also sow parsley, carrot, salad beet, mangel wurzel, priory spinach, and other seeds of that class equally well, getting an even row with light seeding, thus making a saving of seeds, and labor in thinning. 2. It is simple in construction and operation, with no complicated adjustments to get out of order. 3. All the adjustments are made by thumb-screws, thus obviating the necessity of carrying wrenches or tools. 4. It has two wheels, the second one for use when it is desired by obtaining extras (see below) to have a machine like No. 7. 5. Without stopping, one movement of the hand will raise or lower both markers, lower one marker and raise the other, or reverse them as desired. 6. The seeds in sowing are in full view, and if there is any failure to drop, from the clogging of the opening or any other reason, it will instantly be detected. 7. It is easily thrown out of gear for moving from one place to another. 8. That the "Michigan Seed Drill" has no superior, if any equal, has been demonstrated by numerous trials in competition with the best drills made.

We also offer the Combined Michigan Seed Drill and Hand Cultivator, having in addition to the Drill, five teeth, two hoes and two plows, for use in cultivating. These have been improved since last season in having two front wheels instead of one. These can be used, the two together as one, allowing work to be done between two rows of plants or the rows alone, so that both sides of a row can be worked. The engraving shows the drill detached from the frame, and the five teeth substituted ready for use; also the machine as a two-wheel cultivator. As a combined drill and cultivator, this has none of the objectionable features of the old classification—the parts requiring no modification to combine them. The drill part is detached from the cultivator by the removal of but two nuts.

The Michigan feed, by a very simple combination, not only gives holes or passages suitable to the various seeds, but also the property of varying the passages in a manner not found in any other drill.

Charles R. Lepper, Akin, N. Y., writes: "Your new Michigan Seed Drill worked splendidly with cabbage and beet seeds." David E. Low, Essex, Mass., writes: "The Michigan Seed Drill that I bought of you is first-class in every respect. It runs easily and sows the seed evenly." W. E. Wilson, Gibson, N. H., writes: "The Michigan Seed Drill sent me from you last spring was a great success."

A circular of spare parts with prices will be enclosed in every drill. Prices, per extra for plow, hoe or plow, at purchaser's expense for charges. Michigan Seed Drill (Improved)..................$0.25 Combined Michigan Seed Drill and Hand Cultivator..................$0.60

**Trowel Shank Grass Shears.**

The Trowel Shank Grass Shears are of American make. Both blade and bow are of tempered steel. It has stood the test of years, and is highly recommended as the easiest cutting grass shears made.

These shears are made of tempered steel. The blades are 5 1/2 inches long, and the handle parts are made to fit the hand so that it is one of the easiest to use.

Price, per pair, postpaid, 60 cents; per express, 45 cents.

At mail rates, as given, we pay postage on all seeds. —J.G.
Nonesuch Sifter. (New.)
For Applying Powdered Insecticide, Lime, Plaster, etc.

The best sifter made. Made on the only correct principle that insures a uniform distribution of any dry fine powder, with very little work and will not clog. The perforations in each of the two bottoms of this sifter are so evenly balanced that the upper one never allows so much material to go to the bottom as to clog it, making the work easy and reliable. By its use one-third of the usual quantity of powder will be saved. Most people prefer to use dry material against insects, and on every farm are some crops that must be treated dry, like cabbage for cabbage worms, vine crops for the striped bugs which cannot be poisoned with Paris Green, and this little sifter will do the work to perfection. Price, per express, 40 cents each.

Unique Wheel Hoe.
Among beets, onions, carrots and all closely planted crops, this hoe does excellent work. Among its good points are its easy regulation to any height or pitch desired by means of thumb nuts; the doing away of any wobbling motion of the wheel, by means of a set screw. Form No. 3 is used at all stages of plant growth, having the advantage over the double-wheeled hoe, which cannot be used when the plants are large. Form No. 1 is fine for cutting over walks and driveways. Writes Mr. T. T. Wolff: "I have found it the best of hoes on the market for onions, carrots and beets, better than Planet, Jr., when the crops have attained considerable size." Says Daniel S. Peck: "I have used your hoe on my farm during the past season, and find it gives perfect satisfaction." Price, per express, at purchaser's expense, No. 1, $2.50; No. 3, $2.00.

Daisy Scuffle Hoe.
This scuffle hoe is made of the best quality of very light, narrow steel, for hoeing and thinning celery, lettuce and all similar crops. The handle is about four feet and a half long and the blade, being sharp on both edges can be used to good advantage among all running vines and also in the vineyard without injuring the stocks or breaking the leaves, while the soil is kept smooth instead of in ridges, as by ordinary methods. For ladies' use in the flower garden and in all places where a light, useful tool is wanted, this is far ahead of any yet placed on the market. Price, per express, at purchaser's expense, 6 inch blade, 40 cents; 8 inch blade, 50 cents.

Red Star Weeder. (New.)
After your onions, carrots, beets, etc., have been sowed a few days, usually about six days, run the Red Star Weeder lightly over the piece longways and crossways of the rows and you will be surprised to see the millions of weed sprouts you will kill. Do this two or three times before the rows show very plainly and after the plants do show in rows continue to use the Weeder longways of the row till the crops have attained a height of from three to five inches or even more. You can save hundreds of dollars by following these directions. This weeder has steel teeth and weighs less than fifteen pounds, so that a boy can use it all day without fatigue. Price, per express, at purchaser's expense, $1.00.

Stahl's Brass Excelsior Sprayer, No. 19.
For a good cheap outfit this is among the best on the market, both as regards the material used in the construction, as well as the price at which it is sold. The cylinder, and in fact all the working parts, of the brass, being thus constructed of material that will resist the action of fungicides. The nozzle for which this outfit can be regulated to throw any desired spray as wanted. This pump will throw a solid stream 5 feet, and is without doubt the best cheap spraying outfit on the market. It is also very convenient for spraying flowers, roses, etc. This is a standard first-class machine. Price per express at purchaser's expense, $4.50.

New Era Sprayer.
Thousands of these machines are now used all over the United States, and are giving great satisfaction. Highly recommended as an insect exterminator for killing plant lice, beetles, aphids, greenfly, mealy bugs, etc., such as attack cabbage, squashes, melons, cucumbers, and small fruits of all kinds. Capital, 100, for keeping flies from cattle and horses. The following formula is perfectly harmless to man or beast, but very obnoxious to insects: Fish oil, 2 quarts; crude carbolic acid, 1 pint; oil penroyal, 1 ounce; oil of turpentine, 8 ounces. Always see that the leather plunger is well oiled; occasionally take out and clean. Always clean and dry the reservoir before putting away. We can supply these in three sizes: Brass, $1.00; tin, 75 cents; per express, at purchaser's expense.

New National Broadcast Seed Sower.
(For Grasses and Grains.)
Says the introducer: "This combines the good features of every other broadcast sower. It is simple, strong, durable and accurate. No farmer can afford to sow his seeds by hand (the old way) when he can get one of the New National at our price. By the superior construction of the hopper and attachment of the sack it sows out clean." Price, per express at purchaser's expense, $8.50. Full directions sent with each sower.
IMPLEMENTS.—Continued.

See also

Clough's Adjustable Sieve.

"Universal" sieve would have been a better name, for we find that it will do the work for which we before required twenty or more different sieves. Capital for cleaning all sorts of seed, beans, peas, grain, etc. The black spot near the middle represents a screw, by the turning of which the crossbars can be brought nearer together, thus altering the distance between these bars, and practically making it a different sieve with every attention. Price, per express or freight at purchaser's expense, $2.00.

Lightning Bag and Sack Holder.

This is not only a bag holder, but a sack holder as well. It is self-adjusting. (See dotted lines for size extended.) The upper part is well adapted to hold in one hand while bran or grain is scooped in with the other hand. In this way it is very convenient for millers and others. Also is perfection for holding the mouth of bag open as you want to fill in the bin by drawing the grain in with your hands. The bag is attached and detached as quick as lightning. Hence the name. Don't think, because it's cheap, it is not good. If you don't consider it as good as any bag holder you ever saw, and far more convenient, send it right back and get your money. After you get one you will want another or several. You will find several around the farm as convenient and desirable as several pockets in your everyday suit of clothes. Price, postpaid, 40 cents per express, at purchaser's expense, 25 cents.

McGee Garden Hoe Cultivator.

With but one other exception, this is the only hand cultivator out of the score before the public in which the two hoes are always under the control of the operator. It is of the straddler class; that is, the hoes go each side of the row. Other straddle hoes are adjustable by screws, and when once set are immovable, to be made to go farther from or nearer the plants only by resetting. In the McGee there is no crossbar connecting the handles, and the result is that the hoes, which are attached to them, are every moment completely under the control of the operator, to knock away a stone, remove a weed, or even thin the growing crop. With the capacity to run close to the growing crop, a large proportion of hand-weeding is saved, that most costly item in the raising of onions, beets, carrots, and all bed crops. The McGee is considered invaluable by some of the largest market gardeners in the vicinity of Boston and we have several of them in use on our own farm with great satisfaction, where the land is about level and fairly free from surface stones. The engraving shows its appliances for cultivator use. Price, per express or freight, at purchaser's expense, $5.50.

Toledo Pruning Shears.

These shears are, as in quality, over 500 pairs of them having been used in the vineyards of Toledo, Ohio, last spring. But they are looked down upon by many because they are low-priced. When they were $3.00 per pair they were excellent, but when they are 75 cents they are a "poor thing." The fact is that no mechanic could improve their quality if he paid $10.00 per pair for them. Price, per express, 75 cents; per mail, postpaid, 60 cents. Extra blades, 25 cents; extra springs, 10 cents. For higher-cost shears we would recommend the Henry. (See Late.) Price, per express, at purchaser's expense, $1.25; per mail, $1.40.

Forged Steel Garden Trowel.

The blade and Shank of these are made from one piece of steel, and are exceptionally strong and stout. Price, per express, at purchaser's expense, 42 cents; per mail, 50 cents.

Steel Garden Trowel.

These are made of fine cold-rolled steel, with malleable iron shank, firmly riveted. An excellent article of their kind. Price, per express, at purchaser's expense, 75 cents; per mail, 75 cents.

Tyrian Plant Sprinkler. (New.)

These are very handy for house-plants, as you can water them very quickly without injuring them, and cleanse their leaves without soiling anything near by. It's a close imitation of nature's own way of watering—just like rain. The neck, as will be seen by the illustration, is bent, so as to enable one to cleanse the under side of the leaves. Price, per mail, postpaid, 70 cents; per express, 60 cents.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

Lucy F. Baldwin, Pawling, N.Y., writes: "You do not praise the Giant Perpetual Swiss Chard half enough. From a package of seeds we grew enough to satisfy a family of six, who were fond of the variety, all the season."

Fred F. Rockwell, 79, Woodstock, Conn., writes: "A customer of yours from whom I got your address for catalogue, incidentally, said of you, 'They have always treated me right.'

H. H. Smith, Chester, Mass., writes: "Your Carter's Elephant Swedes are very fine in quality."

A. A. Rice, Sierra Nevada, Cal., writes: "I desire to say that your Delaware Potatoes are wonders. Here in California it crops very heavily, and we grow two full crops of them every year."

Lorenzo G. Custin, Akron, Ohio, writes: "From 500 plants of Earliana from your seeds, I sold 200 half-bushel baskets for $1.75 each."
The "Gem of the Garden."

Single Wheel Hoe and Cultivator.

No greater proof can be given of the popularity of a tool, or of its intrinsic worth, than the one simple fact of a continued demand for it. Say the manufacturers: "During the past few years, we have placed about fifteen thousand of the Gem Wheel Hoe in the hands of gardeners, and we are not aware of a single instance in which it has failed to give entire satisfaction to the user."

It is not a toy; neither is it a tool made of light gray castings, calling for constant repair, the "Gem" being largely made up of steel and malleable iron. The set of slender stirring teeth, each stamped from one piece of steel, cannot be excelled for thorough work, especially in hard soil.

The "Gem" is nicely finished, and when set up makes a handsome implement.

Our old customer, Mr. W. Holmes, of Davenport, Ia., writes as follows: "For about twenty years I have used, as they were introduced, five or more of the improved cultivators, not one of which failed to pay; but I have found none which, for thoroughness of work, adaptation to many crops, and ease of handling, and shifting to any desired width or depth, equals the "Gem" you sold me the past season. For onion or strawberry culture it leaves but little to be desired."

Price, per express or freight at purchaser's expense ....... $5.00

Insect Powder Distributor.

This is an improvement on the Cyclone, in that two wheels can be attended to at the same time, and it can be elevated so as to be used on vines and shrubbery, while the feed, being through offsets, prevents its clogging.

This machine effectively applies Paris Green, London Purple, Hellebore, or Bordeaux Dry Mixture directly to the vines, It does entirely away with the necessity of using water, plaster, or any other bulky and laborious material, simply from one to one and a half pounds of Paris Green to the acre blown on the vines by this fine distributor completes the whole business. In an hour an acre can be readily gone over, and the vines are never injured in the least; whereas when water is used, some of the arsenic is dissolved and burns the vines. No more backbreaking lugging of water.

W. F. Anders, East Hartford, Conn., writes: "Your Distributor simply reduces the cost of exterminating potato bugs to the minimum. It is simple in construction, and not likely to get out of repair."

Price, per express or freight, at purchaser's expense, $4.00.

The Rochester Self Operating Sprayer.

This is an improvement over most portable sprayers in that it works automatically and compressed air, and it can be carried along by the operator; it reduces the operation of spraying to a pastime.

Directions. The sprayer is filled not more than two-thirds full by unscrewing and removing the brass Air Pump; then put back into position and the machine charged with compressed air by working the air pump. The sprayer enters the sprayer through the valve (V), at bottom of pump, thoroughly agitating and mixing contents of Sprayer.

The machine is now ready for use; all the operator need do is to open the stop cock (Y) and hold the nozzle to direct the spray. The compressed air, being powerful and elastic, forces the liquid out through the outlet pipe (D), making either a fine spray or a solid, continuous stream as desired. By slipping the steel ring over handle of air pump, operator can carry the machine from place to place. This size machine holds from 3 to 4 gallons, weighs 8 pounds. The body is made of Galvanized Iron or Copper as desired. Air pump is made of brass, the valve (V) preventing liquid from entering pump or coming in contact with the plunger.

Price, per express, at purchaser's expense: Made of copper, $8.50

These as well as all sprayers need to be thoroughly cleaned immediately after using.

SUNDARY AGRICULTURAL REQUISITES.

Raffia. For tying up vegetables in bunches. Per lb. postpaid, 25 cents; per 1-4 lb., 10 cents.

Grasfing Wax. A standard article. Per lb., postpaid, 55 cents; per 1-4 lb., 15 cents.

INSECTICIDES. Write for Prices in Quantity.

Bug Death. Better than Paris Green, for, it kills the potato bug but does not burn or blight. Keeps the vines green and thrifty. Very popular; 5 lb. package, per express, 50 cents; 12 to 2 lb. packages, $1.00; lb., mailed, 30 cents; lb., express, 15 cents.

Powdered Hellebore. Good against the currant worm; ....... $ .40

Persian Insect Powder. Good against flies and cockroaches; first-class Insecticide ....... $ .50

Hammond's Slug Shot. Good against slugs on vegetables; ....... $ .25

Powdered Tobacco. Good against insects ....... $ .25

Whale Oil Soap. For a tree wash against insects ....... $ .25

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Vegetable Novelties, Fruits and Vegetables, pages 9 to 37.

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**Superior Knives.**

"The English Gardener" represents the exact size. By mail, postpaid, 50 cents.

**General Purpose Knife.** Blades of razor-steel. I have carried one for years and like it hugely. Cut in centre represents exact size. By mail, postpaid, 30 cents.

**Budding Knife.** Cocoa handle, razor-steel blade. Cut on the left represents exact size. By mail, postpaid, 35 cents.

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**Two-Bladed Boys' Knife.**

This makes a nice present for our boys. This is of razor-steel and therefore much superior to the common 25-cent knives in the market. Postpaid to any address on receipt of 35 cents.

**Two-Bladed Ladies' Knives.**

This is one of the prettiest and most popular of knives. It has an elegant pearl handle, and the blades are of the best quality of steel. By mail, postpaid, 35 cents.

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**Vest Pocket Knife.**

As the above engraving shows, this is one of the handiest knives for the vest pocket. Being small in size and with rounded ends, it can be both taken from and slipped back into the pocket very quickly. It has a blade on each side of the handle, which makes it always available. Like all our other knives, it comes ground, all ready for use. Price, per mail, postpaid, 45 cents.

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**CORN KNIFE.**

When your feet ache so that you want to do something desperate you will wish you had this knife to trim your corns. The blade has a special curve for this work and is tempered very hard so as to hold a keen edge, and it can be sharpened on any razor sharpener. 

**Lang's Hand Weeder.**

This we find to be by actual trial a first-class labor-saver; it will save you half a day. The special advantage of this over all other weeder of this class is that it has a band which passes over the fingers, which, when the tool is not in use, gives full use to the hand for pulling weeds and thinning out plants without laying down the tool. It is neatly and strongly made. Price, per express, 25 cents; by mail, postpaid, 30 cents.

**Fuller's Danvers Weeder.**

This is a very strongly built tool; and has the advantage over other hand weeder, which are excellent in their several spheres, that, having a stouter handle, it can be more strongly grasped; and the cutting edge being broader, and the implement in every way stouter made, it can do better work in the thinning and weeding of many crops, especially in hard ground. Used edgeways, it will fairly cultivate the land between closely set crops in hotbeds or otherwise. Writes Mr. H. H. Jacobs: "For thinning cabbage, it beats everything;" says Mr. F. L. Newhall: "It gives me greater satisfaction than any other tool of the kind I have ever tried." Says Mr. C. F. Shillaber: "First-rate for onions and carrots; would not part with mine for five dollars." Price, postpaid, 42 cents; per express, 30 cents.

**Combination Tool.**

This tool, in addition to the appliances for cutting and setting glass, has also attached to it a steel for sharpening knives and scissors, also a coarse screw will be mailed postpaid for 15 cents.

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**Grafting or Paring Knife.**

Say the manufacturer: "This knife was made from a pattern given us by an old nurseryman, and we have never yet met a man who did not commend them after trying them. This is also in very general use as a paring knife and in steady demand for all round use in the kitchen." We regret that want of space prevents showing our customers a picture of this useful knife. Price, per mail, postpaid, 25 cents.

**Hazeltine's Hand Weeder.**

(One sixth full size.)

This is not only a good weeder and wrapper, but with its prongs becomes a good implement for the thinning out, where plants are too thick, and for lightening the soil. The blade is solid steel, oil tempered, 7 1/8-inch wide, 1 1/8-inch thick, and it sharp on all its edges. Capital for weeding, thinning, and stirring the soil among onions, carrots, strawberries, etc. Price, per express, 25 cents; mail, postpaid, 30 cents.

**Excelsior Weeder.**

A handy and efficient tool in the flower and vegetable garden, To be used when weeds are small. By express, 25 cents; mail, 30 cents.

**Glass Cutting and Glazing Tool.**

Some of our workmen who use this implement find it cuts glass as readily as a glazier's diamond, and for all the purposes of cutting and setting glass is just about equally as valuable, though it costs not one twentieth as much. One we have had in use for several years is now as good as ever. Sent postpaid for 12 cents.